An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأردنية والراي،

India. Pakistan open talks

ISLAMABAD (R) -- India and Pakistan Wednesday finished their first day of talks intended to cool tensions caused by a revolt to the Indian sector of disputed Kashmir, officials said in Islamabad. Neither side had immediate official comment on the confidence-building talks, which were called amid fears that the two countries might fight their third war over the Himalayan region. "We have no information at present," said one official at Pakistan's Foreign Ministry. The Indian government Wednesday imposed direct federal rule to Kashmir. The decision to impose federal rule, thou was the president's rule, reflected the belief that Jammu-Kashmir, state was too unstable to be run by an elected local government. The state has been administred by a governor, a federal representative, for the past half year. By law, the state must hold an election or be placed under president's rule after six months. At least 792 people have been killed in Kashmir since Jan. 20 when the government launched a crackdown on the separatist

Volume 15 Number 4443

AMMAN THURSDAY-FRIDAY, JULY 19-20, 1990, DHUL HIJJEH 27-28, 1410

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

EC gives \$7.56m to Palestinians

BRUSSELS (AP) - The European Community (EC) Wednesday gave aid of more than \$7 million to Palestinians in the Israeli-occupied territories, the EC's Executive Commission said. The commission said the EC would contribute six million European currency units (\$7.56 million) to six projects aimed at generating employment, improving health and education, and rehabilitating local Palestinian institutions in the occupied Gaza Strip and West Bank.

Assad, Hoss discuss Taif plan

DAMASCUS (R) - Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and Lebanese Prime Minister Salim Al Hoss met Wednesday to discuss implementing an Arabbrokered peace plan in Lebanon, officials said. The two leaders were also expected to discuss the Lebanese government's plans to extend its authority into the east Beirut enclave controlled by rightist forces.

V.P. Singh to visit Moscow

NEW DELHI (R) — India's Prime Minister Vishwanath Pratap Singh will pay a four-day visit to the Soviet Union from July 23, his first to a major foreign capital since he came to power last De-cember, an official spokesman said Wednesday. Singh, who is also defence minister, will be accompanied by his ministers of finance, commerce and external affairs as well as senior officials, the spokesman said.

Renowned U.S. psychiatrist dies

TOPEKA, Kansas (AP) - Dr. Karl A. Menninger, the worldrenowned psychiatrist wbo helped established one of the nation's leading institutes, died Wednesday of cancer, four days before his 97th birthday, Menniner was once hailed by the American Psychiatric Association as the nation's "greatest living sychiatrist." A forceful, outspoken maverick, he jolted poputar thought with his theories on crime, prisons and child abuse.

7 more Soviet deputies gult party

MOSCOW (AP) - Seven members of the Soviet parliament formally announced Wednesday that they are quitting the Comun-ist Party, following the lead set in the past week by several other politicians. The latest defectors from the ruling party were peo-ple's deputies Sergei Stankevich, one of the leaders of the Democratic Platform of the party; Vladimir Tikhonov, leader of the cooperative small business moveuient; environmentalist Alexei Yablokov; journalist Valentin Logunov; scientist Yuri Ryzhov; economist Alexei Yemelyanov, and factory manager Mikhail

Siad Barre meets freed dissidents

NAIROBI (R) - Somali President Mohammad Siad Barre has told 45 freed dissidents that political pluralism is on the way and has urged them to work with his government. The Somali embassy said Wednesday that Siad Barre met the dissidents in Mogadishu Tuesday. He told them a decision by the Somali national security court Sunday clearing them of distributing a manifesto calling for a new government was made independently by the court.

Moscow, Hungary accept NATO offer

BRUSSELS (AP) - In a sharp break with the past, the Soviet Union and Hungary have accepted NATO's offer to establish diplomatic ties with the Western military alliance, officials said Wednesday. The decisions, the first by Warsaw Pact nations, came less than two weeks after U.S. President George Bush and other NATO leaders extended "the hand of friendship" to their former adversaries in Eastern Europe. Hungarian Prime Minister Jozsef Antall announced his government's plans after paying a ity, they will hunt down the 'tervisit to the NATO headquarters. rorists.

Iraq accuses Kuwait. UAE of causing glut, depriving it of billions

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — Iraq Wednesday accused neighbouring Kuwait of violating its border and stealing oil worth \$2.4 bil-

The accusation by Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz marked a sharp escalation in Baghdad's campaign against fellow members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) who have been producing far above quotas decreed by the

Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) have been the main targets of the bard-bitting Iraqi campaign to curb produc-

"The attempts by the governments of Knwait and the United Arab Emirates to flood the oil market with extra crude is a premeditated and debberate plan to weaken Iraq and undermine its economy and security," Aziz de-

He said the OPEC quota violations were tantamount to "military aggression against Iraq."

a letter to Arab League the "\$102 billion of military supplies Secretary-General Chadli Klibi bought and used in the war by Iraq. and read over Baghdad Radio and television network.

President Saddam Hussein sharply criticised Kuwait and the UAE, Tuesday for violating the OPEC quotas and threatened retaliation, with force if necessary.

Aziz charged that Kuwait has set up military posts and drilled oil wells in Iraq's southern Rumaila field and has pumped oil worth \$2.4 billion since 1980.

Aziz declared that Baghdad now expects Kuwait to pay it that amount.

He said the Iraqis have compiled a record of alleged Kuwaiti encroachments along the 120-kilometre bor-

"We showed patience and pru-dence," Aziz said in the letter. "But things have developed to a level which we can no longer ignore," Aziz's letter to the Arab League chief called on the UAE and Kuwait to cancel war debts Iraq said had been provided in the form of interest-free credits from the beginning of the Gulf war until the middle of 1982.

He did not give a figure for the total credits given Iraq by Kuwait, the UAE and Saudi Arabia but said they Aziz's charge was contained in were a small amount compared with

"The bitter fact which every Arab should know is that the basic part of the aid is still registered as a credit to Iraq, including that granted by Kuwait and the UAE... and with a fraternal spirit we asked them more

than a year ago to write off this credit, but they evaded the issue," be said. Aziz said the aid should be considered part of an Arab marshall plan. the U.S. programme of extensive aid to Europe and the Soviet Union after Wnrld War II.

"Won't the national and regional security logic, taking the precedent of American initiative into consideration, suggest that these countries not only cancel the aid credit, but organise an Arab marshall plan to compensate Iraq for what it lost in the war?" the letter asked.

"Instead, we find that two governments of the Gulf states, whose wealth Iraq preserved by the blood of its sons... are now endeavouring to destroy Iraq's economy, decrease its revenues... and one of them, the Kuwaiti government, commits an aggression on the land and steals the wealth of those who protected

(Continued on page 5)

Kuwait, UAE renew OPEC pledge

Kuwait parliament rejects Iraqi attack, sends envoys to Arabs

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait's parlia- elected members were chosen in Minister and Foreign Minister ment Wednesday denounced an polls last month, debated rela-Iraqi message to the Arab League tions with Iraq behind closed in which Baghdad accused its doors. Gulf neighbour of aggression.

words and phrases contained in the memorandum," said a statement issued after a dad. seven-hour debate in parliament, appointed by the emir.

"It emphasises the need for consultations before hastily making accusations against Kuwait," said the statement, excerpts of which were obtained by Reuters.

Kuwait Wednesday also laun-"The National Assembly de- ched a major diplomatic offensive in the Arab World to defend itself against the charges from Bagh-

Kuwait and the UAE said after one-third of whose members are the Iraqi outburst they remained committed to output levels agreed in Jeddah last week when their oil ministers held emergency talks with their counterparts from Saudi Arabia, Iraq and Qatar. Leaving the house in the mid-

Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah told reporters he was flying to Saudi Arabia at the start of a tour of Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) states. He said he would deliver mes-

sages on the Iraqi charges from the emir, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah. Two other cabinet ministers were due to visit 12 Arab states with similar messages.

The statement from parliament, issued in full by the official Kuwait News Agency, said Iraq's message to the Arab League

(Continued on page 3)

The 75-seat house, whose 50 die of the debate, Deputy Prime Oil prices get a boost

Wednesday because of what was would help mop up the glut which seen as a threat by Iraq to punish Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) for breaking their Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC)

output quotas.
Iraq Wednesday published a letter which it sent to the Arab League accusing Kuwait and the UAE of undermining the market and prices.

It said it had been harmed by the weak prices caused by their excess oil production. The charge followed a threat of unspecified retaliation by Iraqi President Saddam Hussein on Tuesday.

Traders thought that, at the least, Iraq's Gulf neighbours they would not do that. Sources would bonour new promises close to Kuwait Petroleum Cor-

LONDON (R) — Oil prices rose their production quotas. That cargo and was discussing more has caused oil prices to fall by a third this year. The world benchmark crude.

North Sea brent blend for prompt shipment, was quoted some 30 cents higher than Tuesday at around \$17.70 per barrel. This was despite news of a big

rise of 4.7 million barrels in U.S. crude oil stocks, a sign the glut has not yet gone away.

which they were expected to sign up for the OPEC talks in Geneva next Thursday.

Oil officials of both states said which they have made to abide by poration said it bought an Iranian

spot oil purchases, needed for its European refineries because its own ontput was coming down.

"This was the main news," a Europe-based trader said. "It suggests Kuwait is doing what it promised to do."

Saudi Arabian-backed proposals for a stopgap OPEC accord, to be signed next week, would formally bind Kuwait and the UAE to quotas of 1.5 million Some traders were cautious in case the Iraqi charge led them to rescind promised ontput cuts at or a bit below 22.5 million.

If honoured, industry analysts say that such a deal would cut daily volume by a million barrels compared with the first half of 1990. It could in time move average prices back above OPEC's declared goal of \$18 a barrel.

Israel considers sanctions, 'civil guards' against intifada

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM
(Agencies) — Israeli Agriculture for Arens, told Reuters: "He is Minister Rafael Eitan, a hardline former chief of staff, has proposed cutting off supplies to farmers in the occupied territories as a blow against the intifada.

His spokesman Yoram Pomerantz told Reuters Wednesday that he expected Eitan to raise the proposal in Israel's new rightwing government.

Defence Minister Moshe Arens told Jewish West Bank settlers Wednesday he would consider setting up a force of pro-Israeli Arabs to help fight the Palestinian revolt.

Leading settler Elyakim Haetzni, a hardline parliament member, raised the idea and told reporters later: "We have thousands of them (Arabs) that if we give them the proper authorready to look into it."

Arens, defence minister in the rightist government formed five weeks ago, paid visits to the 5,000-strong Kiryat Arba Jewisb settlement and to Israeliappointed Palestinian leaders of the surrounding Hebron area.

Flanked by Israel's top generals in the occupied West Bank. Arens rode from occupied Jerusalem in a military caravan past wall after wall of Palestinian graffiti, much painted over by residents under orders from troops.

Haetzni said he had urged Arens to set up an Arab "civil guard" armed with automatic weapons in the West Bank. He likened the force to the South Lebanon Army (SLA) militia which patrols Israel's selfdeclared "security" zone in southern Lebanon.

Palestinians fear such a force - comprised of what they call collaborators — will aggravate rather than reduce tension. Eitan told the Israeli newspap-

er Maariv the farm sanctions were meant "to prevent strengthening the intifada." Under his proposal, Israel

would cut off sales to Palestinian farmers of seeds, fertiliser, livestock and other supplies worth some \$800 million a year, Maariv said Wednesday. "The aim is to prevent any

economic support for residents of the territories as long as this helps the intifada," Eitan told Maariv. "This is a struggle. I will do

everything within the law to stop all economic support for the residents of the territories which indirectly or directly contributes to strengthening the intifada," he

King in Jeddah after Sanaa talks

JEDDAH (Agencies) — His Majesty King Hussein arrived here Wednesday on the second leg of an Arab tour aimed at discussing the latest Arab developments and bilateral rela-

The King, who is accompa-nied by Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Royal Court Chief Sbarif Zeid Ben Sbaker and Political Advisor Adnan Abu Odeb, was received upon arrival by King Fahd and senior Saudi leaders

King Hussein and the delegation accompanying him were the guests of honour at a luncheon hosted by King Fahd, the Saudi Press Agency (SPA) reported. But no details of the two leadrs' talks were im-

King's talks with the leaders of In Sansa, Yemen, where he

mediately available. Reports indicated that the latest developments in the Arab-Israeli conflict and the Palestinian problem, the onging Soviet Jewish immigration to Israel and bilateral relations were the central theme of the

the three countries included in his current visit - Yemen, Saudi Arabia and Oman.

arrived Tuesday, the King and President Ali Abdullah Saleh held talks Toesday on these issues. The talks were attended by the delegation accompanying the King and senior Yemeni officials. It was the first visit by the King to the country after North and Sonth Yemen

of Yemen in May.

On Wednesday, President Saleh accompanied the King and the delegation on a tour of archaeological sites in the Yemeni capital.

Upon bis departure from Sanza, the King sent a cable to President Saleb thanking him for the hospitality accorded to him and the delegation and congratulated the Yemeni leaders for their unity and merger.

Dispute an OPEC affair, but could also be

an issue at Cairo summit, official says

Jordan is ready to mediate Iraq's row with Kuwait, UAE

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordan views the charges levelled by Iraq against Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) over oil production and prices as part of a process involving members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) and hopes that the Kingdom would be able to play a positive role in settling the issue if the need arises, according to a senior official.

"Jordan does not have an official position on the dispute," said the official. "Jordan enjoys very good relations with Iraq as well as other Arab states in the Gulf region, and believes that these unique relations will enable it to play a positive role in resolving the dispute," said the official at an informal briefing for reporters Wednesday. On the one hand, it could be a "quarrel within the OPEC since

both of them are members of the organisation while on the other hand it could also be tackled as an inter-Arab issue," he said. "We bope it is so," he added. The official pointed out that

Iraq had taken its case to the Arab League's general secretariat. The issue flared with a charge levelled on Tuesday by Iraqi President Saddam Hussein that nunamed countries in the Gulf had caused the glut in the oil market and caused the slide in prices. Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz, in a message sent to Arab League Secretary General Chadli Klibi, accused Kuwait of violating its borders and stealing oil worth \$2.5 billion. The message also accused the UAE of losing billions of dollars for Arab states by causing a glut in the oil market and pushing down

"The Iraqi message to the Arab League is a signal that (Baghdad) the Arab summit" scheduled to be held in Cairo in November, said the Jordanian official, speaking on condition of anonymity. "It means that the dispute could become an inter-Arab issue to be tackled at the suramit."

In any event, Jordan will try to use its good offices with all parties involved to resolve the problem the need arises, he said.

U.S. and peace efforts

The official said Jordan will continue its policy of dialogue with the United Sates with a view to keep Washington engaged in the Middle East peace process. He described present U.S.-Jordanian relations as characterised by "diplomatic exercises" in view of the strain brought about by the "American attitude towards the Palestinian problem and the Kingdom's commitment to the Palestinian cause."

American-Jordanian relations

(Continued on page 5) Lower House hears radical

By Abdullah Hassanat Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN - The Lower House of Parliament Wednesday beld the third and last session debating unemploy-

During the session deputies continued their criticism of the government for "failing" to solve the prob-lem and offered suggestions that ranged from expelling foreign work-ers to the holding of a national conference to discuss the issue. Islamist Deputy Mohammad Abu

Faris reiterated the Islamic bloc's slogan that Islam was the solution. He said that Jordan's problems were caused "by abandoning Islam and forcing on the people an alien system,

Abu Faris maintained that it was the responsibility of the government to provide work for every citizen, Muslim or non-Muslim. "The government must adopt sbort-term, medium-term and long-term plans that guarantee employment for the workforce," he said.

He said the government programme to tackle unemployment, read by Minister of Labour Qaseem Obeidat June 27, "did not offer any practical solutions to the problem."

Abu Faris attacked those whom he

termed "sought to discredit the people by attacking their representatives and deputies," apparently in a refercriticised the deputies for blaming the government for unemployment.

Deputy Ahmad Kafawein, also an Islamist, blamed unemployment for corruption and people's "alienation from the Sharia of God." He said that what was happening to Jordan was "God's revenge for the society's Kafawein presented a number of

suggestions to curb unemployment. These included cancelling highly paid contracts, reducing the number of highly-paid officials and bulstering the Social Security Corporation and the Vocational Training Corporation. Deputy Hamzeb Mansour said that in the absence of full information

makes it impossible to find a solution to unemployment. The Islamist depu-ty said that many Jordanian expatriates were willing to invest in Jordan but were not offered the right incen-Mansour said he agreed with

Obeidat's statement that unemploy-ment was a universal problem but mination and if priorities were rearranged and the country's interests were made above individuals' interest, the solution would not require

The Islamist deputy cited Sudan's military government as being able in one year to set the example." "They were able to secure all of

solutions to unemployment to reduce budget deficit by 82 per cent despite local problems and inter-

national pressures," be said. Deputy Dauod Qujak, also an Islamist, blamed "corruption and government mismanagement" for unemployment. "Without administrative reforms there will be no solution to unemployment," Qujak said. He said the government was not

serious when it said it was going to reduce foreign labour. "Thousands are working in rich people's homes under the guise that they were agricultural workers," be said, referring the government exemption of foreign workers in agriculture from foreign

labour restriction. He also called on government to reduce spending "on parties and fes-

Leftist Deputy Bassam Hadadin said that "admitting the problems and the real reasons behind it are a prerequisite for a solution" to nnem-

ployment.

He said that while the government maintains that unemployment stands at 15 per cent, the Ministry of Labour had studies that put the number of jobless Jordanians at 21 per cent of the work force. He said that the ministry "wanted to play a positive role in fighting arbitrary dismissal of workers and succeeded in some areas, but that trend did not last for long."

(Continued on page 5)

Batayneh named executive director of **Private Services Development project**

AMMAN — The Private Services Development Project (PSDP) has announced the appointment of Mr Saf-



Safwan Bataynch

wan Batayneb as executive director effective July 15.

Mr Batayneh occupied the position of the economic advisor to the prime minister prior to his appointment. He received his undergraduate degree and MBA from Colombia University and has worked as an associate and vice president with several US investment banks, where he advised corporations on refinancing, restructuring. and other highly specialised

business strategies.

The project's purpose is to expand the availability and improve the quality of services provided by various subsectors of the private sector services industry including accounting, computer services, industrial management and engineering as well as marketing so that they can support the sustained growth of the Jordanian economy by enhancing the competitiveness of Jordanian goods and services.

warns Hizbollah

Fierce battles raged Wednesday in South Lebanon between Shi'ite Muslim factions, and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) warned that it will evice the pro-Iranian Hizbollah from a strategic hilltop village if it does

not withdraw in 24 hours. Police said at least 64 Shi'ites have been killed and 218 wounded in the fighting between the fundamentalist Hizbollah (Party of God) and the more secular

Amal which broke out Monday. Six PLO guerrillas were wounded by Hizbollah fire on a Palestinian force that intervened to halt the inter-Shi'ite blood-

bath, a police spokesman said, The guerrilla deployment in the disputed region placed Yasser Arafat's guerrillas close to Israel's self-proclaimed "security zone" and raised fears of Israeli

reprisals. The Shi'ite factions ignored an appeal by the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) for a "bumanitarian ceasefire" and evacuate bodies littering the

battle ground in Iqlim Al Tuffah. About 10 ICRC ambulances waited all day on a road south of the battle zone as shells exploded shrouding the wooded slopes of Jarjou with smoke and fire. The village lies 16 kilometres south-

east of the port city of Sidon.
The 600-strong PLO force, drawn mainly from the mainstream Fatch faction, moved in Tuesday after Hizbollah overran Jarjou, stripping Amal of a major

stronghold. On Wednesday, Zeid Wehbe, Fatch's representative in Lebanon, gave Hizbollah 24 hours to withdraw from the village or "we will find ourselves obliged to enter Jarjou by our means."

Asked why PLO guerrillas should enter Jarjou, Wehbe said: We will have to be a deterrent force, not just a disengagement one."

"Fatch has decided to enter Jarjou. Hizbollah's deployment in Jarjou is totally unacceptable," be said

He said the intervention "enjoys the blessing and support of all the Arabs." "The south is Arab land... we

bave to restore the balance of power which was altered by Hizbollah's deployment in Jarjou,' Webbe told reporters in Sidon, provincial capital of South Leba-





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Officials confirm delay in exodus of Ethiopian Jews

TEL AVIV (AP) — A senior cently in battles with secessionist allow Jewish emigration to Jewish Agency official said Tuesday that the exodus of Jews from Ethiopia had been halted and blamed the hold-up on Ethiopia's hardline Marxist govcrnment.

The statement was the first official confirmation of delays in the immigration of Ethiopian Jews following a spate of reports that either the Israeli government or Ethiopia were holding up

The Jewish Agency official, speaking on condition of anonymity, maintained that Israel had no control over the flow of Jews from the embattled African nation and "was working day and night to get them out."

On Monday, Ethiopian community leaders here charged that Israel was deliberately holding up the immigration in effort to limit the number of new arrivals into the country.

"Because of all the problems bere with the thousands of Soviet Jewish immigrants, the government doesn't want more arrivals right now," said Rahamim Elazar, chairman of the Public Council for Ethiopian Affairs.

Israel has been overwhelmed by a massive influx of Soviet Jews, expected to reach 150,000 this year. The immigration bas caused an acute housing shortage, sparking some violent protest demonstrations over skyrocketing rents blamed on subsidies given the new arrivals.

Elazar, whose organisation serves as an umbrella for Ethiopian community groups in Israel conceded that delays also might have resulted from efforts by Ethinpia's leader, Mengistu Haile Mariam, to get arms supplies

Mengistu's government has suffered a series of setbacks rerehels, and some Israeli experts predict his government will soon be overrun.

Last week, Howard Wolpe, a Michigan Democrat and the chairman of the House Subcommittee on African Affairs, was quoted in a Washington newspaper as saying Ethiopia was slowing Jewish emigration in order to pressure Israel into selling it

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's spokesman Avi Pazner denied last week that Ethiopia had requested arms in return for Jews and attributed any emigration delays to the unstable situation in Ethiopia.

Charges that Israel was partly responsible for delays came after the New York Times quoted the Israeli ambassador in Addis Ababa, Meir Joffe, as saying his government had agreed with Ethinpia to halt the exodus while Jewish backgrounds of applicants

were verified. Fnreign ministry spokesman Motti Amihai denied such an agreement existed and said the ambassador was apparently misunderstood.

Israeli reporters in Addis Ababa told Israel Radin Monday that many non-Jews were trying to pass themselves off as Jews in order to escape the ravaged

Bnt Gad Ben Ari, spokesman for the Jewisb Agency, said investigatious into the Jewisb backgrounds of visa applicants would not cause delays.

There is no connection between these rontine eheeks, which we always conduct, and the speed in which Jews are approved for immigration," he said.

Ethiopia has a standing policy of barring its nationals from leaving the country, but agreed to reunify families after renewing diplomatic ties with Israel last

October. However, Israeli media quoted analysts as saying the Ethiopian government was worried about the attention being drawn to the Jewish exodus.

Israel has sought to limit publicity on the issue, the Hebrew daily Maariv said Tuesday. The statement hy Joffe came as a rude shock to officials here, the paper

Onestions over the Jewish backgrounds of the Ethiopians applying for visas have triggered bitterness among Etbiopians

"The number of non-Jews applying to immigrate frum Ethiopia is certainly less than that of non-Jews who have immigrated from the Soviet Union," Elazar said.

He was referring to official reports that as many as 25 per cent of the new Soviet arrivals were not Jewish, but had been granted citizenship under Israeli law as members of mixed fami-

Israel has sought to bring out all of Ethiopia's Jews since immigration was cut off in 1984 when a secret airlift campaign was halted after news of it leaked to the media and embarrassed Ethiopia's government.

Some 8,000 Ethiopian Jews were brought to Israel in the U.S.-supported, three-month operation. About 15,000 Jews are reported to remain in Ethiopia.

About 12,009 Ethiopian Jews are camped outside the Israeli embassy in Addis Ababa waiting to emigrate. The Jews left their villages in the Goodar region in the hope of going to Israel after the two countries resumed diplomatic relations.

China, S. Arabia settle row over Koran to forge ties

BEIJING (R) — China and Saudi Arabia are close to establishing diplomatic relations after settling the sensitive Taiwan issue and a hushed-up row over thousands of missing copies of the Koran, di-

plomats said Wednesday. Chinese Foreign Minister Qian Qichen is expected to visit Saudi Arabia at the end of July to finalise an agreement which could lead to diplomatic ties between the two countries as soon as September.

A Western diplomat who asked not to be identified said the breakthrough in long-running negotiations between China and Saudi Arabia came last week with a visit to Beijing by Prince Bandar Ben Sultan, Riyadh's ambassador to Washington.

Taiwan and the disappearance of a container full of copies of the Koran sent hy Saudi Arabia's King Fahd to China were the main issues at stake.

Saudi Arabia is the last Arab country to have diplomatic relations with the nationalist government in Taipei which fled the mainland after defeat in the 1949 Communist revolution.

Prince Bandar and the Chinese side agreed that Sandi Arabia would downgrade its emhassy in Taipei to the status of a trade ssion. Taiwan would follow suit in Riyadh.

Taiwan will not bave to withdraw its embassy, just change its name," the diplomat said. "Trade ties, as long as they are

ISTANBUL (R) — A Turkish

treasure hunter will start digging

soon for what he believes is a

cache of 160 tonnes of Byzantine gold coins stashed under

what is now a mosque by Emper-

or Constantine before the Otto-

Ibrahim Irgoren, a 74-year-old

economist who began searching

for antiquities and other treasures

six years ago, said Wednesday he

had received government approv-

al to start excavations in central

Istanbul and would begin work

"If we find the gold coins, this

will be a nationwide event;"

Irgoren told Reuters. "It will also

At today's prices 160 tonnes of

gold would be worth more than \$2

belp Turkey financially."

man conquest in 1453.

shortly.

not political, will be tolerated by China," he added.

Saudi Arabia is Taiwan's main oil supplier. Taipei's volatile stock market plunged last week on reports that Riyadh would soon switch its diplomatic recognition to Beijing.

More awkward to resolve during Prince Bandar's visit, the diplomat said, was the fate of thousands of copies of the Koran. a gift destined for Chinese Muslims but which were confiscated en route in recent months by Chinese police.

"A whole container of Korans disappeared. They were probably hurnt by the public security bureau. The police considered them 'ennnter-revolutionary' material." the diplomat said.

Muslims from Saudi Arabia had planned to distribute them in Xinjiang, the northwest frontier region which is bome to many of China's 35 million or so Muslims.

An Asian diplomat said Sandi Arabia was incensed Xinjiang's regional authorities were also npset, hoping that the Korans would be followed by mich needed Saudi investment.

Though embarrassed by the affair, the Chinese government was anxious about a resurgence of separatist movements among Muslims in Xinjiang.

Chinese troops crushed a revolt by Muslims in a Xinjiang town near the Soviet border in April. Officials said 22 people died and that extremists had planned a

A Culture Ministry official said

permission was granted for Irgoren's quest simply to end

years of pestering for permits

from scores of treasure hunters

who were convinced there was a

fortune to be found under at

Istanbul... but I don't think any

big treasure would last until to-

day. I believe our ministry is a bit

tired of treasure hunters and

wants to settle this issue once and

building in the city's Vefa district

where Irgoren believes be will

uncover a secret tunnel leading to

the mosque in the Sultanahmet

The hunt will start under a

for all," the official said.

"God knows what bes under

Sophia Mosque.

Xinjiang's deputy governor earlier this year accused unnamed forces abroad of concealing separatist propaganda in copies of the Koran smuggled across the border from Pakistan. Diplomats did not believe he was referring to Saudi Arabia.

The Western diplomat said the Koran issue was resolved by agreeing that Rivadh would send another container and that the Holy Book would be distributed hy Chinese Islamic officials.

King Fahd has a longstanding policy of distributing free copies of the Koran. He once flew one million to the Soviet Union.

China rejected a demand by Sandi Arabia that it be allowed to oversee Islamic affairs in China as a breach of sovereignty. The two sides compromised with China saying it would consult Saudi Arabia over Islamic issues.

"This was a diplomatic facesaving measure," the diplomat commented.

China consented to a Saudi request that more Chinese Muslims he allowed to leave the country to make the annual Haj pilgrimage to Mecca.

 Diplomats said Prince Bandar returned to Riyadh last week to brief King Fahd on the talks. Saudi Industry Minister Abdul Aziz Abdullah Al Zamel would brief the Taiwanese in Taipei...

China's Foreign Ministry declined to comment on the talks with Prince Bandar.

Turk hunts for Byzantine gold by the Byzantine Emperor Justi-

nian, it was converted into a mosque by Fatih Sultan Mehmet after he conquered Istanbul, then called Constantinople St. Sophia is located in the old quarter of Istanbul, which until the 1930s was an impenetrable labyrinth of alleys and dead-end

The city has been a crossroads for many civilisations, inspiring archaeologists and others to search for Byzantine and Ottoman antiquities, relics and other

Irgoren made his name as a treasure hunter in Turkey in 1986 when he discovered a marble sarcophagus of an ancient Anatohan king in the western town of

district some five kilometres Built as a church in 532 A.D. Tekirdag.

Donors fund plan to kill off

Experts have said the American screwworm fly, unknown outside the Americas until 1988. could spread any time from northwest Libya to nearby contineuts or to sub-Saharan Africa. The fly lays eggs in wounds of

A spokesman for the Interna-

a Rome conference. "It is a most crucial initiative. a programme to prevent an impending disaster of endemie proportions before it is too late to The blue-green fly with bulging

To break the speedy reproduction cycle, experts will bombard infested areas every week for two ised by radiation.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Angolan rebel leader in Morocco

LISBON (R) — Angolan rebel leader Jonas Savimbi was in Rabat Wednesday for talks with a top Portuguese official and King Hassan on moves to end Angola's 15-year-old civil war, the Portuguese news agency LUSA said. It reported from Rabat that the UNITA (National Union for the Total Independence of Angola) chief had been in Morocco since Sunday. UNITA representatives in Lisbon were not available for comment, but Portuguese officials said Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs Jose Manuel Durao Barroso flew to Morocco on Tuesday to meet Savimbi. Informed sources said Durao Barroso, who has hosted two rounds of exploratory contacts in Portugal since April between UNITA and Angola's leftist government, planned to discuss a third meeting expected some time this month. They said the meeting would signal that the peace process was gaining momentum.

Turkish deputies stage protest march

ISTANBUL (AP) — Eleven leftist members of parliament have began a march across the country to protest what they said was the lack of democratic freedoms in Turkey. The deputies, all members of the newly founded People's Labour Party, will make stops in several provinces and end their march July 25 at Diyarbakir, 1,380 kilometres southeast of Istanbul. The marchers carried posters tied around their necks. Some of them read "End to torture and repression," "General amnesty," "Internal peace," and "Life with honour." The marchers, most of whom represent eastern and southeastern provinces, had resigned from the opposition Social Democrat Populist Party because of their extreme leftist views.

Envoy urges Israel not to limit pork sales

TEL AVIV (R) — A Vatican envoy in occupied Jerusalem urged Israel Tuesday not to pass a law that would severely limit the sale of pork in the Jewish state. Monsignor Richard Mathes, the Holy See's cultural attache, warned a parliamentary committee the proposed law was a first step towards reducing religious freedom. Ultra-orthodox members of parliament are demanding stricter public observance of Jewish laws which bar the pig as unfit for eating. Yet for many Israelis, a pork chop or bacon strip is rare delicacy rather than the nhject of disdain it was to their parents and grandparents. "I was invited to make the point of the Christians," Mathes said. "It was really an honourable decision of the committee to say it touches the Christians and let's hear them." He emphasised he spoke as a local Christian and not for the Vatican. "The Vatican has no official opinion on the pork law."

After 66 years, ex-prisoner reunited with family

TUNIS (AP) — An 86-year-old Tunisian was reunited with his family this week, 66 years after he was sent to a colonial prison in French Gmana, a newspaper reported. Assabah, a Tunis daily, said Mekki Ben Brahim Touati was sentenced to an 18-year prison term by French authorities in 1924 and remained in French Guiana. on the northeast shoulder of South America, after his release. He was reunited with relatives in the northern region of Bizerte following the intercession of an Algerian husinessman who met Touati in French Guiana and later took up the matter with Tumsian diplomats in Paris, the newspaper said. The account gave no details about Touati's criminal record or his family.

Six Kach activists arrested

TEL AVIV (AP) - Police Wednesday arrested six activists in the anti-Arab Kach movement of U.S.-born rabbi Meir: Kahane on suspicion they vandalised an office of the Socialist Mapam Party. The arrests came after vandals broke into the Jerusalem Mapami office Tuesday, smashing furniture, tearing up documents and spraying the walls with slogans such as "Kahane to power" and "Death to traitors." Jerusalem police said three senior Kach officials and three minors, ages 14 and 15, were detained. A Kach member said the three adults were Kach spokesman Noam Federman and two other senior members. Tiran Pollack and Shmuel Faber. Israel Radio said the three youngsters told police they were sent by Federman to carry out the attack. After the youths were rounded up, police raided the Kach office in radio said the six detainees will also be investigated in connection with an arson attack two months ago on the office of the Peace Now Movement in Jerusalem.

NICOSIA (R). — The Iranian parliament has allocated \$300 million in emergency funds for areas hit by last month's devastating earthquake, Tehran Radio said. A week after the June 21 quake Iran said rebuilding in the Caspian coast province of Gilan alone would cost 500 billion rials (\$7.1 billion at the official exchange rate). No figure has been put on the damage in Zanjan, the other province northwest of Tehran devastated by the quake. President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani told a gathering of senior clerics Monday the quake had killed 35,000 people and material damage was "very heavy," the radio said. Officials say building houses before winter for some 500,000 people made homeless by the quake is the most urgent task. Tehran Radio said a budget amendment bill rushed through parliament channelled \$300 million to earthquake relief. It also authorised the government to double the allocations for disaster relief and Gulf war reconstruction - 27 billion rials (\$385 million) and 81 billion rials (\$1.2 billion). respectively - in the current year's hudget which began on March 21. Dozens of foreign countries sent emergency supplies and rebef and medical teams to help Iran's quake victims. Rafsanjani said Iran would have to bear the burden of reconstruction itself but would welcome any foreign aid offered.

London pleads for iailed businessman

LONDON (R) - Britain said Wednesday it asked Iraq to show clemency to a jailed husinessman as nurse Daphne Parish, freed from a Baghdad jail, flew home to an emotional welcome.

Parish, who served four months of a 15-year sentence on spying charges, told how she survived moments of despair and gloom in her Iraqi prison cell by inventing

As relatives and friends joyfully greeted Parish, the government said it had made a new plea to Baghdad on behalf of jailed British husinessman Ian Richter.

Parish, 53, who left ber cell in Baghdad Monday and flew to Zambia, was freed unexpectedly through the intervention of Zambian President Kenneth Kaunda.

She was jailed for driving London-based Iranian journalist Farzad Bazoft to an Iraqi military installatinn last September. He was hanged for spying by the Iraqis in March.

On the day Parish was freed, Britain's ambassador in Baghdad, Harold Walker, asked Iraq to show clemency to Richter, 44, serving a life sentence for bribery since 1987, the Foreign Office disclosed Wednesday.

"When our ambassador was informed nf the release nf Mrs. Parish, be took the opportunity to raise Mr. Richter's case," a spokesman said.

Rebel Kurds may have access to SA-7 missiles ANKARA (R) - Turkey, con- ment, the sources said.

cerned that rebel Kurds might have access to ground-to-air missiles, is having new Cobra belicopter gunships fitted with antimissile devices, sources close to the armed forces said Wednesday.

The sources said it was not clear whether the rebels had Soviet-designed SA-7 missiles and their hand-held launchers, which would add a fresh dimension to a separatist insurgency that has claimed nearly 2,500

"The military think the rebels may have them but they are not certain," one source said.

ery next week of the first two of five Cobras, made by Bell of the United States, for use against guerrillas of the Kurdish Workers Party (PKK) in the rugged sontheast near borders with Iran, Iraq

"Turkey asked for anti-missile devices to be fitted to the Cobras," the source said. Heat seeking SA-7s, with

ranges of up to three kilometres, have a lethal record against lowflying jets and other aircraft, including belicopters.

Several military belicopters have crashed in the southeast in recent years but there bave been no reports that they were downed The PKK bas rebed mainly on

by missiels or rockets. Soviet-designed Kalashnikov assault rifles and rocket-propelled grenades in the southeast, where inhospitable terrain fre-

quently hampers quick move-

quired SA-7s.

"But if the PKK does have them, they could have come from

lives since mid-1984.

Turkey's army will take deliv-

and Syria.

They said it was now known how the PKK might have ac-

"A cache was found near the Turco-Iraqi border last year but it was not clear what happened to it," one source said.

almost anywhere. There are plenty of arms merchants in the Middle East," the source added. "The question would then arise - who is funding the PKK?" be

said, adding that SA-7s cost about \$200,000 each. The total cost of the five new AH-1W Cobras for the Turkish

army is about \$72 million, the sources said. Each one is fitted with 20-mm

guns and other weapons as well as "disco light" devices near the engine to help deflect heat-seeking missiles. The gendarmerie bas six U.S. made Šikorsky Blackhawk helicopters. The sources said Turkey

more troop-carrying Blackhawks, possibly up to 200. Kurdish rebels have been fighting for an independent Kurdistan in southeastern Turkey and more than 2,500 people, including soldiers, civilians and guerrillas bave

appeared interested in buying

been killed in the region since the insurgency began in 1984. Ethnie Kurds make up about one-fifth of Turkey's population of 55 million, and an undetermined number of ethnic Kurds are reported imprisoned and awaiting trial on various charges,

including rebellinn.

Iran paper accuses reporters of spying

NICOSIA (AP) — A radical Iranian newspaper yesterday alleged that many Western reporters sent to cover events in Iran were spies, and warned the goverument to beware.

The Farsi-language Jomhuri Islami, which reflects the views of hardliners within the government, said many Western journalists visited Iran "to fulfil their missions assigned by the Zionists and Western spying agencies." The article, which was

obtained by the Associated Press in Cyprus, blamed officials of the Ministry of Islamie Guidance, which is in charge of regulating the activities of foreign reporters. Journalists who visit Iran are assigned agents from the ministry who accompany them on all

movements nutside the botel.

lethal screwworm pest in Libya ROME (R) - Donor countries

agreed Tuesday to fund an emergency multi-million dollar plan to wipe out a deadly, fleshcating parasite threatening humans and livestock in Africa, Europe and the Middle East.

both animals and humans.

tional Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD) said \$31 million were promised by countries and international organisations at

do anything but surrender to its onslanght," said IFAD President Idriss Jazairy.

orange eyes lays bundreds of eggs in wounds in warm-blooded animals. The hatching larvae then cat the flesh of their hosts, killing about one-fifth of livestock vic-

Within a week, a wound as small as a tick bite can grow into a gory cavity the size of a fist. The smell attracts other female flies, which can lay 400 eggs in 15

IFAD said that if the fly spread through North Africa, it could cause annual damage of \$250 million among the 70 million head of livestock in the region.

The pest has infested about 20,000 square kilometres south of Tripoli and already attacked ab-

out 3,000 domestie animals. years with millions of flies steril-

Iran allocates \$300m for quake relief

JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE Programme review 17: t0 15:00 18:10 Local programm 19:50 20:00 20:30 News in Arabic Programme review 2t:40 News in Arabic PROGRAMME TWO .. Molierissim Des Chiffres et de lettres La Chance aux cha

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PRAYER TIMES	
94:96 Faji 05:37 (Sunrise) Duha 12:42 Dhuha 16:22 'Asi 19:46 Maghret 21:18 'Isha CHURCHES	

Auglican Cleurch Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543.

Aqaba . Deserts

The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saluts Tel. 815817 and 654932. ... News in French

22:20 Movie of the week: "They Drive

21:10

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	CHURCHES

Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624990. Church of the Annunciation 637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terracenta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Annunciation Tel.

Armenias Catholic Church Tel. 771331. ian Orthodox Church Tel. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 827981, 685326, elical Latheran Church Tel:

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

and winds will be northwesterly modcrate. In Aqaba, winds will be norther-ly moderate and seas calm.

..... 21 / 39 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 34, Aqaba 40. Humidity readings: Amman 24 per cent, Aqube 18 per

...... 21 / 40

WEATHER

er weather will prevail Min./max. temp

Civil Defence Department 661111

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Civil Defence Immediate Highway Police Traffic Police Public Security Department Hotel Complaints Price Complaints 605800 Water and Sewerage 897467 787111 (directory assistance) ... 121 . 010230 Radio lordan 774111 Water Authority680100 Jordan Electricity Authority ... 815615 Company 636381 RJ Flight Information 08-53200 . 636381 Queen Aliz Intl. Airport..... 08-53200

USEFUL TELEPHONE

NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY

Dr. Mohammad Abu Mahfouz 793344 Fires pharmacy Ferdows pharmacy Al Asema pharmacy .. 661912 . 637055 Nairoukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy 623672 644945 Dr. Mazen Abu Bakr Al Sharas' pharmacy (985238)

Dr. Soleiman Abu Adileh(—) Khalifeh pharmacy985417 HOSPITALS

simen Abu Adileh

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Ama ... 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn..... 642441/2 Jahal Amman Maternity....... 642362 Malhas, J. Amman . 636140 664171/4 Shmeisani Hospital University Hospital Al-Mussher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali Al-Ahli, Abdali 845845 667227/9 666127/37 Italian, Al-Muhajreen 777101/3 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26 Amal Hospital

ZARQA:

Zarça National Hospital ... (09)991071 Ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732 Princess Basma Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)277275 Ibn AJ Nafees Hospital (02)247100 AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Information (RI) information deput

should always be verified. Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

ment at the Queen Alia Interna

Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it

..... New Delhi (RJ) Cairo (RJ Kuwait (RJ) . Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) Cziro (RJ) London (RJ) Kuwait (add.) (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2) Baghdad (LA) .. Sanas (LH)

19-15 Frankfart (LH) Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

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Upper/	ower price i	a fils per kg.
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Apricots	·	620 / 550
Banana		500 / 450
Banaga (Mu	kammar)	450 / 400
Beans		400 7.350 130 / 90
Cabbage		130 / 90
Carrot		200 / 150
Cataliticaner		180 / 120
Com		120 / 80
Cucumbers	(targe)	90 / 50
Cucumbers ((small)	160 / 120
Dates		400 / 300
Cortic		· 120 / 80 . 1200 / 1000
Grane		- 1200 / 1000
Lemon		320 / 280
Mellow		460 / 400
Mallow		80 / 40
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Orange		380 / 320
Orange		690 / 550

Damascus, Paris (AF)

Bahrain, Muscat (GF)
Dubai (EK)

160 / 120

160 / 120 220 / 180

550 / 500

FOR FRIDAY JORDAN TELEVISION

PROGRAMME ONE

Tel: 773111-19

Childres programme Religious programme Friday's prayer Sports programme Religious seminar Local programme Local programme
..... Arabic series 22:30 News summery in Arabic Programme could. PROGRAMME TWO News in French News in Hebrer

> Didi's comedy show
> Midnight Caller
> News in English Anything more would be Greedy PRAYER TENES

News in Arabic

ee) Dube Dhubr

Unified Arab plan to help attain self-sufficiency in poultry meat

conficient AMMAN (J.T.) — The third day the total investments in the poultry of a conference on the poultry industry, up from \$8.5 billion.

The working papers, he said, discussed among other things facilities that should be given by Independent teviewed working papers that calsunday led for adopting a unified Arab
icr comment plan to help the Arab World
reign Affect attain self-sufficiency of poultry
inead and poultry feed.

cipants from 12 Arah states, said that concerned authorities should grant more licences for poultry farms, provide further facilities for the industry, lessen importation of non-Arah poultry meat and table eggs, offer loans to farmers and introduce legislations that can help boost the industry.

Ministry of Industry and Trade's Secretary-General Radi Ibrahim said that that the working papers proposed overcoming challenges in the path of the poultry industry from now and until the end of the 20th century by boosting to 28 billion eggs the total Arab World's annual production, up from the present 15 billion, by raising poultry meat production to 3.1 million tonnes, up from the present 2.3 million, by investing \$2.3 billion in land re-Maths, iti clamation projects for the purpose of producing 15 million tonnes of cereals and animal feed

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Arab states to the importation of input requirements for the indus-

try and setting up special units to

diagnose poultry diseases. Jack Khayyat, head of the regional office of the Arab Federation for Food Industries (AFFI). told Radio Jordan Wedoesday that there is a growing tendency in the Arah region to consume white (poultry) meat rather than red (sheep and cattle) meat. Statistics about meat consumption for 1989 showed an iocrease of 20 per cent of white meat in the

The white meat is not only cheaper to produce and consume but it is considered by specialists as more outritional than red meat," Khayyat said.

Arah World.

As for the production cost, he said, one kilo of red meat requires at least seven kilos of feed to produce, hat one kilo of white meat needs only two kilos of

The meeting was organised hy AFFI, in cooperation with the ministries of agriculture and hes of cereals and animal feed supply and the Jordan Coopera-and by increasing to \$18 billion tive Organisation.

Caldin Committee of the intifada reelected S Rear Ba

AMMAN (Petra) — The general shoulder responsibility for the inssembly of the Public Commitsee for the Support of the Intifada reviewed Wednesday the progtess of its work, problems faced and its past and present plans and programmes.

In its annual meeting, at the Amman Chamber of Industry, the general assembly unanimousby decided to re-elect the executive committee.

Chairman of the committee Abdul Majid Shoman said Palestinians in Palestine need more than was so far presented to

He said the committee had collected since the beginning of this year JD 1,056,146 of which JD 502,000 were paid for martyr's families, the injured in the hospitals and JD 5,358 as other expend-

Shoman called the Arabs to ated ID 204,939.

tifada and called on citizens to pay more donations in the light of the increase of casualties.

Jordanian Doctors Association President Mamdonh Al Abbadi, who is secretary-general of the poblic committee, said the courageous intifada is the first defensive line for the Arah Nation in the face of the Israeli aggression which threatens the Arab Nation as a whole.

"The continoation of the uprising and the sacrifices of the Palestinian people in the occupied lands should cause the Arabs to step up their efforts in supporting the uprising," said Abbadi.

He added that the management of the Arab Bank decided Wednesday to donate JD 100,000 to support the intifada and noted that the industrial sector has don-

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Masaadeh receives Chinese official

AMMAN (Petra) - Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Interior Salem Masaadeh received at the Prime Ministry Wednesday Deputy Minister of Civil Affairs in China Chang Dejiang and the accompanying delegation. Dejiang and the accompanying delegation were also received by the Civil Defence Department Director Major-General Afif Al Ghoul.

Klibi pays tribute to Jordan

TUNIS (Petra) - Secretary-Geogral of the Arab League Chadli Klibi Wednesday landed Jordan's support for the Arab League. In a meeting with Jordan's Ambassador to Tunisia Talal Al Hassan, at the end of his tour of duty as ambassador and as Jordan's representative at the Arah League, Klibi expressed his appreciation for Hassan's efforts to enhance joint Arah action. Al Hassan was also received Wednesday by the Tunisian president's persocal advisor Al Habih Bon L'eras and the Prime Ministry's First Secretary Mohammad Al Jari.

Jordan, UAE to cooperate in education

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Education and Higher Education Mohammad Hamdan discussed Wednesday with the United Arab Emirates (UAE) Ministry of Education under-secretary, Salem Al Ghamai, scopes of cooperation between Jordan and the UAE in educational fields, particularly the basis for the secondment of Jordanian teachers to the UAE and the exchange of information, documents and researches. Hamdan hriefed Ghamai on the educational development and achievements in the Kingdom and expressed the keenness of the government to support various educational projects despite the economic hardships Jordan is passing through. Ghamai briefed Hamdan on the development of the educational process in the UAE. The meeting was attended by Ministry of Education Secretary-Geoeral Munther Al Masri and the ministry's senior officials.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- ☼ Open studio and workshop for artist Samia Zaru displaying paintings, scriptures and hand-painted fabrics. Location: off 2nd Circle, opposite Recenthal (9:30-1:30 and 3:30-6:30).
- * Exhibitions of ceramics, paintings by Gastone Primon at Alia Art Gallery.
- * Plastic art exhibition by Rudaina and Ruba Haddad at the Housing Bank Complex hall.
- ☆ Plastic art exhibition by deaf artist Khaled Mahmoud Atiyeh at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- ☆ Exhibition of paintings by ten Iraqi artists at the Jordan Plastic Art Association Gallery - tel. No. 699914.

JERASH FESTIVAL

- ☆ Concerts by the Jordan Armed Forces Band (6:00 7:00 p.m.), a local folk troupe (7:00 - 8:00) and a Yugoslav folk troupe (8:30 - 9:30 p.m.) at the Forum.
- ☆ Poets and poetry at Artemis Steps (7:90 9:80 p.m.)
- ☆ Concert by Egyptian singer Amr Dish at the South Theatre 8:30 p.m.
- ☆ Concert by the Royal Jordanian (RJ) folk troupe at Artemis Steps - 9:30 p.m.



REGENT VISITS PRIME MINISTRY: His Royal Highness Prince Faisal Ibn Al Hussein, the Regent, Wednesday visited the Prime Ministry

where he met with Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Interior Salem Massadeh

National charter — a guide to life not a cause for contention

AMMAN (Petra) - The proposed national charter is hased on the Jordanian constitution and can by no means replace it or serve as a cause for altering its nature, said Ahmad Obeidat who chairs a general commission to work out the charter.

The proposed charter would contribute towards enhancing the concept of the constitution and emphasisiog its principles; it would serve as a means to assert future actions hased on its provisions depending on different circumstances, Obeidat said in a lecture he delivered at the Orthodox Club.

"The 60-member commission entrusted by His Majesty King Hussein to work out the charter directs its concern and attention to three basic objectives," Obeidat said. These, he explained, are: continuation of the political, economie, social, cultural and self defence process, maintaining national security by all possible means and protecting the national unity.

Obeidat said that these are essential issues demanding every citizen's attention and support.

We regard the national charter as an effective tool designed to bring about the aspired development, not only for the political structure in Jordan but also to help enhance Jordan's cultural and national identity," Obeidat said.

Obeidat stressed the need for sensible thinking and responsible attitude to be displayed by all Jordanians io their drive to achieve scientific economic and social progress on the one hand and re-organising life in the country and introducing political parties on the other.

the Arab World are posed to us because they are links in a long

cultural struggle," said Obeidat. He said that all Jordanian individuals and organisations need to be alert and aware of all these challenges, seek unity and joint action and pursue efforts to acquire knowledge which can be used for progress and modernisa-

The national charter is being drawn up oo these bases in form and content," he added. "It is time that we embarked

on real and comprehensive reforms taking into account a host of facts," Obeidat said.

"We have to admit that our old methods were poor and fell short of achieving our national objectives," said Obeidat, "We have to admit that we need to update and modernise our methods and our tools for reform which should be based on a mixture of what is original and what is modern and effective so that we can end the parent deadlock and forge ahead with open minds," Obeidat con-

Referring to several concepts and ideas which are being contemplated by the commission members in trying to draw up the proposed charter will encompass objectives which should enjoy and can define the basic principles of the state.

"The principles and concepts safeguarding human diginity.

"We are part of the Arab of the charter should follow the Nation and the challenges facing same pattern of the constitution which can provide oo cause for contention and cannot be subject to voting," Obeidat added.

The charter should have a preamble clearly stating a host of principles and values emanating from Islam and pan-Arabism as well as the principles of the Great Arah Revolt, the Jordanian constitution, Islamie culture and the universal declaration on human rights," Obeidat said.

"The charter's political aspect should emphasise the concept of political pluralism and the independence of the three authorities in the country: the judicial, the executive and the legislative so that none of them can impose its will on the other, he said.

"The charter should be based

on the concept that the throne and the constitutional, national and public organisations and the people are all integral part of the charter and that everything should be done to enlarge the base of public freedom," said Obeidat. He said that the national charter envisages deepening the concept of public participation in government affairs, reorganising political life and political parties, enhancing the role of charter, Obeidat said that 'the pubbe control over the implementation of resolutions and gova host of national principles and ernment decisions, political education of citizens, maint support and consensus among the a balance between rights and Jordanian people, so that the responsibilities bolstering the charter can act as a reference for concept of national security and the practices and behaviour of the sense of national belonging, Jordanian individuals and orga- confronting and dealing with cornisations in political, economic ruptioo, reforming public admisocial and educational arenas, mistration, preventing the politicisation of the armed forces, en-

Fewer Palestinians are allowed to cross into the occupied lands figures as follows:

By Elia Nasrallah Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN - The Israeli authorities this year again resorted to arbitrary measures, reducing the oumber of Palestinians allowed to cross daily from Jordan to the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip in violation of an agreement reached last year with the United Nations Truce Com-

A spokesman for the Public Security Department (PSD) said that last week the Israelis reduced the number of visitors gradually, far below the quota agreed on with the committee which is 1,500 persons per day across the Prince Mohammad Bridge on normal days and 800 on Fridays, and 2.500 persons per day across the King Hussein Bridge on normal days and 1,250 oo Fridays.

The gradual reduction was felt last week and no reason was given hy the Israeli authorities, the PSD official said. He gave a hreakdown of the

King Hassein Bridge

1.246	1,85
1,341	1.51
1,268	1,85
1.075	1,24
1,020	1,45

Prince Mohammad Bridge

Wednesday 11.7.90 Thursday 12.7.90 Sunday 15.7.90 Monday 16.7.90 Tuesday 17.7.90

The United Nations Trace Committee, which coordinates border issues under a ceasefire agreement that followed the 1967 Arab-Israeli war, last summer arranged for the quota, fixing the oumber of Arab visitors crossing on in full swing.

into the West Bank and the Gaza Strip to visit their relatives. Previously as many as 4,000 Arabs a day were allowed to cross over the Jordan River between May 1 and September each summer.

hancing the national unity and

Jordanian women of Palestiman origin who have married men from the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip last year were evicted from the occupied territories together with their childreo.

A Ministry of Interior statement said theo that 32 womeo and 56 children were affected by the Israeli procedure taken in violation of all international principles.

Jordan last year protested to the committee and asked that it intervene and contact Israeli authorities over the issue.

The Israeli move were seen by observers as measures designed to reduce the oumber of Arah citizens in the occupied lands at a time when the Soviet Jewish immigration to Palestine was going

Kuwaitis reject Iraqi attack producers, previously identified were shocking and unexpected, (Continued from page 1)

ignored the rights of neighbours and the duties of Arab brotherli-

It contained words and phrases which violated international norms and values, the statement said, adding that the assembly trusted the government to take whatever action necessary.

The Saudi Press Agency (SPA), monitored in Nicosia. said Sheikh Sabah had delivered the emir's message to Saudi Arabia's King Fahd. It did not give the contents of the message. "I can't find any explanation

for the latest Iraqi attack. But our plans to cut oil production will not be affected," an official at the UAE Oil Ministry told Reuters. President Saddam Hussein said Tuesday that certain Gulf oil

by Iraq as Kuwait and the UAE, had stabbed Baghdad in the back by conspiring with the United States to flood the oil market and weaken prices.

A Kuwait Petroleum Corporation (KPC) official told Renters that Kuwait was still committed to its pledge to cut output drastically to help OPEC.

"Kuwait has already started to cut its output in line with the Jeddah agreement and will continue to do so," the official told Reuters in a telephone call from Nicosia.

UAE media were silent over the Iraci outburst, but the editor of a UAE Arabic newspaper privately expressed shock. "The Iraqi leader's statements

especially after oil prices started to recover," said the editor, who declined to be identified. "It would have been more natural for him to express thanks

after the UAE decided to cut output. The UAE, which along with Kuwait has repeatedly demanded higher quotas to match its large oil reserves, has said it made a

sacrifice for the sake of OPEC unity and has angrily rejected previous threats. "I want to make it clear that the UAE rejects threats and pressure from any source," UAE Oil Mioister Mana Said Al

Oteiba said in response to criticism earlier this month by Iraqi Oil Minister Abdul Rahim Al Chala-

ACC central banks governors agree on long-term strategy

AMMAN (J.T.) — Governors of central hanks in the four-member Arah Cooperation Council (ACC) Wedoesday reached agreement on a long-term strategy which includes among other thiogs the establishment of a centre for the settlement of payments for products exchanged between the four member countries: Jordan, Egypt, Iraq aod

A statement issued at the end of a two-day meeting here said that the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) will serve as the headquarters of the new centre, a step which will eventually result in the creation of an ACC bank to settle these payments and finance foreign trade and commercial transactions conducted within the ACC

group.
Officials attending the closed door meetings were quoted as saying that the proposed centre would coordinate the financing of exports within the group and to other countries. .

The governors' gathering was joint ACC agreement. the first since the formation of

ACC in February 1989. The bloc links the four nations million people, a combined gross national prodoct of more than \$100 billion, exports of about \$15 billion and imports of about \$42

coincided with the opening of a two-day meeting here by the ministers of ecocomy and trade in the ACC states who are expected to pot the final touches to a harter trade agreement proposed at \$120 million this year. The ministerial meeting was

The governors' agreement

in ACC couotries. of Industry and Trade's secretary-

paved for by undersecretaries of ministries of economy and trade

general, said at the final session that the meeting endorsed a for-

They also proposed a list of commodities to be exchanged by the four countries, to set up joint with a total of more than 80 trade fairs, to encourage exchanges of national products and to stimulate the role of the pri-

vate sectors in the four countries. The recommendations and resolutions will be reviewed by the

four ministers. At the conclusion of their meetings the governors sent a cable to His Majesty King Hussein, chairman of the ACC current session thanking him for his endeavours to foster Arah coop-

eration. They also sem similar cables to Iraqi President Saddam Husseio. coogratulatiog him on 1raq's oational day anoiversary, to Egyptian President Husni Mubarak, coogratulating him on the

Dr. Ibrahim Badran, Ministry July 23 anniversary and to Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh congratulating him on the unity between North and South Yemula for the implementation of a men.

Jordan Friday marks 39th death anniversary of founder

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordan Friday marks the 39th anniversary of the death of King Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein, founder of the Bashemite Kingdom of Jordan, who fell martyr while performing prayers at Al Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem in 1951.

King Abdullah played a major role in the Arab liberation movement that began in the early 20th century. In 1916, when the Great Arab Revolt was lannched by his father Sharif Hussein Ibn Ali of Mecca, the young prince led the Arab army in battle against the Ottoman garrison in Taif, Sandi Arabia, and headed the army that proceeded to the east to liberate Medina.

King Abdullah also played a major role on the political arena and took part in the talks held between his father and

When the French occupied Damascus in 1921, the youngprince came to Ma'an, where the historical event of establishing the Emirate of Transjordan took place.

From the very day he was proclaimed king, the Arab leader defended the Arab identity of Palestine and sought to rally Arab ranks and coordinate Arab stands to preserve unity of the Arab soil, destiny and objectives. King Abdullah led the Arab

armies in the struggle to save Palestine from Zionist occupation following the withdrawal of British mandate forces from Palestine in 1948. The Jordanian army, despite its limited number and sources, succeeded in liberating Al Aqsa Mosque, Arab Jerusalem and the entire West Bank from Israeli occupa-



In 1950, King Abdullah re sponded to the call by Palestinian leaders to unifying the East and West Banks and announced the maity of the two banks in April 1950



Doraid Laham and the children cast in the film Kafroune

Doraid Laham's film — a tale of love, respect and honesty

By Serene Halasa Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - A new movie directed by the well known actor-director Doraid Laham is heing screeoed io movie theatres in Jordan this summer, The movie, entitled "Kafroone" takes oo a oew approach, away from the cynical character of Laham's "Ghawaar." "This movie is made for families, especially children," Doraid said at a press conference held Wednesday at the Concord Movie Theatre, where Kafroun was screened.

The movie takes placed in a beautiful little village called Kafer, on the Lebanese, Syrian border. It deals with a special relationship hetween young school children and their lov-

ahle janitor 'Wadoud' played by Laham. The relationship develops when be becomes accused of killing his father's murderer. This situation adds a cynical twist, familiar to many of Laham's movies and plays, especially when his mother testifies against him, proud of the fact that he had takeo veogeance for his father's murder.

Convinced of his innocence, the children along with the new female teacher, played hy Madeline Taber, set out to find the real murderer and to put him behind bars.

"I want everyone to know that this movie is about love, respect and honesty and oot about veogeaoce," Laham

"Kafroune" is the first movie Laham has ever worked on with the majority of the cast being children. The six leading roles are played by children from Damascus while the rest are local children. "1 always insisted that the children learn their lines, as if they were memorisiog a poem; afterwards I would sit with them and work oo developing their characters," Laham said.

Laham said be loved workiog with children because of their ionocent spontaneity. "My next project is an idea I have had for the past fifteen vears and it will feature children again. It will be entitled

"Little Fathers" Laham said. The screening of the movie was sponsored by the Jordan Cine Club.

W. Germany to provide technical aid to Jordan

AMMAN (Petra) - West Germany is to provide technical assistance to Jordan to help it carry out two projects by the Ministry of Planning and the National Medical Institution (NMI), in accordance with two memoranda signed in Amman Wednesday.

Under the memorandum for the Ministry of Planning, which is implementing a consultancy ser-

cians and officials, will offer the ministry equipment for the proiect and will offer training to Jordanian staff to take the place of the German specialists once their mandate is over.

The other memorandum proists to help the NMI produce Herwig Bartels.

vices scheme, the Germans will artificial limbs and to help local provide specialists for a period of medical staff deal with emergency 24 months to guide local technicases requiring artificial himbs. It also stipulates organising seminars and supplying certain

equipment and providing special-

ists for training. The memoranda were signed by Minister of Planning, Dr.

Khaled Amin Abdullah and West vides for sending German special- German Ambassador to Jordan

Jordan Times

يدان تأبيز بيمية عربية سياسية مستكلة تصدر بالإنجليزية عن للزسسة المسحفية الأردنية

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Jordan Press Foundation, University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Reparations vs. victims

ISRAEL is seeking some \$300 million (at the 1952 dollar rate) of reparations from East Germany for Jewish victims of the Nazi regime. The Jewish state, with billions of dollars pouring into its coffers from the U.S., is always short of cash, it seems. It needs the money to beef up its war machine and to settle hundreds of thousands of Jews in Israel and the occupied Arab territories. But that is not the sole reason. To Israelis, it does not matter in fact that the German

manists and other non-Nazi patriotic groups were the most adamant enemies of Hitler's third reich. Germans must, and must always be made to, remember Hitler's atrocities. This is very important for the Zionists at this stage, when anti-Jewish sentiments seem to be on the rise in many parts of Europe, including East Europe, the Soviet Union, and even the U.S. Why are these sentiments surfacing and are there any grounds for rising anti-Semitism, are two questions that nobody dares to address for fear that they might be immediately labelled as anti-Semites. So Jewish blackmail of Germany, Europe and the whole world must continue. Thus Soviet and other East European Jews can leave their home countries, and money needed for their resettlement in Palestine will come from German reparations and American generosity. But is the world, the so-called enlightened West in particular, just pushing its problems of racism onto the Middle East? What will happen when all Soviet and other East European Jews settle in Palestine and when funds dry out? Are the Israelis, squeezed in tiny Palestine, going to seek new territory for their increasing numbers? Will not the Palestinians, who could be expelled from the land that they inhibited for thousands of years, also be victims of the Holocaust? What crime did the people of this region, the Arabs, commit for us to pay the ultimate price for the Nazi Holocaust and for the age-old European auti-Semitism? The East German authorities, now fully dependent on West Germany, have reportedly referred the Israelis to the West Germans for the \$300 million (plus 40 year interest) payment. We really do not know whether the West Germans are prepared to pay up, as a price for getting the German fatherlands united, or for any other reason for that matter. However, the German people and governments must understand that what they pay for Jewish Holocaust victims will ultimately create new victims in the Middle East. This is for them to consider as they ponder any and all Israeli requests for financial reparations or assistance.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

Jordanian Arabie dailies Wednesday dealt mostly with King Hussein's warnings given in a television interview about the dangerous situation in the Middle East region resulting from Israel's absorption of thousands of immigrants and its pursuit of an aggressive policy against the Arabs.

Al Ra'i daily said while the world witnesses the end of the cold war, the Middle East is totally disregarded by the superpowers which ought to shoulder their serious responsibilities towards world peace. The paper expressed the view that neglect of the Middle East is done on purpose on the part of world powers which do not realise that the situation can explode any moment. The paper echoed the King's welcome of developments on the world scene and the Arah Nation's support for human rights and people's right to travel freely, but it said that forced immigration of Jews from the Soviet Union to Palestine can only mean helping the Jewish state achieve its dream in a greater Israel at the expense of the Arah people in the region in general and the Palestinians in particular. The United States indifference with regard to the Middle East situation is like paving the way for dangers to emerge and the explosion to be triggered, said the paper. It noted that the King has issued the warning to all those concerned with the Middle East noting that the Jewish immigration is not only a threat to Jordan but it is in essence a direct aggression on the Palestinians who are being uprooted from their homeland. The situation does not tolerate further indifference on the part of Washington, said the paper, because the Israeli actions are bound to force the Arabs to opt for another means to defend

Jordan takes pride in the Iraqi military power which is a strength for all Arabs, says Tareg Masarweh in his column Wednesday. Iraq's might is a source of fear for the imperialist forces and the Israelis who are approaching Jordan with their "advice" to stay away from Iraq and disassociate itself from Baghdad, says the writer with reference to recent Israeli implied threats to Iraq and Jordan. The writer also refers to the Iraqi-Syrian rapprochement as forming a serious threat to the Jewish state which is concerned about the situation in the region. The imperialists and the Zionists, says the writer, had hoped that the Iraqis would be involved in a 100 year war with Iran so that the Arab strength would be sapped and the Arab Nation would be rendered impotent in the face of the Israeli force, but the Iraqis who came out victorious from the Gulf war are now mending fences with both Syria and Iran and are clearly constituting a great force that can defend Arah soil and the nation's interests. The writer refers to the prime minister's recent statement that Jordan can by no means compromise over an inch of Palestinian soil, and says this country does not fear threats nor will it deviate from its present national stand.

Al Dustour daily said that the King's television interview Tuesday contained the strongest warnings yet about the danger of conflict in the Middle East. The Soviet Jewish immigration into Palestine and the soperpowers' indifference to the situation can only mean that the Israelis are given a free hand to absorb one million Jews in 18 months as planned by the Zionist leaders.

A time for Israelis of vision

By Firas Raad

The writer is a student of Economics and International Health at the John Hopkins University in Baltimore, Maryland.

LAST January, Abba Eban, Israel's ex-foreign minister, wrote an article for the Jerusalem Post entitled "A Time for Great Visions." The article lucidly written — argued that the Middle East was indeed very ripe for peace and more than ready for "large visions and hard facts." Mainstream Palestinian thinking had become more pragmatic and down to earth; Israelis began pondering new ideas about security and peace; the historic events in Eastern Europe reasserted the principle that every people has a right to elect its own representatives; and the cold war had ended leaving room for the two superpowers to reassess their positions on the Middle

Eban's optimism and sensibility were refreshing. His appeal for large visions on the part of all the parties concerned seemed to indicate that be was writing on behalf of all the peoples of the Middle East. His article called for the birth of realism or rather a clear perception of the truth; and hence a fair solution to the Palestinian problem. For with-

out a peaceful settlement of the Palestinian-Israeli conflict, the Middle East and especially Israel would be condemned to many more years of turmoil, bloodshed, and possibly war.

The only way for Israel to reach reconciliation with its Palestinian neighbours (if it still can at all) would be to accommodate an independent Palestinian state in the West Bank and Gaza. To achieve a full territorial compromise with the Palestinians, Israel must be willing to embrace newer and larger ideas. But Mr. Eban must be told that newer and larger ideas do not pop out of nowhere in Israeli society: they need to be propounded by new and bolder

Since Eban's article in January, the future of the Middle East has grown bleaker.

First, the massive influx of East Enropean and Soviet Jews into Israel has stirred up regional tensions to greater beights. While Israel preoccupies itself with the immediate implications of the Jewish immigration (housing, employment...), the Arabs are in com-

plete protest to what they perceive as yet another Israeli attempt to swallow up more Palestinian land. The Israeli government claims that it shall not permit or encourage Jewish immigrants to settle in the occupied territories but it also claims that Israeli citizens are free to settle anywhere they choose to. This sort of Israeli double-talk plus the fact that Soviet Jews have already settled in East Jerusalem will. unfortunately, fuel the flames of Arah extremism.

Second, the emergence of the new Israeh government under Shamir has narrowed if not eliminated any prospects for peace in the Middle East. How can a viable peace process ever be initiated when there exists a hard-line Israeli government that has sworn to crush the Palestinian intifada, never negotiate with the PLO and, never give up land for

The dangers that the Shamirists/Sharonists pose, lie on two levels. On one level, the dangers arise from a proliferation of the dehumanising process that occurs daily in the Israeli occupied territories. By refusing to talk to the PLO and clamping down harder on the intifada (meaning more killings and beatings of innocent peo-ple), the Israeli government will diminish any chances for a gradual rapprochement between the Palestinian and Israeli peoples and will be responsible for the further spread of radicalism, chanvinism, and religious intolerance among the people of Israel and the Arab World. On another level, the dangers arise from a potential for war. It is well known that Shamir and the Likud party have no intention of ever relinquishing the occupied territories to their rightful owners. It is also well known that Sharon, Shanni's minister of housing, is the leading proponent of the so-called Jordan option. Together, Shamir and Sharon, and the policies they pursue form a recipe for disaster. Indeed, if Shamir is to stick to his hard-line policies and continue with the brutal repression of the Palestinians, he will eventually prompt an Arah reaction. Once the Arab countries have been provoked to react, Israel will have its casus belli to launch another "preventive" attack against the Arah World. Voila, 1967 all over again but this time worse. The vast

push for a final solution to "their" Palestinian problem. In the midst of the storm, they may exploit the situation to: a) completely annex the occupied territories b) uproot its Palestiman inhabitants 3) drive them into neighbouring Arab countries and 4) attempt to bring about the realisation of the "Jordan option" thereby fulfilling their dreams of a pure and Greater Israel.

Third, the cessation of the U.S.-PLO dialogue has blocked off all avenues for the peace. process. Though the dialogue lacked substance, it was important because it became a symbol of hope for the Palestinian people. The Palestinians viewed the U.S.-PLO link as an opportunity to engage the superpower m a constructive dialogue and also to tell the American people their side of the story. America never listened. George Bush sne-cumbed to Jewish pressure and played into the hands of the Likudniks as well as the PLO hardliners who were fed up of Yasir Arafat kowtowing to American and Israeli demands. It is a shame that American policy in the Middle East, however well-intentioned it maybe, is directed towards promoting extremism and conflict instead of moderation and compromise. The Middle East is in desperate need of prudent Israeli leaders. The present leaders in Israel are not statemen. They are neither men of vision nor men of peace. They are misguided militarists who hide behind a fallacious argument (the occupied territories are a security must) in order to secure their immoral ends (laying claim to all of Eretz Israel).

Israel is the key to a just peace in the Middle East. If and when Israel decides to facilitate such a peace depends on its ability to produce suitable and worthy leaders; leaders of great conviction who can overturn everyone's expectations and actually make history; leaders who can put an end to the senseless killing of women and children in the occupied territories; leaders who can rise above petty party politics and expose the Likud's policy as a subterfuge to acquire more Palestinian land; leaders who can manipulate the hopes rather than the fears of the Israeli people and convince them that their fate lay intertwined with the Arabs; leaders who can above all provide a formula to overcome the regional tensions and lead the Middle East onto the road to peace and off the road to war.

Singh emerges victorious, submerges his weakness

By Michael Battye Renter

NEW DELHI — A bitter power struggle has exposed the leadership weakness of Indian Prime Minister Vishwanath Pratap Singh and called into question his ability to keep his minority government in power, diplomats said on Tuesday.

Although Singh emerged victorious from a confrontation with his deputy, he handled the crisis badly and may yet face another challenge, they said.

"The question has to be asked now how long this government can last, because it has looked very foolish over the last few days and Singh himself must have lost credibility," said one senior Western envoy. "He did not handle the crisis at

all well and came up with a patchwork solution that is not general elections. going to last because his style of to this kind of power play," the diplomat said.

Singh, who quit the long dominant Congress Party because "expressing an opinion was regarded as a sin," swept to power at the head of a disparate opposition coalition in December less than three years later, promising a new era of politics.

No longer would dissent be stifled, corruption would be eradicated, nepotism abolished, porters while letting Devi Lal do and politics would be based on issues not personalities, he de-

The crisis that ended on Monfrom close colleagues furious never have it." over Singh's inaction as Deputy Prime Minister Devi Lal managed the return to power of his eldest son as chief minister of

Harvana state. Om Prakash Chantala had been forced out of the job in May by a furious outcry in Singh's Janata Dal Party, led by Singh himself, over his alleged responsibility for by-election violence in

which 13 people were killed. Led by Arun Nehru and Arif humiliated, Devi Lal will try to Mohammad Khan, 13 ministers get his own back," said analyst S. offered their resignations, rejected once the crisis was over, saying Chautala's return was ity of this government. I see it as against everything the party stood an irreversible step towards the for and that Devl Lal's ambitions dissolution of the Janata Dal."

One close colleague, who asked not to be identified, defended Singh's initial inaction, saying he was canght in a 'genuine dilemma" between his own political values and a belief that be should not intervene in state politics.

"It is not a departure from value-based politics to be caught in a conflict of values," the colague said.

Singh has said repeatedly he does not wish to be the traditional Indian leader who imposes his views, saying that is anti-democratic. He says he prefers to "manage contradictions"

The crisis, however, brought sharp criticism from one newspaper that swung its support behind him for those views during the campaign for last November's

"It is for him to summon the leadership makes him vulnerable will to lead rather than be buffeted by diverse and even conflicting forces from within his own ranks," the Times of India said in an editorial.

Criticism is also emerging from the upper echelons of those ranks. One formerly close colleague accused Singh of seeking to hold on to power in contradiction to his stated values.

"One by one he has picked off and undermined his closest supwhat he likes," said the source, who asked not to be identified. Why? Because be saw them as rivals for the job whereas Devi day night began with a revolt Lal, despite all his hopes, can

> Devi Lal, a rough 75-year-old peasant leader, scarcely seeks to hide his ambitions in private, according to those around him.

> Analysts said they doubted he would stop seeking to expand his power base despite a humbling defeat in the crisis. Chautala was forced to resign again and no concessions were offered in re-

To the extent that be has been

NATO wins Germany, but

NATO

By Nicholas Doughty

BRUSSELS - NATO has won Germany and at a stroke changed the post-war military balance in

But military analysts say the alliance, although flushed with victory now, may face problems with arms control and the continued presence of U.S. forces on the continent.

"NATO has triumphed and broken the mould of the cold war military halance," said Regina Cowen-Karp of the Stockholm International Peace Research In-

"But it doesn't really matter anymore, since there is no real threat from the East and peace has broken out."

East and West Germany, the two most heavily militarised countries on earth, formed the frontline for NATO and the Warsaw Pact during the cold war.

Occupying the key strategic the two states are still full of U.S. and Soviet troops and hundreds of nuclear warheads. When Soviet President Mikhail

Gorbachev announced on Monday that be would no longer oppose German membership in NATO, he cracked that structure forever.

It means that NATO territory will be extended to the Polish border, that the once-mighty East

German army will be disbanded and that the 360,000 Soviet troops based in East Germany will be gone within a few years.

changes in modern and lethal

weaponry will prove any war of

any scale disastrous. In a fu-

ture war with the Arabs, Sha-

mir and his cabinet may also

It is also another nail in the coffin of the Warsaw Pact. seriously weakened since democracy came to the countries of Eastern Europe, NATO diplo-

"In effect, this means that there will be no more Soviet troops in Eastern Europe, since they are already withdrawing from Hungary and Czechoslovakia," said Hans Binnendijk of the International Institute for Strategic Studies in London. But that could have a less than

welcome effect for NATO. "The alliance will have to convince people that the U.S. troops presence in Western Europe is. still needed, even if there are no Soviet forces on the other side,"

said Binnendijk. NATO boasts that it is the only effective forum that locks the United States and Canada into

If U.S. troops - whose presence is now more of a political statement than a military necessity - were to go home, it would seriously undermine the alliance's foundations.

NATO's 16 members, including the United States, are already under enormous popular pressure to cut their armed forces.

NATO Secretary-General Manfred Woerner recently issued An initial agreement, likely to

a plea not to make unilateral cuts, fences could be maintained.

Germany may increase pressure pieces of heavy equipment. for quick arms cuts and seriously But the follow-on talks, aimed interfere with the alliance's at reducing the forces of other efforts to keep it all within the countries including those of a ordered framework of East-West united Germany, are going to be arms control. "People will say: 'look, the

spending," she said.

so that credible, coherent de- be signed this year, will cot U.S. and Soviet forces in central But Cowen-Karp believes Europe to 195,000 on each side NATO's latest victory in winning and scrap thousands of tanks and

difficult.

"CFE was designed for another Russians have given in. Let's just world, when there were still two get soon with reducing our arms enemies - NATO and the Warpending," she said. saw Pact," said one alliance di-Another problem for NATO is plomat. "The problem now is how to carry out with Vienna working out how the arms cuts negotiations on cutting Conven- should be divided up. There are tional Forces in Europe (CFE) no more sides."

Mutt'n'Jeff



Andy Capp



Peanuts



LETTERS

The bond is still there

To the Editor:

I am sure that many Arab countries must sometimes question what has happened to that unique and traditional bond of friendship which for so long existed between the people of Britain and the Arab World.

I would like to assure your readers that it is very much alive and

When I recently appealed to British people for help to provide holidays in Britain for Palestinian orphaned children from the refugee camps, the response was immediate and almost overwhelming. Even the British Navy offered their support as hosts for

Your readers may wish to know that a charitable trust is being set up in Britain which will help Palestinian orphaned children in the long term.

> The Palestinian Orphan Children Trust 9 Elm View Ash Hill Aldershot Hants - England.

Published Every Thursday

July 19, 1990 A

NICOSIA (AFP) - The death of the renowned Syrian poet Omar Abu Risheh Sunday at the age of 80, drew various reactions from Arab fore the last in the classical writers and poets in Syria, Jordan and Egypt.

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These poets and writers considered his death a big loss for contemporary Arab poetry, because he was not only a poet but also an authority on classical Arab literature and

President of the Syrian Academy of Arabic Shaker Al Fahbam deseribed Abn Risbeh as a genius who wrote the most beautiful Arab poems and sonnets.

Risheh's poetry reflected the feelings of his Arab Nation. He also noted that the woman has taken a major part of his of poetry, which believes in

Therefore, Fahham said, "his death was a loss for the novelty which he represented. With his death, the page be-Arab poetry book has been turned", Fahham said.

Arab Writers Union Chairman Ali Uqlah Irsan described his death as a great loss of a renowned and talented poet. "With his death, the Arab Nation has lost one of its most renowned poets in the 20th century and one of the famous Arab poets who had an influential presence in Arab culture."

Egyptian novelist Eduard Kharrat said, Ahu Risheh Fahbam said that Abn occupied a unique status among the first generation of Arab poets. "Abu Risheh belonged to the romantic school the unity of the Arab poem."

Kharrat said that Ahu Risbeb kept himself away from the new kinds of poetry, which emerged in the second half of the twentieth century, and has remained faithful to the classical style of Arabic

Collette Khouri, an Arab writer, considered Ahu Risheb one of the giants of Arab literature and poetry. Saudi novelist Abdul Rah-

man Munif said Abu Risheh's poetry will stand as a living memorial to Ahu Risheh, who will always be remembered in the Arab World.

Egyptian novelist Jamal Al Ghitani said the death of Ahu Risheh was a great loss for Arab poetry.

He noted that Abu Risheh was not only a poet but also an authority in the classical Arab poetry and literature.

Egyptian poet Faroug Shousheh described Abu Risheh's death as "a great loss for the contemporary Arab poetry, which lost one of its pillars.

He added that Abu Risheh enjoyed a unique status in the hearts of all Arabs who appreciated his poems since he first started writing poetry in the early fourties. "His verses were like bullets fired at colonialists and tyrannical rulers and Arab backward-

Jordanian poet and writer Abdul Rahim Omar said the death of Ahu Risbeh was "a great loss for our contemporary poetry." Omar said that Ahu Risheb's poems reflect historical stands.

The "Jordanian poet put Abu Risheh in the ranks of most famous and renowned unique from those written



Omar Aba Risheb

Arab poets, namely Ahmad Shawqi, Hafez Ibrahim in Egypt, Jamil Sedki Al Zahawi in Iraq, Alexander Khouri and Hafez Ibrahim in Pales-

Head of the Arabic Literature Department at Damascus University Omar Mousa said. Basha said Aou Risbeh was Pr one of the first pioneers of contemporary Arab writers and poets. He described his romantic verses and poems as

during the time of Shawqi, Hafez Ibrahim, Khalil Mutran, Ali Mahmoud Taha and others.

"This type of poetry was characterised by affluent passions, great meanings and flying imagination" Basha

Professor of modern Arabic literature at Damascus University Azizeh Mureiden said that Abu Risheh was in the forefrent of the new classical school of poetry.

Superwoman finds it hard to live up to her nickname

By Penelope Hocking-Vigie Reuter

MONACO - Shirley "superwoman" Conran practices what she preaches. She pays her house cleaner the same wages she pays her executive secretary — because she considers. them equally important.

But "superwoman" is a hard nickname to live up to, b-achieved overnight fame when the book of the same be name was published 15 years

"For example, when I booked for a skiing holiday under my maiden name, the cutour organisers told some journalists who I was, and sold them tickets so they could watch me take a fall," ** she told Reuters.

Former wife of British designer and business tycoon Sir Terence Conran, Shirley Con-



Shirley Conran

ran, has found a haven in the tiny Mediterranean principality of Monaco, which she says has none of the malice and envy one can find in London.

"Monaco is also a place of law and order," said the author of Lace, the raunchy best-selling novel which, with its sequel Lace 2, was made into a television serial.

"I'm not sexually harrassed

bere, as I have been in London or New York... when I arrived 11 years ago, I would not have thought that a positive advantage. Now I appreciate it.

Conran began writing practical books to help women reduce housework when her marriage broke up and she had to raise her two sons Sebastian and Jasper alone.

of fame that was going to hit me after Superwoman, she recalled. "I bad just noticed this phenomenon that we were all supposed to copy. I christened ber Superwoman.

then I attacked her." She later turned to writing fiction, which paid better, but she remains a firm advocate of liberating women from housework, and alternates fiction with practical books. She has produced seven books in the past 11 years and is currently

working on a novel set in the south of France. "Lace is about women's

attitude to sex and money," Conran explained. "The reason I wanted to write about sex, apart from the fact that it was my obsession, is that I was tired of the way

Lawrence's heroine Lady men would tear them out of Chatterley, was that she was a man. It became clear to me responses."

book is called Down With justly remarked: 'Any woman Superwoman. "I chose that can drive a bulldozer, but it

being attacked by people who inove a bed." hadn't bothered to read Superwoman," she said.

"I write about tried and tested systems of doing practical things, and they work. I like to think of my suggestions editor. as simple, not trite ... It would modern authors like D.H. be really liberating for women Observer Colour magazine to Lawrence or Ernest Heming- if the luxury car manufactur- edit its women's section, and way had tackled it from the ers Ferrari or Porsche de- handled the publicity for the "Then I read Erica Jong, appliances would then bewho said the trouble with come such status symbols that

our hands. "I usually try to hire men to that I didn't know what other clean my home. Housework is women's sexual responses strenuous, and muscle helps. I were. I interviewed women once met the first woman cosand then wrote a book with monaut, the Russian Valentifour beroines, because there na Tereshkova. When she were four basic semale sexual aeard I'd written books on how to reduce housework... Conran's latest practical we swapped ideas, and she

title because I was fed up with takes physical strength to

Shirley Conran was a designer until the age of 30, when she become design adviser in London to the Daily Mail newspaper and then home

She then moved to the wumen in media" cami for legislation against sex discrimination. She describes a feminist as

any woman who has ever received a pay packet. "It simply means baving your work or opinion valued as highly as a man's," she said.

"But I don't think things will be resolved until my small grandson's generation. I don't see how it can be avoided. The longe it goes on, the morc the traditional male attitude looks laughable."

By Alain Kimmel

PARIS - Recent surveys show that school is the institution in which the French have the most confidence, even if schools, parents and teachers display their dissatisfaction now and then, complaining of there being too many pupils to a class and calling for new premises and more teachers. It is true that numbers of pupils keep increasing. At the beginning of the last school year, nearly 14 million students (a quarter of the population) were received in the various establishments, and secondary schools (lycees) had an intake of pupils up by 85,000 on last

In 1985, barely 45 per cent of young people aged 18 were still studying. In 1990, there are 60 per cent. The French Department of Education is creating more and more teaching posts with a view to having 1,250,000 teachers in 1990.

Education in France is free, and compulsory until the age of 16. It is divided into three periods: kindergarten from the ages of 3 to 6, then primary school till the age of 11, and then the various systems of secondary education leading to the baccalaureat (higher secondary school certificate). From 1959 to 1967, the success rate at this examination was about 60 per cent. In 1989, it beat its record with 75.5 per cent of pupils passing the bacclaureat. A success rate of 80 per cent is expected before the year 2,000.

Things are moving in French education. This year saw the application of a law to guide education in a new direction. Over 170,000 primary school children had their level assessed in reading, writing and arithmatic, with the aim of giving extra tuition to those who need it. The "computer plan" is being developed and pupils are becoming familiar with microcomputers. Student-delegate councils are also spreading in schools.

In addition to state education, there is also private schooling. It receives a grant from the state and is attended by about a quarter of schoolage children. A considerable proportion of the French population feels attached to the system to the extent of demonstrating in the street, if necessary, to defend the private sector when it appeared to be threatened.

Higher Education. A quarter of young people aged 20-24 continue their studies after the baccalaureat. These students, who number 1,200,000, go to university, preparatory classes for admission to the

elite "grandes ecoles", or to specialised higher training establishments.

French universities receive just over a million students. The greatest number of them are drawn to studies in arts and medicine, but law and economics also have a good following. Every year, universities award more than studying for a diploma in The latest figures known are 100,000 diplomas and de-

Specialised studies, particularly in husiness-related subjects, are experiencing tremendous expansion. Thus in university institutes of tech-

higher technical studies. Today, there are 130,000. In 13 per cent of the total. commercial studies, there are nearly 30,000 students now, whereas in 1960, there were in France. Moreover, the only 5,000.

In the European Communwere fewer than 8,000 people for receiving foreign students. France.

132,000 in 1986, that is to say

As can be seen, school and education are the top priority state budget devotes its biggest share to it: 20 per cent in nology (IUT), in 1960, there ity, France comes in first place 1990. - L'Actualite en



Education tops list of priorities in France

FROM POET TO ENVOY: One of Jordan's leading poets and writers, Haider Mahmoud, bas been tipped to become the Kingdom's next ambassador to Bahrain, succeeding Mr. Amjad Majali who bas been moved back to base. Mahmoud will certainly find an enthusiastic audience in the Gulf emirate. He, like many Arab poets in the past and present, had good days and bad days in his relations with people in government. He headed the country's Department of Culture and Arts for many years until he fell out of favour with former Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and almost landed in jail in 1988. Mahmoud was rehabilitated by Prime Minister Mudar Badran and has been serving as adviser at the prime ministry since the early days of this year. The poet-writer's pending ambassadorial appointment to Bahrain caps a chequered career in public service of many years. He might have preferred to reside by Lake Geneva, if he had to leave on a mission ahroad at all. But the post of being Jordan's representative to the U.N.'s European headquarters in Geneva was not available since it has already been taken by Sharif Fawaz Sharaf, our outgoing ambassador to Germany, who has been transferred there. Incidentally, these two appointments bave not been officially announced yet, but they are the first known cases of a large ambassadorial reshuffle that will involve at least ten ambassadors in the next few weeks.

THE PRICE OF FAME: A leftist parliamentarian recently travelled to Syria for a rest. He wanted to get away, spend a vacation and bave nothing to do with politics and politicians for several days. It was an exercise in futility, as he put it. When he got to Damascus, word had spread around that he was there, and Syrian politicians would not leave him in peace, not for an hour, let alone a whole day. "They even arranged for me to go to the Bekaa Valley (in Lebanon) to see what was happening there," he complained. "What started as a vacation ended up as a very busy tour," be said. "Not only the Syrian leadership was interested to hear and discuss what was happening in Jordan today, the whole spectrum of Palestinian groups

busy schedule indeed.

based in Syria wanted to know about us as well." It was a

POLITICS IN HUMAN RIGHTS: No sooner had it bad been set up than it went up in flames. The recently established Jordan chapter of Amnesty International had just elected Deputy Mansour Murad as its chairman when an Amnesty representative, Ahmad Othmani, arrived in the Kingdom and decided that the buman rights group did not need a politician to be at its helm. In fact, Murad is not merely a member of the Lower House with an ordinary background. He bad the distinguished past of baving participated in armed struggle operations against Israeli targets in the 1970s. So Ramadan Rawashdeh, one of the group of 31 human rights activists who established the chapter, took over the top joh - called "coordinator" this time around.

ROW OVER WORDS: Deputy Mansour Murad lost the chairmanship of Amnesty International only to get embroiled in a row with two prominent Jordanian news-paper columnists: Khaled Mahadin of Al Ra'i and Mohammad Daoudieb of Al Dustour. The two bad both written articles criticising the Lower House's performance on the issue of unemployment and other issues. Murad shot back. He accused Daoudieb of "selling out" to the regime (in launching attacks against deputies), drawing an immediate response and a counter charge that be behaved as if be was an MP in a foreign - and not a Jordanian - parliament which itself is part of the regime. In assailing Mahadin, who is also a Royal Court adviser. Murad wrote a letter to the Speaker of the Lower House in which he said: "Mahadin's article of July 10, 1990 evokes astonishment and surprise since it implies that whatever the parliament says or does is total nonsense, and especially since the writer is a Royal Court adviser and what he writes should be in line with the requirements of his position."

Mahadin's response was that he wrote the article in his personal capacity and not as a press adviser to His Majesty the King, and as such journalists themselves needed protection from attacks by deputies and not vice versa. The row continues for now, but signs are emerging that it may be solved soon due to efforts being made through the good offices of both journalists and parliamentarians.

DISAPPOINTMENT IN JERASH: Adding his voice to those writers who bave been attacking opposition to the Jerash Festival, Mohammad Tommalahe, the satirist col-umnist at the Arahic daily Sawt Al Shaab, wrote the following: "After hearing all the attacks (mainly hy Islamist deputies) against the festival I went there expecting to find beautiful women with barely any clothes on lining the ancient colonnades and poets going into theatres with bottles of wine in their hands." Tommalahe was apparently borrowing from the famous pre-Islam Arab festival of Ukaz where poets and waitresses mingled and wine consumed. Unfortunately, Tommalahe went on, nothing of the above was in evidence, 'which was truly a big disappointment,"

OBITUARY: My dear companion, six days have passed after your death over which I was filled with grief and deep pain. I have lived through the past week with heavy tears over your loss because you bad been my companion since youth, and together, we bave lived a decent life. You have died as a victim of those with sick minds and economic corruption in the absence of law. We pray to God to give us consolation over your loss. The Petra Bank employees mourn with deep sorrow and grief the young Petra Bank which passed away Wednesday, July 11, 1990 at the age of 12 and was laid to rest in Amman. Condolences can be offered to the Banking and Insurance Employees Association on Jabal Hussein until further notice. N.B. We appeal to all those truly concerned about the interests of the working class to sympathise with and give support to their kind the Petra Bank employees who have now become orphans and appeal for your backing for their rights and gains and their survival - an article by Ayham Sharayheh that appeared in Sawt Al Shaab of July 18.

Abdullah Hasanat

PEN FRIENDS

THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE

To the Editor:

I am writing to you to seek pen friends to my sons through your esteemed newspaper.

My sons are school-age and are very much interested in having pen friends around the world. I shall be very grateful, if you publish their names & address in your esteemed newspaper.

Their names & addresses as follows:

- a. S. Kamalakanth age 16 years C/o Mrs. N.D. Lilyan Enid Canankette Welpalla Via-Kuliapitiya Sri Lanka
- b. S. Gauganath age 14 years C/o Mrs. N.D. Lilyan Enid Ganankette Welpalla Via-Kulliapitiya Sri Lanka
- S. Chatthurenge age 12 years C/o Mrs. N.D. Lilyan Enid Ganankette Welpalla Via-Kuliapitiya Sri Lanka

Thanking you and looking forward for a favourable response.

> N.D. Lilyan Enid Ganankette Welpalla Via-Kuliapitiya Sri Lanka

To the Editor:

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My name is Magda and I am 19. I am Polish, I live in Wroclaw and I am a secondary school student. My hobby is rather unusual, because I am interested in Arabic lands. Every day I watch TV news and I wait for programmes where there are a lot of information about the Arab World. I am very interested in Islamic and Arabic architecture. I am also interested in Arabic culture and language, and I would like to contact people with whom I can exchange information on the Arab World.

I hope that you will be able to help me by publishing my letter in your newspaper.

> Magda Kaczanowska Gersona Str. 7/6 51-664 Wroclaw Poland

Weekend Crossword

120 Bombastic or 121 Mineral used

We apologise to our readers that the JTV Weekly Preview does not appear today, due to failure of Jordan Television to supply us with it.



Shankar's international

competition MERCHANT CONTRACTOR CO

THE SHANKAR'S International Children's Con., ... is open for children all over the world in order to create love and understanding among children of various countries. Competitors should be born on or after Jan. 1,1975. The children who choose to compete have the freedom to choose the theme or subject they are interested in for their painting, drawing, or writing. Each entry should be certified by a parent or guardian. The entries should also be an individual effort not a combined work. There is no entry fee. Each entry should include the full name of the competitor, the date of birth, nationality, the competitor's full address and the subject or title of the entry.

All envelopes should be prepaid and mailed, especially from countries other than India before Sept. 30, 1990 to: Shankar's International Children's Competition Nehru House

4 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg New Delhi 110 002

Drawings should be coloured. (Black and white drawings will not be accepted). The size of each entry should not be less than 30 cm x 40 cm in size. A competitor may submit up to six entries. The entries should not be mounted or framed.

Written work should be in English, translations from other languages are not accepted. Entries should be in the form of poems, plays, short stories, essays, descriptive writing etc. A competitor may submit up to six entries neatly handwritten or typed.

Edited by Herb Ettenson

The Pilgrim

By E. Yaghi

JEHAN sat in her sister-in-law's small crowded house in dreaded anticipation of the grand entrance of the transmuted "hadjeh." The smell of thick Arab coffee tantalised the occupants of the small room and floated upwards mixing with the heat and the jocund sound of tinkling decorations that swaved with a slight breeze that somehow forced its way through the cramped window.

Jehan sat uncomfortable, sweating, waiting and thinking about all the beneficial outcomes of a sincere pilgrim of the annual Haj in Mecca. She felt that anyone lucky enough to perform the pilgrimage would come back with renewed faith and almost be born again. She hoped that peace, the dominant theme of Haj, would still linger (if it had been there in the first place) in her sister-in-law's heart. She also hoped that the intermingling of all races and classes of people during the pilgrimage would make the hadjeh humble and take the edge off her sharp tongue.

As a peace offering and also as a token of the pilgrimage, Jehan's young children had purchased a 50 kilogramme sack of sugar. Jehan knew it was very heavy for her children but they had dragged it from a small neighbourhood shop to their aunt's tiny entrance way where steep narrow stairs towered imposing in refusal their efforts to haul their burden any further. So they dumped the sugar at the bottom of the stairs and with their mother, Jehan, puffed their way up to congratulate their aunt who lived on the third floor.

When her short round sister-in-law missiled in upon the scene in her ponderous style with her harsh words, Jehan knew there was no hope.

"Why did you bring a sack of sugar? Who told you to? We don't want it. Take it back! We're going to abandon this bad habit of taking sacks of sugar for any occasion. Whenever you have a celebration of any kind, we aren't going to bring anything to you," said her rude sister-in-law, rasping out her anger and venom in one upheaval of breath, her face swollen and red with rage, her arms flying in exaggerated gestures.

Although she didn't exactly expect a red carpet treatment, Jehan was totally unprepared for this violent explosion and arm raving of her sister-in-law. She was caught off guard. She looked at the hadjeh. She saw her unkempt hair sticking out in curiy coils like horns. The pilgrim's brows met in a knitted frown and her mouth curled down in disfavour. Jehan looked around the room at ber sister-in-law's meek children who had receded into their shells like lethargic turtles. No one dare tell their mother to be quiet for fear of a good tongue lashing.

Jehan felt resentment boil in her blood and burn on her face. In embarrassment she flushed red and her eyes blinked with incomprehension at the antics of her sister-inlaw, who was overbearing, over-confident and overly rude. Jehan immediately recalled her father's story of the cat who always ate mice. Dazed, she sat in sort of a trance remembering the story. It went like this:

The cat regretted his insatiable appetite for mice and vowed to change his bad habits so he went to Haj. He became a pilgrim and returned to his home supposedly reformed. All the mice who lived in his house wanted to congratulate him but they feared that he would eat them. They kept trying to go and see him but in apprehension would stumble over each other and retreat. They finally decided to choose one of them as their negotiator. If the cat ate him then the rest would not go to greet the Pilgrim.

Hesitant, the chosen mouse approached the cat. The cat saw fear shine in the mouse's eyes and said, "have no fear my friend, I swore I wouldn't eat another mouse after my pilgrimage."

But the mouse was clever and valued his life. He looked at the cat's whiskers. They were twitching. He looked deep into the cat's eyes and there he saw the same gleam that had been there just before he pounced on his victims and devoured them up. So, he returned saying, "Al Haj (the cat) performed the pilgrimage but he still has the same gleam in his eye." Of course, all the mice were warned and staved away from the cat.

Not wishing to reciprocate her sister-in-law's wrath because of her husband, Jehan in crest-fallen resignation slipped out of the hadjeh's house and in tearful silence returned bome, knowing that her sister-in-law's apprelence of all that she had seen and been blessed to learn was indeed only superficial and that the true knowledge and meaning of the pilgrimage had obviously not penetrated

THIS WEEK IN HISTORY

Thursday, July 19

1870 — France declares war on Prussia, opening Franco-Prussian war.

abdicates under Japan's pressure.

1918 — German armies begin retreat across Marne Riv- rus with powerful land, sea er after being defeated in their and air forces. last great offensive in France during World War I.

Angola and Cuba formally 1928 - King Faud stages accept agreement aimed at coup in Egypt and parliament withdrawal of foreign troops is dissolved.

stages first raid on Rome, Italy, in World War II.

1956 — United States and Britain inform Egypt they hit with severe damage cannot participate in financing Aswan Dam project.

1975 - U.S. and Soviet astronauts and cosmonauts end their two-day linkup in space.

1987 - Landslides and severe flooding in Italy claim 14 lives.

Friday, July 20

1903 - Morocco grants France control of frontier police.

1913 — Turkey recaptures Adrianople from Bulgaria.

1945 — U.S. flag is raised over Berlin as U.S. troops prepare to take part in occupation government after World War II.

1951 - King Abdullah is assassinated in Jerusalem. 1954 — Armistice for In-

dochina is signed in Geneva, under which France evacuates North Vietnam; Communists evacuate South Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos; and

France undertakes to respect announces that Greece and independence of Cambodia, Laos and Vietnam.

1969 - U.S. astronaut Neil 1907 - Emperor of Korea Armstrong becomes first man to set foot on the moon. 1974 — Turkey invades

Mediterranean island of Cyp-1988 - South Africa,

from Angola and independ-1943 - Allied air force ence for South-West Africa. 1989 - Ethnic unrest con-

tinnes in Soviet Georgia where major power station is

Saturday, July 21

1798 - France's Napoleon Bonaparte wins Battle of Pyramids and becomes master of Egypt.

1920 - Sinn Fein and union riot in Belfast, Ireland; King Feisal recognises French mandate in Syria.

1960 - Mrs. Sirimavo Bandaranaike becomes premier of Ceylon after elections — first woman premier in history of

British Commonwealth. 1962 - Indian and Chinese

troops clash in two disputed areas of Kashmir. 1969 — U.S. Apollo 11

astronauts Neil Armstrong and Edwin Aldrin Jr. blast off from moon and head back to Earth after man's first lunar ple and wounding 48. landing. 1973 - France explodes

nnclear device over South Pacific island despite worldwide protests.

1974 — United States fore returning to their ships.

Turkey agree to ceasefire in war on island of Cyprus.

1987 — Police turn back protesting ultra-orthodox Jews who try to enter gravesite where U.S. archaeologists and students are evacuating Byzantine-era ruins.

1988 — Ayatollah Khomemi calls for Iranians to accept truce with Iraq, in best interests of Islamic revolu-

Sunday, July 22___.

1812 - British under Duke under Marshal Marmont at

1943 - Allied forces capture Palermo, Sicily, in World War II.

1950 — King Leopold III returns to Belgium after six years of exile.

1961 - United Nations orders ceasefire after clashes between French and Tunisians in Tunisia.

1971 — Last U.S. infantry units are pulled out of South Vietnam's northern border

1977 — Egypt bombs and

strafes major air base in Libya in second day of conflict between the two countries.

1988 - Car loaded with bombs blows up near Syrian military intelligence base in west Beirut, killing seven peo-

Monday, July 23

1595 — Spanish land at Cornwall, England, and burn mousehold and penzance be-

1631 - Sweden's King Gustavus II repuises imperialist force at Werben, Russia.

1759 — Russians under Saltikov defeat Prussians at Kav in eastern Germany, and onefourth of Prussian army of 27,000 is lost. 1785 — Prussia's Frederick

the Great forms Die Furstenbund (League of German Princes)...

1882 - Koreans attack Japanese legation in Scoul, provoking Chinese interven-

1894 -- Japanese troops of Wellington defeat French seize palace in Seoul, Korea.

1913 — "Second revolution" breaks out in south China. 1914 - Austria and Hun-

gary issue ultimatum to Serbia after assassination of Archduke Ferdinand,

1945 - Marshal Henri Philippe Petain is put on trial, charged with betraying France in World War II.

1952 — General Mohammad Neguib scizes power in Egypt. 1954 - Indochina settle-

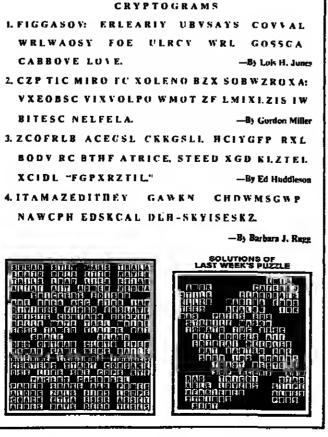
ment is approved by France's National Assembly. 1958 — Queen Elizabeth

names four women to peerages — first women to sit in Britain's House of Lords.

1974 — Greece's military rulers announce they will turn nation back to civilian rule, and Constantine Caramanlis returns from self-imposed exile and is sworn in as premier.

1988 — Iran says Iraqi troops are pushing deep into Iranian territory.

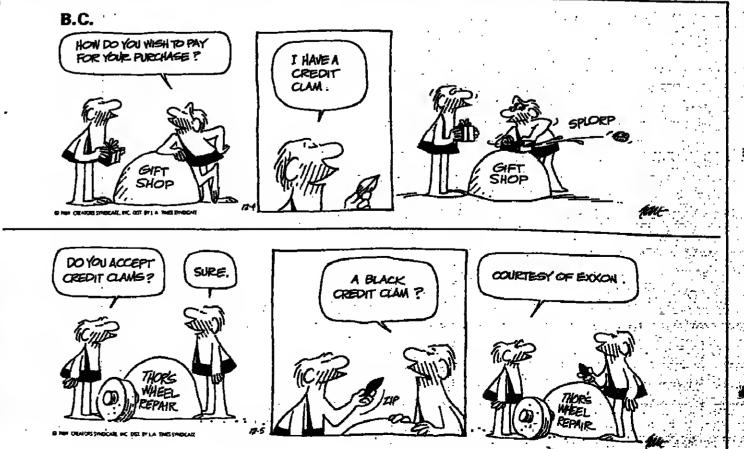
By the Associated Press



Last Week's Cryptograms

Coy coyole eyes many young tittle goats cating on tall mountain.
Circus seal does a better balancing act than the budget director.
Fancy folk may look across a crowded room and see only walls.

I shall not put any great cines in this cryptograph.



Ben Kingsley — the master storyteller

By Tom Porteous

CANNES, France - "It was the emotional experience of being kicked in the leg at school for being darker than the other children that propelled me into an acting

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Ben Kingsley's tone of voice bardly changes as he starts to talk of his experience as an Anglo-Indian child growing up in Britain immediately after World War II. But the expression in his eyes becomes slightly keener, and as he continues to speak on the subject his voice becomes more emotional. All the time one senses the refined control of the facial movements and voice of the actor whose portrayal of Mahatma Gandhi in the Oscar-winning film Gandhi is one of the most spectacular performance of the contemporary cinema.

"Born in Yorkshire, speaking no other language than English, J got so tired of people watching my lips move to make sure what language I was speaking. It was thick, numbskull prejudice that interferred with just being be held..." Here Kingsley pauses and, narrowing his eyes, asks, "Do you understand? That interfered with just being seen and beard. My irritation at not being listened to, not question of being very en- a child, combined with the through us actors to the audi-

child, left me with no other choice but to get up onto the biggest platform I could find (the stage) and say: OK! Right! Now can you hear? Good!"

The battle Kingsley had to fight to prove himself in the bigotted England of the 1940s and 1950 is long over. It gave him the impetus to enter a career in which he has excelled -- both in the theatre and, since "Gandhi," as an internationally acclaimed star of the big screen. Kingsley won the battle; in fact, he trium-

When I met Kingsley in Cannes. he was promoting two new films shot last year and about to be released. In one he plays an Edwardian English gentleman, in the other a Brazilian animal trapper. The contrast between the two roles emphasises once again the extraordinary versatility of this highly professional. fincly tuned actor now 47 vears old

success in the British theatre seeks out the need for you to of the 1960s as follows: "If you find your method of ex- was a celebration of acting pression, I think it releases a and as such it revealed to me a certain amount of energy which attracts things to it. Enthusiastic passion for what you do attracts people of an equal mind...With me it's a tional experiences of racism as being comprehended as a gaged in my work. Fortunate- professional experience of ence. It's a very privileged Turkish blood, a polyglot, re- and of such political con-

ly this surrounded me with working with some of the some remarkable colleagues. masters of the British theatre, And the actor can only be as equipped him uniquely for the good as the company he keeps part of Gandhi. But at the allows him to be good."

Royal Shakespeare Company. Shortly before Brooke left England to found his now reknowned international threatre troupe, he directed Kingsley in Shakespeare's A Midsummer Night's Dream. Kingsley remembers the prohis career: "It was one of my first substantial roles with the Royal Shakespeure Company. Substantial enough for me to be able to enter a really muscular relationship with the other actors and the director. Peter's (Brooke) determination to draw out what is remarkable in a play and the troupe of actors performing that play is so finely honed, it's like a wonderful instru-Kingsley explains his early ment, it's like a sculpel that be an actor...The production whole layer of why I wanted to be an actor and what acting is all about."

Kingsley's harrowing emo-

time he had never been to Among the "remarkable India. Was he not somewhat colleagues" of Kingsley's daunted, when he arrived theatre career was Peter there for the shooting, by the Brooke, then director at the prospect of playing an almost godlike man revered not only in India but all over Europe's former Asian and African colonies as the hero of independ-

"It's a little bit like being cast as Romeo," Kingsley said, "and they don't allow duction as a turning point in you to meet Juliet until you walk onto the set. My Juliet was the Indian sub-continent. remember arriving by airplane in New Delhi: the doors of the plane opened and there she was - the smell, the texture, taste, colour. I totally fell in love with India, and it has not altered since."

> Since then Kingsley has returned often, and he is welcomed with "unabashed affection," he said. On a recent trip huge crowds turned out to hear him speak. The experience has led him to see himself as a promoter of dialogue between Western and Eastern cultures, "Not only do I feel as an intermediary between East and West, I think acting at its best is being an intermediary, Ideas travel

ancient one too. The ancient tribal position of the healer, priest, storyteller sitting around the old bonfire telling stories to the tribe is a position that 1 think is still very necessary.*

More necessary than ever, maybe, in these days of social, political and cultural upheaval and conflicts, particularly between Western civilisation and the developing world. But the position has also become more dangerous as mass communications with worldwide reach put on the frontline the artist or writer.

Off stage, Kingsley shows none of the irreverent, satirical outspokeness of some of the characters he played, but his choice of roles shows a clear purpose. A deeply sensitive, almost shy man, be explains that he takes great pleasure in picking roles in which politics - especially the interaction between different cultures — can be explored. Gandhi is the foremost example, but for Kingsley a better case is the role of Basil Pascali in Pascali's Island, a substle psychological and political drama set on a Turkish island at the turn of the 19th cen-

"Pascali was the perfect Ottoman Empire gentleman, a man of mixed European and fic contemporary significance

position to be in and a very fined, cultured, intelligent, creative. But the context in which he could operate was disappearing, daily being eroded away by the new European order moving into the Eastern sensibility. J found the East-West dilemmamore readily explorable in that character than in the ontological security of a character like Mahatma Gandhi, who started life as a bow-tie wearing young lawyer and then turned into an ancient

Brahmin god, practically.

Kingsley clearly enjoys exploring ambivalent situations, where no belief is secure and everything is put into question. He is intrigued, both as a consumate actor facing the challenge of a multi-faceted role and as a shrewd observer of human affairs. He is also acutely aware that the culture conflict which interests him most -- between the West and the Orient - has grown ever more intense in the past de-

Recently Kingsley was offered the part of a Palestinian peacemaker in a proposed film about the Arab-Israeli conflict. "Again it is this same dilemma individualised," he commented. "It's a very attractive proposition." But with themes of such speci-



Seen here in his latest film, the Children, Ben Kingsley sometimes takes the role of the ancient storyteller who commands attention.

troversy, he added, one has to does resemble the ancient your product you moralise as well - and that's a danger of the American system of filmmaking — then you have to find the enemy, and in the

find the enemy because it's far

too complex. The complex, the insecure, the unpredictable in human nature: these are the material of Kingsley's art. Despite the framework of high-tech entertainment media, Kingsley

consider the ideological limits storyteller, the healer, the and constraints of commercial soothsayer of old: What he film production. 'If in selling says and how he says it command attention.

"If I talk about the actor as the tribal storyteller sitting round the bonfire, then J can't get away from politics because Middle East it's impossible to I'm dealing in our mythology and our mythology is what we lean on to jump into the fu-

> And what is the future? 'Imponderable. More imponderable than it used to be. Certainly in Europe" World News Link.

Bergman's presence shadows film about his parents

By Tony Austin Reuter

STOCKHOLM - Like one of his shadowy characters, Ingmar Bergman will be felt but not seen when filming starts this week of a love story based on the early lives of his

own parents. Sweden's best-known director wrote the script, approved the director and selected the leading lady for Best Intentions, but will take no part in the 10 months of shooting.

tion," said Danish director Bille August, winner of an Oscar in 1989 for Best Foreign Film with Pelle the Con-

Cinema-goers will be fascinated to see how another director explores the traditional Bergmanesque themes of love, church and Swedish

the author's own life. Best Intentions begins in

1909 in the university town of Uppsala, during a general strike in Sweden, Henrik Bergman, a theology student from a humble background, meets the wilful, spoilt Anna Akerblom.

Despite opposition from Anna's domineering mother, the young couple are married in a magnificent cathedral ceremony, and Henrik's first appointment as a parish priest takes them to a small industrial-town in northern Sweden.

with the reality of life in the ment, I began to write and cold backwoods. But the final imagine things about them." scene in summer 1918, just before Ingmar Bergman was mined to go forward and face the future together.

Bergman, who changed his

Best Intentions, said last year he had collected a wealth of impressions of Uppsala while researching for his autobiography The Magic Lantern.

"I roamed the streets of my childhood... the scents, the light, and came across my parents. Not the mythical characters I had fought for so many years of my adult life, but two young people," he

"They increasingly started ed I could not include them Their marriage turns sour in my autobiography... so when youthful ideals clash largely for my own amuse-

Bergman, who has not directed a full-length film born, shows the couple deter- since Fanny and Alexander, in 1982, turned his impressions into a script.



Ingmar Bergman

Discussing the script with impinging on me, but I real- August, he had felt as reason holiday watching the trains go by. "There goes a train and I don't give a damn, there goes another and I don't give damn about that either."

He asked for Pernilla Ostergren, who played Maj the nanny in Fanny and Alexander, to portray his mother. He said be had absolute But the rest of the cast and society in a story so close to parents' Christian names in confidence in August's judg- technical crew are like hon-

ours graduates from a Berg- four-part, three-hour televiman school of drama.

Max von Sydow, who plays Anna's father, bas been in three other Bergman films. Mona Maim, who plays Henrik's mother, was the exuberant Alma in Fanny and Alexander, while Anita Bjork, cast as Queen Viktoria, was in Waiting Women-Secrets of

August said at a news con-Bergman to watch the shoot- costs. ing. "The arrangement is that we will consult him when we need to.

The director said he regarded Best Intentions, as primarily a love story. "It is about love between man and woman, parents and children, the love of God, love of oneself, and perhaps most important of all the unconditional

love of one's neighbour." The film will be made into a

sion series to be shown in Sweden in December 1991. It will be trimmed by half an hour for the cinema version.

Swedish state television's Channel One is producing the film, but television companies from Britain, West Germany, France, Italy, Denmark, Finland, Norway and Iceland are contributing substantially to the estimated 67 million ference he did not expect Swedish crowns (\$11 million)

> "We are told that quality television is an endangered species," said producer Ingrid Dahlberg, head of drama at Channel One. "Best Intentions, will help the species sur-

Bergman said last year he wondered whether his passion and expectations for the film stemmed from the hope that it would give him a new insight into his own character.

in couture museum show

Paris by night

in the evening — a glimpse of bosom, stocking or plenty of both? What do people want to parade in, how rich do they want.to_appear?.___

It has a lot to do with the tenor of the times. A stunning show at the Musee de la Mode Galliera that opened recently and runs until Oct. 28 gives an sleeves. informative look at "dream From this Belle Ecoque clothes" for evening from 1850 through today.

From the waist-cinching Hourglass-figure frippery of the Second Empire under Louis Napoleon, from 1852-1870, through the high-jinx of a coat-of-mail armored mini by Paco Rabanne, the show demonstrates how women have presented themselves at their fanciest.

The catalogue by the museum's head eurator, Catherine Join-Dieterle, and her assistant, Valerie Guillaume, explains conventions and lifestyles behind dressing up through eight major fashion periods.

With outfits from the museum's archives, other museums (including New York's Metropolitan) and major couture houses from Chanel to Lacroix, the show furnishes a close-up retrospective of some of the world's most opulent clothes, set dramatically in the museum's marble halls.

There also are ensembles from the wardrobes of famous women: A jewel-covered tulle and chiffon gown from the wardrobe of Anna Gould; a yellow embroidered swingclear coat and gown by Dior for Princess Grace of Monaco in 1956; a jewelled satin strapless Dior worn by the Ducbess of Windsor.

"Ball dresses were very important under the Second Empire of Louis Napoleon and Eugenie," said Join-Dieterle, introducing the show from its chronological start.

"There were also strict conventions, such as you had to wear bosom-revealing decolletes to a ball, but to the theatre or another function. chests and arms had to be

covered, even by lace." She pointed out several beautiful gowns with hooped skirts that bad practical, interchangeable jackets "so the same outfit could be worn

switching the top." When the empire collapsed, entertaining went back home, but clothes were no less rich,

from late-day into the ball by

PARIS (AP) — What's sexy as shown by bustled models that Anglo-Saxons would identify as Victoriana.

Join-Dieterle pointed out "the first dressy black dress, a real_invention. Before that, black had been for widows only." The outfit in the show was converted to evening use by jet-embroidered tulle

period up to World War I, young girls wore white, pink and lace.

"But changes were coming in tea-gown styles and panta-loons," said Join-Dieterle of the siiky pyjama-style outfits by Paul Poiret.

"At home entertaining was very much the thing in the early part of the century, though women were beginning to go out to restaurants - formerly reserved for coquettes or mistresses, rather than wives. And there were

She pointed out a window full of extravagant hats seen around town before 1914 -"usually worn to the theatre, and even provoking lawsuits since they kept people from seeing the play."

clothes for that too."

Outfits for dancing the Charleston in the roaring twenties show the period as stylish but unsexy with the high-necked, shapeless flappers by Paton, Chanel and Worth.

"But legs were being bared to the knee, and that was very daring at first," Join-Dieterle observed.

Through the 1930s, and up to the latest collections, the show progresses with little lessons in sociological-fashion trends like the 1950s return of the full-crinolined debutante gown. "After the war's austerity, it was important to dress up again," said Join-Dieterie.

"It's obvious what women thought of dressing up in the late sixties and early seventies," she remarked. "Not much."

The evening wear from the early sixties included a tiny mini-skirted yellow Ungaro suit, Mondrian-painting style dresses by Saint Laurent and Cardin, a micro-mini with cutouts and feathers by Cour-

The show climaxes with a group of gowns from the past few years. Full-skirted, with acres of tulle, embroidery, satin, velvet and taffeta, they show off what the top designers are still proud to make and rich women to wear.

Originality adds colour to Ammary's fashion designs

By Serene Halasa Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The fashion of the West is making its way to Jordan, through many shops m Amman, most of them following one or two distinct

lines in ready-made clothes. Jemman Ammary, a designer, bas embraced by contrast a broader range, from bridal gowns to evening dresses and sports wear. The most outstanding feature of ber work is



An evening dress made of taffeta

In her summer collection, Ammary underpins ber creativity. For day-wear, and in hot climates such as Jordan's. Ammary's creations jupeculottes seem to be the right thing to be in. The style of the jupeculotte is long and classic, made of chiffon, with flowery prints, or polka dots.

Ammary's jackets are long, made out of chiffon and silk to go with long skirts of the same material. There are also cashmere jackets made especially to matcb cashmere skirts. The colours of her summer collection is what she refers to as the "safari colours." All shades of brown, green and yellow are used, in addition to the traditional black and white. She also likes to combine mauve and purple in ber collection, to put a touch of "colour" to her designs.

Ammary, a graduate of the Academia Italiana de Moda, says she likes to use these colours for her summer-wear because they go well with the "colour tones of the Mediterranean people."

In day-wear, Ammary offers classically cut trousers, with pleated waists and bellbottoms. They are again made of chiffon, or satin. Her collection also features ensembles with jodhpurs.

For evening-wear and cocktail dresses, Ammary has created a kind of fairyland designs. Her dresses are lengthy, made of silk satin, or chiffon, embroidered with golden sequins. Some of the dresses have scarves to go with them, again embroidered with col-



summer day-wear dress with floral prints

oured sequins. The colours of the dresses are mostly dark, especially black, because, argues the creator, "black is always a very elegant colour,"

Ammary likes to add a touch of folklore to ber designs through the accessories she uses. "I like to mix the old with the new, that is why I sometimes use traditional folkloric accessories," she told the Jordan Times WEEKENDER.

Ammary, who says she is very much influenced by the designs of Versacee and Ted Lapidus, had difficulties adjusting at the beginning of her

"After spending four years abroad, it was hard for me to counter the most difficulty," own designs.



A bridal gown

know what Jordanian women Ammary said. like but now, after working for two years in Jordan, I know," Ammary said.

Ammary also said she had difficulty in gaining the trust of many of her customers, especially those who were

As for her autumn and winter collection, Ammary said she still has to look over the new Italian fashion, but she thinks that it will consist mostly of "knitted clothing."

Ammary's summer collecused to buying ready-made tion will be seen at a fashion clothes. "The problem is that show scheduled to be held in they don't know what looks Amman in August. The show good on them and what does will also feature for the first not and that is where I en- time a bridal gown, one of her-

PARIS - When French people are sked which values they feel the most strongly attached to, they reply: "To preserving health first of all, through good social protection." The result of this is that their life expectancy, which was 47 years in 1900, is 76 today. In thirty years, infant mortality has fallen from 37 per thousand to 8 per to parliament last spring. thousand.

In the country of Pasteur, one does not stint on spending on health, with more than 500 billion francs in 1989, or 8,920 francs per person (an increase of 8.9 per cent over the previous year). In 1990, the main trends in health policy will be based on four objectives: Intensifying prevention; affirming patients' rights through better information; building the bospital of the future; and renovating medical care while encouraging free access.

The French medical corps is made up of 175,000 doctors, 39,700 dentists, 36,000 physiotherapists and masseurs, 5,000 chiropodists, 9,200 speech therapists, 295,000 nurses and 13,500 midwives.

In prevention, there are priorities which the minister of health presented to the cabinet last March. These are: Cancer screening, the fight against smoking and alcoholism, and limiting the consumption of tranquillisers.

Cancer. The funds allo-

cated for the early detection they discovered, if confirmed of cancer of the breast, the colon, the rectum and the cervix, have been doubled from one year to the next.

Smoking. The action undertaken in this area above all concerns young people. 60 per cent of smokers started at the age of 13. A bill to ban tobacco advertising was presented Alcoholism. Another bill aims

at further limiting advertising for alcoholic drinks. A reform of the laws concerning places selling alcohol is being examined in order to offer greater protection to young people under 16. It is accompanied by a ban on selling alcobolic drinks from automatic vending machines.

Tranquillisers. The French consume four times as many tranquillisers as other Europeans. It is thus necessary to put a time limit on prescriptions. Legal measures will make it compulsory to have a medical consultation before such a prescription is issued.

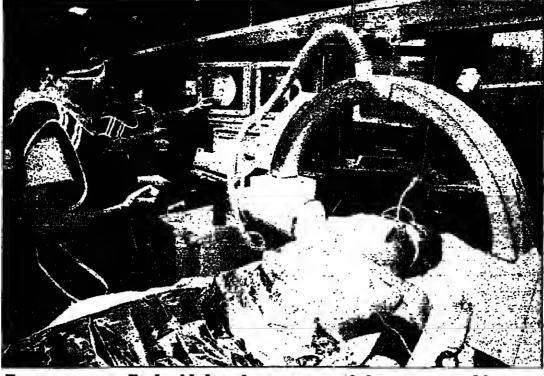
In the fight against Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrom (AIDS), France quickly became one of the leaders. In 1983, Professor Luc Montagnier's team was the first to isolate the HIV virus. Last March, researchers working with Dr. J.C. Chermann, in Montpellier, made great progress towards hope. Thanks to the antibody which

by laboratory tests, it would be possible for people who were seropositive, or 'healthy carriers of AIDS," not to develop the disease.

France has set up an important Network of Emergency Medical aid, SAMU which coordinates all the operations of immediate aid. Twenty four hours a day, in answer to a phonecall, it sends out ambulances, doctors and nurses. Each SAMU is attached to a SMUR which has resuscitation vehicles, helicopters, planes and boats.

For organ transplants, the France-Transplant Association, founded in 1969, centralises all requests for grafts in order to find the organ compatible with the receivers. Last spring, fragments of bone marrow taken from a woman donor in Besancon, in the east of France, were brought, in record time, to the United States. The purpose was to have the life of a heroic Soviet belicopter pilot, aged 52, Anatoly Grishenko, suffering from leukaemia, after flying over the site of Chernobyl in 1988 for the first time, by giving him a marrow transplant of rare compati-

Hospital reforms will be voted in parliament at the end of 1990. The evolution of demand for health, medical data



has become one of the greatest achieve-Emergency medical aid ments in France

and new technologies have to closer to mobil health care. be considered.

and the organisation of the system; to give greater autonomy to those in charge (administrative staff, doctors and the integration of the hospital

Social security. This system Some of the objectives of made up of several categories, the reform are to obtain bet- was created in 1945 to insure

ter distribution, among the the population against the various establishments, of the main risks of existence. Its means made available to income comes from two them: to redefine the missions sources: aid from the state budget and private contributions. The general category of people in employment (13 million contribution and 40 nursing staff); and to improve million people insured) is iointly financed by the emin everyday life by bringing it ployer and the employee. In CONTROLLE DE COMPANSA DE COLONDO DE COMENCIO A LA SACRETACION DE COMPANSA DE COMPA

all, their joint contribution amounts to 46.6 per cent of the salary.

Benefits are given for illness, old-age, family allowances and industrial accidents. This institution is always financially in the red and recovery plans to "fill in the hole" are periodically drawn up. But, for all that, the national insurance system that the French benefit from. is often envied abroad - L'Ac-

Australian bionic ear releases children from prison of silence

By Wilson Da Silva Reuter

SYDNEY — By the time she was 16 months old, Amelia Hearing Research Institute in Hardy was completely deaf. Melbourne, and hopes to one But thanks to a revolutionary artificial ear implanted in her skull, the playful four-yearold can once again begin to from which direction sounds lead a normal life.

"By 16 months she had lost all hearing," said Amelia's he said by telephone. "I set mother, Renee Hardy. "She out to do this crazy thing 23 come only say to words. Two years ago and now the most years after the operation she stringent regulatory body in has a vocabulary of 600 words."

"Now I can call her from 60 feet (20 metres). She is starttwo-year-old sister. I am stunned by it really, every day now is a delight.

Amelia is one of 3,000 deaf people around the world who have been slowly led out of their prisons of silence by the bionic ear, developed in Australia in 1985.

Soon, a quarter of a million deaf Americans will get the chance to have the Cochlear Implant, as it is officially. known, following an approval by the U.S. Food and Drug

Administration (FDA). Cochlear Pty Ltd, a subsidiary of Pacific Dunlop, said the FDA approval to implant the ear into children over two years old was an important breakthrough for the company and would bring hearing to thousands of disadvantaged children.

"Our bope is that Cochlear Implants will give deaf children the communication skills that can help them realise their education and career goals," Pacific Dunlop said in a statement.

The implant is actually a tiny receiver with 22 channels. The device, which costs 15.000 dollars (\$11,900), lets wearers hear a broad spectrum of sounds and pitches.

The tiny receiver is implanted in the bone behind the ear, and electrodes are connected to the inner ear, or Cochlea. An external, detachable microphone is then fitted and wired to a light, pocketsized speech processor.

The device works by stimulating a person's anditory nerves in much the way a musician plays an instrument, mimicking sound and allows the deaf to understand speech.

It took Professor Graeme Clark of Melbourne University, initially inspired by his father's losing struggle against deafness, 23 years of tinkering to perfect the ear.

Today he is director of a day give deaf people "stereo" sound so they can better appreciate music and discern originate.

'T'm absolutely delighted," the world says it works and it's

He calls it the greatest advance in deaf teaching since ing to communicate with her French teachers developed sign language 200 years ago.

Cochlear Pty Ltd has 90 per cent of the world bionic ear market, and 80 per cent of the U.S. market. Chief Executive David Money estimates FDA approval will double his firm's revenue to 40 million dollars (\$32 million) a year.

"We've been cleared in West Germany and Britain. This will make it a little easier for clearance in Japan and the rest of the world," he said.

Judy Wimble, manager of a Sydney deafness rehabilitation centre, said the ear has revolutionised deaf teaching.

"We have one eight-yearold who lost all her hearing and fell behind in ber studies," she said. "But now she's integrated with hearing children, and she's topped her class. It really is wonderful." Speech educator Rosalie

Yaremko said the ear gives almost every deaf child the chance to function in the normal world.

"Ninety per cent of the children can be integrated into hearing classes. This is progress we would not have been able to achieve without (the bionic ear)."

For Susan Johnston and her son Angus, who live on a dairy farm near a small sonthern New South Wales town, the bionic ear has kept their family together.

"Sydney was the closest source of education for the deaf," she said. "That would have meant a boarding school and long periods away from

Susan Johnston said children quickly adapt to the protruding outer parts of the bionic ear: "As soon as Angus knew he could hear the cartoons with it, the dog barking or airplanes overhead, he had no objection to having it on."

MODERN science is belatedly rediscovering what was all too obvious to the ancient Egyptians. That splendid civilisation which flourished However, it was to decline along the banks of the Nile five thousand years ago knew about honey's many prop-exties, including its healing

and the first of the second of the second

In fact, for the pharaohs and their subjects it was their most important drug. Mentioned at least 500 times in 900 remedies, it was used extensively for a wide array of conditions, ranging from wounds to intestinal diseases.

powers.

Both the Greeks, for whom

food, and the Romans also ferers. paid due homage to this product of the bee's labour, whose popularity remained for centuries.

in face of the emergence of modern drugs, particularly the pharmaceutical revolution of the last five decades. But now, as a result of several studies, honey seems set for a substantial comeback in Western medicine. In these trials honey has

proved its value in the treatment of infected surgical wounds, ulcers and burns. Some researchers even think was a favourite article of that it could help leprosy suf- tion in water of three forms of Lion Features.

One study, involving more than 150 infants and children with gastro-enteritis, showed that when honey was added to the oral rehydration fluid it shortened the duration of the

Another trial was carried out with patients suffering from infected burns, bed sores and ulcers. Whereas they had all failed to respond to antibiotics and dressings, these conditions responded to coats of honey. The healing was attributed to a natural antibiotic found in honey — inhibine. Honey is basically a solu-

sugar. But it also contains traces of many vitamins and enzymes. It is collected by some species of wasps and the pouched ant as well as by

We may well have a further cause to be grateful to the latter insect. In addition to foraging for nectar, the bee obtains a glue from the buds of trees. It uses this substance, propolis, to make repairs to

The glue has long been thought to have antiseptic properties, but research now indicates that it might also help in combating cancer -

MARCH POWER AND COLORS ASSESSMENT OF THE COLORS AND COL

gives a new boost for research

PARIS — With 315,000 people, including 130,000 researchers, research in France has a great potential. The budget devoted to research in 1990 amounts to 2.38 per cent of the gross domestic product.

Its finest show-piece is the National Scientific Research Centre (CNRS), created fifty years ago. Its purpose is to develop, direct and coordinate all kinds of research. The CNRS has more than 1,300 laboratories employing 27,000 researchers.

Other big research centres include the National Agronomic Institute (INRA), the National Health and Medical Research Institute (IN-SERM), the National Telecommunications Studies Centre (CNET). the National Space Studies Research Centre (CNES), the Atomic Energy Commission (CEA), the Pasteur Institute (vaccines) and the Gustave Roussy and Curie Institutes

(сапсег). The main trends in French research policy are aimed at: — Giving value to scientific and technical achievements, particularly in the areas of

data-processing, communication, space and microbiology. Developing research which will have repercussions on the economy and the needs of society: energy, genetics, biology.

— Intensifying cooperation between physicists, chemists and engineers, particularly in the area of new materials.

French research aims to be increasingly open to the outside world. The plan for modernising the CNRS, implemented last year, provides, for example, for extended diversification in ways of working in partnership, by increased association with uni-

versities and firms, but also foreign countries.

A few examples include: The fight against AIDS: On France's initiative, a certain number of countries bave agreed to setting up a network for exchanging information. Researchers at INSERM are involved in collaborating with their opposite numbers in West Germany and Great Britain, particularly in trying to find anti-viral agents.

The technological EURE-KA programme, launched by France in 1985, now extends beyond the framework of the European Community (EC). France is taking part in 127 projects aimed at designing the industrial products and processes of the next mille-

French researchers are involved in several world programmes concerning the environment. In 1989, the "Planet Earth" conference was beld in Paris. 180 scientists of 40 different nationalities proposed setting up a World Observatory of the Globe and launching an international programme for defending the environment.

Polar Research. With Australia's agreement, France is going to build a permanent scientific station in the heart of Antarctica (South Pole). Named Dome C, this base will be set up at an altitude of 3,000 metres, 1,000 kilometres from the coast. It will enable researchers to examine the "ice archives" by taking core samples several thousands metres deep. Scientists will be able to read the history of climates (and pollution) in them, over a period of 500,000 years. Dome C will be situated beneath the famous hole in the ozone layer, whose development will be followed initiative on the mechanisms France.



130.000 researchers are employed in France in different research projects

more easily. Space. France is meeting her commitments within the European Space Agency by developing the programme for the Ariane 5 launcher, carrying out feasibility tests for the Hermes space plane and taking part in the orbital infrastructure of Columbus. In July 1989, the prime minister announced the construction of the Spot 4 satellite. high resolution pictures.

The rôle of French biolog- origin. ists in the "Human Frontiers" programme should also be adventures in contemporary mentioned. This is a Japanese biology - L'Actualite en

of how the buman brain works. It could have repercussions in the area of artificial intelligence and also in correcting problems of behaviour.

Finally, France is taking part in the programme for describing the "Human genome." which carries heredity, whose complete understanding would open up new prospects for revolutionintended for observing the ary medical applications such Earth, of which it will provide as for the detection and treatment of diseases genetic in

This is one of the greatest

Some 50 million abortions reported each year worldwide

By Ruth Sinai The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — Some 50 million abortions, at least half of them illegal, are performed each year around the world. And at least 200,000 women die from the procedure, according to a study released recently by the Worldwatch Institute.

Laws restricting abortion don't curb abortion rates. they only cause more deaths - most of them in the Third World, said the study by the independent research organisation.

The group is funded by U.N. organisations and private foundations.

The number of deaths could be far higher because many go unreported and accurate statistics in developing countries are often hard to find, the report said. A study from India, one of the most populous countries in the world. said 500,000 women die each year from complications aris-

ing from illegal abortions.
"A moral smokescreen effectively obscures the huge public policy health, human rights and social costs of restrictive abortion policies," said the study, which is enti-Abortion.

The best way to reduce the number of abortions and related deaths is to make abortion a legitimate component of family planning "instead of Jacobsen.

The rate of abortion has programme, the study said.

Denmark, France, Iceland, Italy and the Netherlands were among such countries m the various types of outin control, after female sterilisation, intrauterine devices and oral contraceptives, the study

But in countries where contraception methods are inadequate either because of supply, religious or informational reasons — abortion is the most popular means of birth control, the survey said.

The Soviet Union, for example, has some of the highest abortion rates in the world — 7 million or more — compared with a reported birthrate of 6 million in 1987, the study said. Experts agree the figure is largely due to the poor quality of contraceptives. In the so-called developed

world, abortion rates tend to be higher among teenagers and women from 20 to 24, who want to delay childbearing because they are namarried or trying to complete their education, the report Europe."

Abortion rates in most developing countries are highest among married women with several children who have no means of preventing additional, unwanted pregnancies, according to the study.

In Latin America, abortion rates among women over 35 are twice those for women aged 20 to 34, the study found.

ound. Most women live in countries where blanket bans on abortion bave been eased. The study found that 75 per cent of the world's population is governed by laws that allow abortion on medical, social and or economic grounds.

But one in four women in the world has little or no access to abortion facilities. She is likely to live in Africa, Latin America or Asia, where she also has least access to safe contraception, the study said.

In practice, though, some countries that ban abortions on the books don't enforce the prohibition. On the other hand, many countries that allow the procedure fail to provide safe and affordable facilities.

In India, for example, abortion became legal in 1971 but tled The Global Politics of because licensed practitioners congregate mostly in urban areas, rural women have trouble getting them, the study said.:

The study found that only 380,000 of the estimated 4 to 6 making it a crime," said the million abortions in Indiastudy's anthor Jodi L. were carried out legally in government-regulated clinics.

In Colombia, on the other dropped fastest in countries hand, an anti-abortion law where legalised abortion has was passed to placate oppobeen included as part of a nents of abortion but authorvoluntary family planning ities look the other way and clinics are freely available, the

report said. Even in wealthy countries like the United States, the cited by the study. Based on right to abortion can be available data, abortion in meaningless if a woman can't those countries ranks fourth afford it, according to the

> escarchers. In every industrialised country except the United States, some form of nationally funded insurance covers abortion, at least to prevent health damage to the woman. the study said.

U.S. law, however, prohibits federal aid for abortions even in the case of rape or. incest, allowing it only if a woman's life is in danger.

In addition, the U.S. Supreme Court last year gave the green light to states wishing to strictly regulate abortion procedures.
This is particularly worri-

some, said Jacobsen, because events in the United States tend to influence trends in abortion policy around the world. The Supreme Court deci-

sion, she said, "a major success of the so-called pro-life movement, sent shock waves through ranks of activists in

Experts find protein that eases damage after heart attack

searchers said Thursday they had found a chemical proheart damage that occurs food and oxygen. when the flow of blood to the But in a process poorly heart muscle is restored after understood by scientists, cells a beart attack.

damage in humans, then you can prevent a lot of patients from dying or suffering severe injury from heart attacks." Dr. Allan Lefer of Jefferson Medical College told Reuters.

Almost 90 per cent of heart attacks are caused by blockages in the vessels that supply these blockages can damage damages tissue.

WASHINGTON (R) - Re- the heart in two distinct ways. Heart muscle cells start dying as soon as the flow of duced by human blood cells blood to the heart is cut off or that appears to prevent the reduced, depriving the cells of

also are killed immediately "If you can prevent that after the blood flow is restored - for example, when new drugs are used that quickly dissolve artery-blocking blood clots.

Scientists believe this secondary damage occurs when white blood cells attach themselves to the blood vessel linings, releasing a short-lived the heart muscle with blood. form of oxygen molecule But scientists are finding that known as a free radical that

Sec. 10.

Jordan is ready to mediate

(Continued from page 1)

fell to a low in 1987 after Washington changed its 27-year-old policy of meeting the Kingdom's arms needs and present American financial assistance to the Kingdom is at a "minimum level." The official characterised the obvious rift in bilateral ties as a function of th overall Arab, concern over the Palestinian problem and "the performance, or the lack of performance, on the part of the United States in the context of the Palestinian problem."

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However, "having said that, we cannot overlook the fact that there is a personal relationship between His Majesty King Hussein and (U.S.) President (George) Bush," the official said, adding that both leaders were in constant touch to exchange views on various issues. "This is not changing anything," he said. "However, it should not lead to conclude that we should not be talking with the U.S.," he added. As the Arabs continue to keep the U.S. administration engaged in Middle East peace efforts, "we hope we can positively influence, at a certain point in time, the Amer-

The official refused to be drawn into commenting directly on the impact of the Syrian-Egyptian reconciliation and rapprochement sealed with this week's visit to Egypt by Syrian President Hafez Al

Assad. "Positions in the world are changing so fast that one cannot apply the same methods to judge enything as in the past," he suid. But, he added, better bilateral relations were beneficial to both countries. "Rapprochement with Syria will help Egypt to be fully accommodated in the Arah

(Continued from page 1)

Kuwait's soil, honour and wealth."

a fiery speech to the nation Tuesday,

accused some Galf Arah oil-

producing states of stabbing Iraq "in the back with a poisoned dagger" by conspiring with the United States to

In his outspoken attack, clearly

simed at Kuwait and the UAE, Hus-

sein issued a veiled threat to the

quota-busting countries blamed for

producing the oil glut that sent prices

plummeting in the first six months of

He said that "if words fail to

must be done to return things to their

undermine oil prices.

this year.

Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, in

World," he said. "Egypt can help Syria with its special relationship with the U.S."

With Assad's visit to Egypt, the last vestibule has been removed from the Arab ostracism of Egypt which followed the signing of a separate peace treaty between Egypt and Israel in 1979. Damascus was the last Arab capital to restore diplomatic relations with Cairo after an Arab League formally readmitted Egypt at an Arab summit last year.

The official brushed aside a pointed suggestion that Jordan's offuence with the U.S. depends on "how radical" the Kingdom was. Noting that the democratisation process in the country has led to the emergence of "various active groups with varying political think-ing," the official asked: "How can a country be labelled conservative or radical on the basis of its political

"Jordan has political groupings from the extreme right to the ex-treme left," be said. "It does not mean that the country could be described as leftist or rightist or

We have an active democratic life, and it is part of the democratic life that we have activists and groups which follow different ways of thinking," be said. The official said despite some

delays in the process, work on the national charter was on track and he expected the document, which will provide guidelines for and streamline political life in the Kingdom, to be ready before the end of

On the Petra Bank affair, be reiterated that the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) was doing what is needed to ensure that none of the private sector bank's employees

Both Kuwait and the UAE con-

firmed Wednesday that they would go

ahead with promised cuts in their oil

output despite the Iraqi comments.
"We register before the Arab
League and all Arab states Iraq's

right to get back the stolen amounts...

and Iraq's right to demand that the

related parties stop the violation and

It attacked the UAE for having

mend the harm caused by it," said the

"implemented a pre-mediated pro-

cess together with Kuwait to flood the

oil market with over-quota produc-tion with illogical justifications."

of oil from around \$21 at the start of

An oil glut sent the price of a barrel

Iraqi letter to the Arab League.

rights to their owners,"

Iraq accuses Kuwait,

would be deprived of their jobs. Reports have said that while part of the staff will continue to be employed by the bank in the run-up to its liquidation, others will be absorbed by the Central Bank and the Housing Bank, while the rest would be employed by other com-mercial banks in the country. No specific numbers are available, but is expected that the Housing Bank, which received the deposits and accounts of Petra, will absorb about half of the bank's employees while a new export investment and

to 60, according to sources. The official responded to criticism by the Public Freedoms' Committee of the Lower House of Parliament that the government was not doing enough to reinstate people dismissed from their jobs for political reasons by saying that the

promotion bank will take in around

issue was no longer "political."

"The government has already taken a political decision," be said.
"Every one (of the dismissed people) will be reinstated. Now, it is an administrative problem, depending on the efficacy of the (concerned) departments and the Civil Service Commission. It is only a matter of

The official also responded to the House committee's contention that the government was not speeding up the process of repealing martis law. He said the government had already forwarded substitute laws for the 1935 Defence Law as well as martial law, and now it was up to the concerned committees in the House to discuss them, amend them, reject them or approve them,

"With the exception of the economy, where solutions are really difficult to find, the government has lived up to its commitments and pledges," the official asserted.

Iraq launched its attacks a week

Aziz said in the letter that the drop

in oil prices between 1981 and 1990

had caused estimated losses to Arab

states of \$500 billion, "including \$89

"Each dollar decrease in oil price is

costing Iraq one billion dollars per

Kuwait has a quota of 1.5 million

barrels a day but in receat months has

been producing as much as 1.9 million

barels a day.

The UAE has produced as much as

after Kuwait and the UAE agreed at

an emergency meeting in Saudi Ara-bia to drastically cut output

UAE

for over-producing.

billion for Iraq."

annum," Aziz said,

the society and they do not even enjoy reading or writing," Doake says. In the United States about 6

Early reading to the child creates

eager, skilled readers/writers later

By Nur Sati Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - "How do I know wbat I think until I see what I

say?" says Ian Foster. Writing is a means of developing the thought process, bettering on and the society. As it is closely linked to reading, it is a means of enhancing knowledge of the self and thus participating more efficiently in the development of the nation economically, politically and socially.

With this tenet on his mind Dr. David Doake, a professor of school education at Acadia University in Nova Scotia ---Canada, has studied a theory stressing on the importance of reading to the child soon after birth and of making children avid readers and writers.

"If you want your child to be genuinely literate, the parents should begin reading from birth and the children should see their parents writing in functional ways from early in their lives," says Doake. The children would begin picking up pencils and crayons and test their creativity. When they start school, they will already have a foundation.

He explained that teaching a child to read and write is easier if it is started at home because ir becomes natural. The child will grasp the process as a whole language so the concept is simpler for the child, rather than learning at school where the curricula is based on traditional ways that force the child to learn specific materials at specific times.

The Arabic language is even more important to begin soon after birth because the spoken language is different from the written one. If the child is not exposed to reading and writing from an early age, he/she will not be as fluent in the future. Even now, many older people confess not mastering the language thoroughly.

Few people all over the

world, graduate from universities and pursue reading voluntarily, according to Doake. "These people are supposed to be the top, the intellectuals of

per cent of the population support the book industry and in Jordan "although I don't have any figures. I imagine the namher to be smaller," says Doake. He has been visiting Jordan for many years conducting workshops on how to make children readers and writers as well as trying to impress this philosophy on the parents' minds, the children and the teachers. On 24 July Doake will hold a workshop in Am-

man tackling the same issues. Reading and writing becomes important when the wbole perspective of the consequences of having an illiterate population, however marginally, comes to light. Literacy can do all sorts of things, according to Doake. "When you are a frequent reader, you are sensitive to the environment and to political and social affairs on an international level." "If the public is uninformed, the truth becomes distorted and the action the government will take is controlled by misinformation," he says.

"Literacy is important to society in so far as it helps develop the nation into an open, democratic, and economically secure one," he main-

As far as Jordan and the educational systems are concerned, the country has to move to a more advanced basis for developing children to become independent learners through reading and writing, according to Doake.

Not only is there a problem with right type of books to be found for children, but they are also ont of reach, unaffordable to many families in the Kingdom. Doake maintains that an effort has to be exerted in order to make local books available for a larger segment of population. Parents should be more committed, understanding and knowledgeable of the importance of reading.

What Jordan lacks, according to experts in the field, is an increasing and widespread

base of knowledge about the on an accurate model. In other importance of books. The words, Doake says, everything school system does not help in the child does in school is curbing this deficiency. matched to the adult model.

According to Doake, most schools are based on the traditional model, the teachers teaching to read and write by books and novels and there is evidence already that this does not produce readers and wri-

"A change is required as far as high quality literature is concerned. Teachers who read every day to students and students who develop their own stories and share them within the class instead of just having the teacher look at the stories develop skills of writing and

An obstacle in the education system is that learning is based

About 90 to 95 per cent of the graduates said that they did not like to write. The same number said that they did not write voluntarily and that they were not good writers. "Not believing they are good writers is rooted to not having shared their stories with people other than their teachers while they were at school," Doake says.

Doake asked similar questions in Jordan and the result was that a smaller percentage did not read or write regularly on their own. The main question that should be asked by specialists, says Doake, is what have we been doing to help the children read and write and ultimately contribute

2.1 million barrels a day in recent months, more than double its quota of 1.09 million barrels a day. the year to \$14 in Jane, with Knwait and the UAE shouldering the blame natural course and return usurped **House hears radical** solutions

(Continued from page 1)

Hadadin then went on analysing the government statement point by

He said that the government's intention to retrain 44,000 applicants with the Civil Service Com was unrealistic and at best can end by training 1,000 of them but without being able to find them jobs.

He said the Ministry of Labour would not be able to fulfil its pledge not to employ any foreign worker whose work permits have ended. 'The majority of guest workers does not have work permits, and those officials who oversee the process are the fattest in the Ministry of Labour,"

Hadadin said that while the government reported that exports rose by 36 per cent it did not say that production did not increase. "That only means we are exporting goods needed in the

local market."

Hadadin suggested increasing investment in development projects rather than in construction, enrather than in construction, en-couraging small scale projects, de-veloping agriculture, replacing fore-ign labour, reevaluating the educa-tion policy and increasing the powers of the Ministry of Labour.

Hadadin said he was against some deputies' calls for solving the problem

of unemployment on the expense of

women by replacing them with men. Deputy Mohammed Faris Tarawch, reading a joint paper on behalf of himself and Deputy Fawzi Tunimeh, cited external and internal factors for unemployment. External factors, he said, included Jewish settlement in Palestine and Palestinians "exodus" to Jordan and foreign labour. Internal factors included prevalent ethics of society, the political

and economic system of the country and low income of retired employees who seek jobs.
Deputy Ahmad Oweidi Al Abbadi
had the strongest attack on the government by asserting that "we have

no government." Abbadi, who drew applause three times from the gallaries, blamed "Zionism, imperialism and Free Masons" for Jordan's ills, including

unemployment. He contented that the government was "too weak to stand on the face of this trio" and that the decision makers "get their orders from the Free

"The Free Masons are more powerful than the government, the two Houses of parliament, the army, the police and the security depart-ment," be contented.

"There is an increased number of young lordanians queueing in front of foreign embassies seeking dignity elsewhere because they have no

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dignity at home," Abbadi asserted. Abbadi said he was providing the government with a list of 17 names of high officials who, he claimed were Free Masons. The list was not made available to the press.

According to Abbadi, the decisionaking machinery had turned Jordan into a "limited shareholding compan that controls every aspect of life in the

At the end of his lengthy address, Abbadi urged Jordanians to defend the country and "die for the country



TENDER'S NOTICE

The Projects Directorate/Ministry of Education announces the issuing of the following tenders which are part of the 7th Education Project No. 2890-JO, sponsored by the World Bank.

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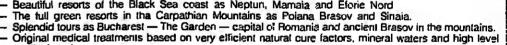


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He adds that in this way, the

children are denied control

over their learning process and

therefore become dependent

learners who will not learn

anything unless they are told to

in the future, "Experimenta-

tion and approximation lay

According to Doake, a study

in Australia was carried out to

determine whether university

graduates appreciate reading

and writing with their current

school methodology. Three questions were asked: "Do you

like to write?" "How much do

you write voluntarily every

day?" "Are you a good

early foundations in learning,

he affirms.

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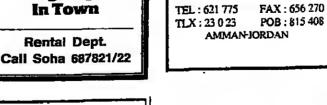
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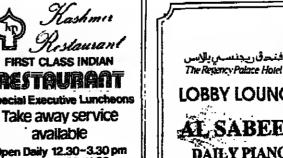






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Konishev takes 1st Soviet McEnroe Tour de France stage

PAU, France (R) — Dimitri Konishev Wednesday from a 7.5-cm-long raw wound. became the first Soviet rider to win a stage in the Tour de France, but American Greg Lemond still stole the show.

On a day which saw no changes among the race leaders, Konishev sprinted to victory to win the 150-kilometre 17th stage from Lourdes in four hours eight minutes 25 seconds.

He and Johan Bruyneel of Belgium had pulled away from a breakaway group not long before the approach to Pau as the race moved out of the Pyrenees.

Konishev, second to Lemond in last year's World Professional Road Race, held off the challenge from the Belgian. Steve Bauer of Canada was third, some 11 seconds behind.

All the race leaders finished in the main peloton five minutes 31 seconds further behind, although not before a scare involving

He suffered a puncture on the

INDINAPOLIS (R) - A three-

member panel from the Athletics

Congress has suspended former

track coach Chuck Debus from

athletics for life for encouraging athletes to use banned subst-

In a 52-page document detail-

ing the panel's lengthy investiga-

tion of Debus, the 45-year-old

former coach was declared guilty

of inciting athletes to use banned

SEATTLE (AP) - Athletes

from the Soviet Union and 50

other nations have begun to ar-

rive for the Goodwill Games, and

many wasted little time before

hitting the souvenir shops and the

The so-called Glasnost Games

begin Friday - a 17-day, seven-

city Olympic-style extravaganza

featuring 2,500 of the world's top

athletes in 21 sports. The games

are the brainchild of American

broadcaster-sportsman Ted Tur-

Athletes began arriving Sunday

night, with the first of some 30

Aeroflot charter flights touching

down with 132 Soviets Monday

A second flight carrying 77

arrived Tuesday afternoon. The

latter are the first wave of what

citizens visiting Washington state

swimmers, gymnasts and vol-

whisked to their venues for some

bittle time devoted to sightseeing,

leyball competitors — were

The early athletes — mostly

during the games.

will be more than 1,400 Soviet each sport.

practice fields.

last climb of the Tour, the Col de Marie-Blanque, just after 1988 Tour winner Pedro Delgado of Spain launched an attack.

Lemond lost two minutes on the bunch, which included race leader Claudio Chiappucci of Italy, while he waited for a wheel

But his "Z" team stayed behind to help and worked hard to get him back among the main

Lemond, who is expected to win his third Tour de France title when the race finishes in Paris Sunday, remains just five seconds behind Chiappucci in the overall

Apart from punctures, his main problem seems to be saddlesoreness. He confessed before the stage that he was suffering before. Former track coach suspended for life

and guilty of conduct detrimental

to the purpose of the athletics

The governing body for athletics in the United States (TAC)

had investigated Debus for more

than a year before serving him

with a notice of hearing on May

During its hearings the panel,

all members of TAC's National

Goodwill Games, begin practice

An early favourite at the vil-

lage was the Pacific Northwest

pizza, topped with salmon and

pesto. Trading of national teams

with townspeople in an "adopt-

tion, 186 medal events will be

staged in Seattle, Tacoma, Spo-kane, Kennewick, Federal Way,

With a theme of "uniting the

world's best," the games have a

unique top eight format that fea-

tures the best American and

Soviet participants, plus the six

best athletes or teams from

event. Invitations were issued by

the organising committees for

That guarantees the Americans

and the Soviets a slot in sports

where they were weak or may not

have qualified, games spokesman

It's a finals-only format, meaning

each event. Team competitions

Barbara Smith said.

Enumelaw and Redmond.

A local hotel matched athletes

During the 17 days of competi-

pins began immediately.

an-athlete" programme,

Athletes arrive in Seattle for

substances, guilty of providing a Athletics Board of Revue, heard

congress and amateur sports.

banned substance to an athlete testimony from Miler Steve Scott

sampling local delicacies and will include preliminary round-

But he said it would not stop him finishing the Tour and there has been no sign that it is handicapping him unduly.

He is not the only member of the walking wounded brigade in the race. There were rumours before the stage that Delgado, third overall, would not start because of intestinal problems.

The Spaniard, who had been surprisingly lacking in aggression in the mountain stages, said Tuesday he had been suffering for several days.

But he put that all aside in his impressive break on the last climb, even if he finally drew no profit from it.

The race goes into two flat days, starting with Thursday's 18th stage of 202 kilometres to Bordeaux, before the crucial time trial Saturday when Lemond should take the leader's yellow jersey - if he does not do so

and hurdler Tonie Campbell,

400-metre runner Darryl Robin-

son, who testified that he re-

ceived banned substances. . The document indicates that

Debus, who coached the Los

Angeles Track Clnb from 1971 to

1988 and had coached track at

two southern California universi-

robin play leading to single-

the athlete," said six-time Olym-

pic gold medallist Carl Lewis.

performance, and your best

You can focus on your best

Opening ceremonies will be

Friday's competitions include

women's volleyball, men's and

women's swimming and men's

and world record holder Sergei

Bubka of the Soviet Union will

not compete in the 1990 Goodwill

Games because of a back ail-

games, which begin Friday, was

announced by Nikolai Rusak,

chairman of the Soviet Ministry

of Physical Culture and Sport,

shortly after the first contingent

of Soviet athletes arrived in Seat-

Rusak did not elaborate on the

condition of Bubka, 26, who

10½ inches (6.06 metres).

ment, Soviet officials said.

Olympic pole vault champion

Saturday night,

team gymnastics.

"This is the ultimate format for

Three of McEnroe's countrywho said Debus urged them to take banned substances and from

> 6-1 in 72 minutes, surrendering just three points on his serve in the second set. Gilbert halted the comeback attempt of compatriot Eliot Teltscher 6-1, 7-5 and Grabb stopped Australian Mark Woodforde 6-2, 6-2.

> The former world number one successfully fought off the lone break point he faced in the

> "Considering it was my first match, I played pretty well, I still need a lot of play," said McEnroe, who was not predicting any

he said. "I think there's a tiny, small chance I can do it. I'd say it's a remote possibility, but that doesn't mean I won't give it 110 per cent."

didn't expect it to be that easy. Ramesh had played very well vesterday, and I haven't played many matches lately. I was ready for a long battle.

As if to prove Mayotte's point.

unique for your ingenious qualities are working at full swing and you can achieve much.

> July 21) You think of some extraordinary means for you by which you can handle business and practical matters better so you have more of this worlds goods. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) tact the most progressive individuals with whom you are ac-quaintened and join forces to en-

VIRGO: (August 22 to September

in line with current trends. LIBRA: (September 23 to October

22) This is certainly your day to arrange now and during on coming times the special pleasures from which you desire the greatest amount of satisfaction with friends. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) You need to have more spark at your residence and this is a very good day and evening when you can help get this worthwhile

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Whatever communications you get out or contact with others now make sure that you put a dash of humor and special thought into them.

January 20) You are naturally conservative in your business affairs but today you can add something increase your assets.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) This is your day to strut your stuff and to let others know what a different type of person you are from the average or that your

intuitive thoughts today that are different from those you usually have and then can add spice to your life by using them.

Tennis Classic

WASHINGTON (Agencies) -John McEnroe, making his first tournament appearance since his embarrassing first round ouster at Wimbledon, played well enough to reach the third round of the \$550,000 Washington Tennis Classic.

The third-seeded McEnroe who along with the other topeight seeds received a bye into the second round, eliminated fellow American Paul Chamberlin 6-2, 6-3 and then reflected on his abbreviated 1990 Wimbledon

said the 12th-ranked McEnroe of his Wimbledon loss to compatriot Derrick Rostagno. "It was not totally unexpected. I hadn't been training. That was the final wakeup call I needed."

men - second seed Brad Gilbert, fourth seed Tim Mayotte and sixth seed Jim Grabb - also reached the third round with

McEnroe broke the 104thranked Chamberlin, who was playing with a pulled side muscle, twice to take the first set and rode a sixth game service break to victory in the second.

heroics in Washington.

"I don't expect to win here,"

"There are no easy matches left... you have to be ready from the start. There have been a tremendous number of upsets this vear." he added.

Darren Cahill - who ousted holds the world mark at 19 feet. | ninth seed Christo van Rensberg didn't seem too surprised.

advances at Washington

campaign.

"It couldn't have been worse,"

straight-set wins.

Mayotte sailed past Indian veteran Ramesh Krishnan 6-2,

Meanwhile Mayotte said: "I

a pair of lower seeded players were knocked off in the early afternoon, although Australian

SPORTS IN BRIEF

around the world in each sport or Word of his loss from the

Brazil plans bid to host 1998 World Cup

early practice. But there was a just one, medal-deciding heat for

BRASILIA (AP) — Brazil said Tuesday that it will enter a bid to host the 1998 World Cup and the 2000 summer Olympic Games. Secretary of Sports Artur Nunes Coimbra said in a TV interview that the government was forming a commission to promote Brazil in its bid to host both events. Brazil lost out to the United States as host of the 1994 World Cup. "Brazil has the necessary infrastructure to organise a tournament of this type." said the former soccer legend. "Besides, we have plenty of time to eliminate any obstacles." The site offered for the summer Olympics would be Brasilia, this South American nation's modernistie, inland capital. The year 2000 marks the 500th anniversary of the Portuguese discovery of Brazil and the 40th anniversary of the founding of Brasilia.

Sanchez-Vicarlo advances at Newport

NEWPORT, Rhode Island (AP) — Top seed Arantxa Sanchez-Vicario of Spain wasn't sharp but still advanced easily to the second round of the \$225,000 Virginia Slims of Newport Tennis tournament with a 6-3, 6-3 win over unseeded Ginger Helgeson. Sanchez-Vicario, ranked 7th in the world, had her serve broken twice in the first set. But the 18-year-old won four of Helgeson's first five service games to stay in control. "I really enjoyed how I played," Sanchez-Vicario said. "I was very aggressive and she missed a lot of balls because she had the pressure." Secondseeded Laura Gildemeister of Peru wasted two chances to win on serve in the second set and was upset 6-2, 6-7, (2-7), 3-6 by unseeded Liz Smylie of Australia in the opening round. Smylie, ranked 49th, won just six points in the match's first five games but bounced back in the second set, breaking Gildemeister in the 10th game and again in the 12th to force a tie-breaker. In another first-round match, third-seeded Ros Fairbank-Nideffer beat fellow American Jill Smoller 6-1, 6-2.

Cueto. Cecchini advance to second round

ESTORIL, Portugal (AP) — Top-seed Isabel Cueto of West Germany defeated her compatriot Angela Karek in three sets to advance to the second round of the \$100,000 Estoril Ladies' Open. Cueto, the defending champion, won 6-4, 7-6, 7-3 as the. temperatures at the Carcavelos Club soared to a sizzling 37 C (99 F). No. 2 seed Sandra Cecchini of Italy dominated the net and sent Leona Laskova of Czechoslovakia all over the centre court to earn an easy 6-0, 6-0 victory after only 30 minutes. The win sends Cecchini, fresh from her victory at last week's Swedish Open, into the second round. Cecchini, ranked 26th in the world, lost to Cueto in the finals of last year's Estoril tournament. In another match, Eva Sviglerova of Czechoslovakia beat compatriot Iva Budarova 6-2, 6-1.

Sweden drops soccer manager

STOCKHOLM (R) - The Swedish Football Association decided not to renew the contract of national team manager Olle Nordin after Sweden's dismal performance in the World Cup finals in Italy last month. Despite winning their qualifying group in fine style, Sweden lost each of their three first-round games 2-1, to Brazil, Scotland and Costa Rica. Swedish media called it a fiasco, and called for Nordin to quit. The association's 11 board members, consulting by telephone, agreed Tuesday not to renew Nordin's contract which had already expired on June 30, a spokeswoman said. "We have to look ahead, not back," said General Secretary Lars-Ake Lagrell, noting that Sweden would bost the European championships in 1992. "For such a task, the national team manager needs broad backing by clubs and players. Suppot for Olle bas faded," the Swedish News Agency quoted Lagrell as saying. Nordin, who had been the national team manager for four years, will be temporarily succeeded by youth team trainer Nisse Andersson. Largell said the board hoped to appoint a new manager by Aug. 18 when Sweden plans a friendly against Norway in Stavanger.

Real Madrid signs Yugoslav defender

MADRID (R) - Spanish soccer champions Real Madrid said Tuesday they had signed Yugoslav World Cup defender Predrag Spasic for the next four seasons. Real bave already acquired Romania's World Cup midfielder Gbeorge Hagi and the team's latest acquisition from Partizan Belgrade puts the future of their Argentine defender Oscar Ruggeri in doubt. Under Spanish soccer rules a club can field only three foreigners and Real now has Hagi, Spasic, Ruggeri and Mexican marksman Hugo Sanchez on their books. They are unlikely to part with Sanchez so Ruggeri looks set to follow West German midfielder Bernd Schuster. whose contract was terminated last month.

U.S. beats Cuba in basketball

KUALA LUMPUR (AP) - The United States rallied from a two-point halftime deficit to defeat Cuba 87-78 in the final round of the 11th Women's World Basketball Championship Tuesday night. In other final round matches, it was Yugoslavia 81. Czechoslovakia 66; Bulgaria 65, Canada 61; and the Soviet Union 70, Australia 60. Bulgaria, Canada, Cuba and defending champion United States are in group A of the final round, while Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia, Australia and the Soviet Union comprise Group B. The top teams in the two groups qualify for the semifinals and basketball officials are predicting another Soviet Union-United States clash in Sunday's final. The eight teams qualified for the final round after playing in preliminary round matches with eight other teams from July 12-14 in the east Malaysian towns of Kuching and Kota Kinabaln on Borneo Island. In the first round matches for lower placings, China defeated Senegal 106-55, South Korea beat Zaire 79-70, Brazil crushed Malaysia 143-50 and Japan defeated Italy 81-78.

Roy Jones Jr. knocks out mystery opponent

PENSACOLA, Florida (AP) - Montana, Felix Gonzales won a U.S. boxer Roy Jones Jr. thought unanimous eight-round decision he knocked out the Texas junior over Juan Laporte in the main middlweight champion. Now he doesn't know what to think.

Investigations began Tuesday into allegations that the boxer boxers. Jones beat Saturday wasn't the man he said he was.

Jones, the Olympic silver medallist in his ninth pro fight, scored a first-round knock out over someone who claimed to be Derwin Richards, Texas junior middleweight champ.

"I was definitely not there," Richards, a security guard at a Houston Correctional Facility, said in an interview published in Tuesday's editions of the Pensacola News Journal. "I would like to fight Roy Jones, but that

Richards' manager, Willie the fight had Gonzales ahead Savannah backed up the fighter. 78-74, 77-73 and 77 74 Stanley Levin, president of Gouzales, who fights out of Square Ring Inc., a Pensacola San Jose, California, is 16-3, company that promoted the match, said he turned over all

with the prosecutor Tuesday. "I hope the people involved in this spend a long time in jail because that young man (who fought Jones) could have really been hurt." Levin said.

Golden said he is trying to determine whether any fraud was involved and whether the fight violated the state's law on pugilistic exhibitions, including a provision that requires participants to be licensed by the state.

Jones knocked out the mystery opponent 2:02 into the first round. He entered the fight with an 8-0 record, all by knockouts.

Jones' most famous fight is one he lost in a controversial decision in the 156-pound gold medal bout of the 1988 Olympics to Korean fighter Park Si Hum in Seoul. Jones was named the top fight-

er of the 1988 Olympics despite the loss.

In another match in Butte, round.

event of a boxing card at the Butte Civic Centre which had four fights featuring Soviet

Laporte, who held the World Boxing Council featherweight title from 1982-84, was accidentally butted in the third round and a cut opened on his right eyelid. The ring doctor examined the wound between rounds and referee Kevin McCarl finally stopped the scheduled 10-round fight Tuesday after the eighth round.

The call initially was a technical draw, but members of the Montana State Athletic Commission held a brief huddle and Gonzales was awarded the victory on the basis of points.

while Laporte, a native of Puerto Rico who fights out of New York, records of the fight to state attor-ney Curtis Golden after meeting Laporte is the reigning North American Boxing Federation super featherweight champion, but the fight with Gonzales was not a

title fight.

Both fighters weighed 130 pounds.

In the other bouts on the card, Soviet fighters won two of their four fights.

The Soviet victories came as Uri Vanlim registered a firstround knockout over Joe Wade of Portland, Oregon, and Victor Egorov won a split decision over Danny Perez of Albuquerque, New Mexico.

In the other matches, Roy Muniz of Denver won a split decision over Alex Artemiev and Bobby Brewer of Denver won a unanimous decision over Sergei Artemiev.

In another fight, Bob Gonyea of Butte stopped Sam Wilson of Portland at 1:45 of the second

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY JULY 20, 1990 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Nelther your judgement nor your intuitions are apt to be operating harmoniously or accurately today and the thing you need to be most concerned about is letting your pride get you in trouble with a long-term admirer. ARKES: (March 21 to April 19)

quaintances early who you can end upon to have an open mind and give you the backing you wish to gain your own most. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) The outside world is the best place

Contact those triends and ac-

a strong impression upon both influential persons and the general GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Make a special point to go after whatever you now desire that is

for you toconcentrate upon making

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to hance success of your pet progress. 22) You need new age gadgets and supplies by which to make your usual activities more efficient and

goal in motioo.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

that is very up to date and that will

abilities are varied. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You have some remarkable.

GOREN BRIDGE

WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

TIME AND TIDE WON'T WAIT Both vulnerable. North deals.

NORTH ∇ A 753 WEST EAST ♠ Q 10 8 2 4 9 4 7 Q 19 9 8 4 0654 OAJ3 SOUTH ♠ K 7 6 V K 6 2 ♦ K 10 9 8 7 2 The bidding: South West

North East 10 Pass 10 Pass Pass 2 NT Pass Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Ten of ∇ In bridge, as in chess, time can be critically important. Lose a tempo

and a winning position can deterio-

rate rapidly.

Any inclination North might have had toward slam cooled after South's first two bids. The fact there was no eight-card fit available made the possibility of 12 tricks remore, so North settled for game in no trump, thinking it would prove

West led the top of the interior heart sequence and declarer made a shrewd move by allowing East's the suit, thus taking 10 tricks in all.

jack to hold. When a club came back, declarer was a tempo ahead in the game-North-South retained at

least two stoppers in every suit and there were only two cards to be forced out in the long suit. Declarer continued with a low di-

amond, West followed low and dummy's queen won, but declarer had squandered his advantage. South now needed three entries to hand to establish and run the diamond suit, but only two were available. No matter how declarer squirmed, there was oo way to fulfill the contract when the defenders made no mistakes.

Since declarer, to all intents and purposes, would have to lose two diamond tricks, the spots io the suit should have been used to better advantage. At trick three South should have led the king of diamonds from hand, smothering the table's queen and the defenders would have been forced to concede. A holdup would have been uscless, for declarer would simply have continued with

the ten. Once the defenders took one of their diamond tricks, declarer would still have an entry to hand with a major-suit king to force out the remaining diamond stopper and another to run the winning tricks in

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY JULY 19, 1990 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

Bring your ideas and reasonings to the attention of others but don't expect to settle any business matters until after the new moon and solar eclipse the evening of the twenty-first.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) This is the day for you to consider what good and unusual friends can do to help you attam your goals but let them know in a pacific manner.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You want to make your mark in the world of outside activity today and it is best done by bringing your unique to attention of bigwigs on a mated note.

GEMINE: (May 21 to June 21) You are being pressured, without or within, to be off on some new and different interest but being overhasty can bring undesirable results. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to

July 21) Your present inclination is to take a contentions view a promise made but if you do so you find you are in wrong, trouble casues. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) You have a worldly matter that has you all steamed up but the concern it causes is overstated by you so calm

down and show your best smile in

some np to date gadgets or

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) You are too anxious to add

GENERAL TENDENCIES: methods into your daily routines but make sure they are truly efficient before using such.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You want to have a good time at all cost and if you yield to such an impulse it can do just that so seek pleasures that are inexpensive but satisfying

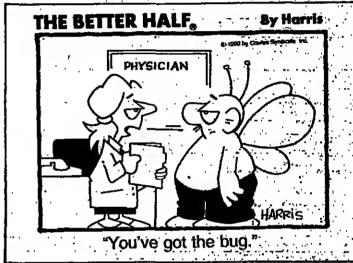
SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Look for some way to calm a family member whi is disturbed over a situation that can't be helped and need to let time work itself out rightly.

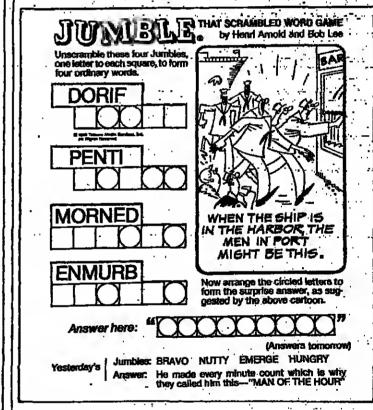
SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Be careful not to drive to rapidly or carelessly on the highway and use care in motion as

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to. January 20) You are tempted to spend far more than you can afford either in fixing some property or in expenditure for some investment that appeals to you.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) You have all sorts of original and unusual ideas but they are a little too soon so wait a more propitious moment before you util-ise them.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You want the worst way to get out from under a restriction bor need to use far more restraint than you desire at the moment but do so







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Bahrain's Alba signs \$650 million loan

BAHRAIN (R) - Aluminium Bahrain BSC (Alba) has signed a \$650 million loan - the biggest commercial facility in the Gulf for several years — with a consortium of 46 international banks. Alba asked banks to raise the amount of the 10-year loan last month after a general syndication for \$165 million was 57.6 per cent

The money will finance the first part of a \$1.45 billion expansion which will more than double the smelter's capacity to 460,000 tonnes

per year by 1992, making it the biggest outside the Soviet Union. Repayment will begin four years from the signing date. The loan is priced at 1/8 per cent over the London Inter Bank Offered Rate (LIBOR) for the first three years and 1/2 per cent over LIBOR for the remaining seven.

Gulf Investment Corporation, Arab Banking Corporation, Arab Bank, Banque Paribas, IBJ International, Mitsubishi Bank, National Commercial Bank, Riyad Bank, Sumitomo Bank and Manufacturers Hanover arranged the facility.

Alba is also seeking \$475 million in export credits. The expansion will include construction of a new 800 megawara power plant, a new pot room and a new carbon plant. Alba is owned 74.9 per cent by the government of Bahrain, 20 per cent by the Saudi Arabian Public Investment Fund and 5.1 per cent

Prague raises petrol prices by 50 per cent

by West Germany's Breton Investments.

PRAGUE (R) — The Czechoslovak government, facing a fuel shortage which bas created long queues at filling stations, raised petrol prices by 50 per cent.

The move was announced on television jointly by Economy Minister Vladimir Dlouhy and Finance Minister Vaclav Klaus. Effective from midnight Wednesday, the price of 96-octane "super" went up from 9 crowns (55 cents) to 13.50 crowns (85 cents)

The growing petrol shortage is partly due to Austrian and West German tourists travelling to Czechoslovakia to fill up with fuel that will still be far cheaper than at home, and hoarding by residents,

particularly in border areas. But it is mainly due to cuts in oil supplies from the Soviet Union. on which Czechoslovakia - like other Eastern Enropean countries - is beavily dependent.

"This is the biggest unexpected energy cut in our economy since the end of World War II," Dlouhy said.

Last week, Czechoslovaks had their first taste of market economics as the government raised food prices, some by 100 per cent, with the abolition of subsidies.

Ministers had expected an "oil shock" early next year when payments for commodities through the East Bloc trading organisation Comecon will bave to be made in bard currency.

But Dlouhy admitted the shock had come six months earlier than expected. He blamed the communist regime overthrown late last

"The complications in the petrol situation and in the supply of oil products we are facing now are the result of the policies of the past,"

Since the weekend, the shortage - made worse by panie buying has led to queues several kilometres long at filling stations across the

"It will hit all of us, as consumers and producers," Dlouhy said, adding that the government had decided against introducing petrol rationing, coupons or any other means of limiting fuel consumption. The prices of beating oils, kerosene and other oil products would be increased Aug. 1, he added.

U.S. Senate renews textile import curbs

WASHINGTON (AP) - The Trade. Senate brushed aside veto threats by President George Bush and voted Tuesday to restrict the growth of U.S. imports of the textiles and apparel to one per cent a year and freeze imports of shoes at 1989 levels.

The Senate approved a textile import bill nearly identical to measures passed by Congress in 1985 and 1988 but vetoed by former President Ronald Reagan.

The Senate's vote was well beyond the two-thirds needed to override a veto by Bush.

A similar bill in the House is being sponsored by 234 of its 435 members but faces some difficulty because of opposition from Rep. Sam Gibbons, chairman of Committee's Subcommittee on hand."

The bill would establish nationby-nation quotas on U.S. imports of textiles, apparel and nonrubber fontwear beginning this year, except for certain products from Canada and Israel, which have free-trade agreements with the United States.

Textile and apparel imports, which have trippled in the past decade, would be allowed to grow only one per cent a year while shoe imports would be for-

zen at their 1989 level. "They do not want to do anything for the textile industry." Sen. Jesse Helms of North Carolina, one of the country's main textile states, said of the Bush administration. "If we do nothing, it is safe to predict the the House Ways and Means demise of the industry is at

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lower fiscal income

WASHINGTON (R) - A sharp lower costs for Third World rise in imports led by oil pushed borrowers and increased provithe U.S. trade deficit up six per sions for problem loans resulted cent in May to \$7.73 billion, the in a five per cent drop in its fiscal Commerce Department said 1990 net income over a year ago.

U.S. trade

gap widens

by \$7.7b

New York

trade picture is being credited to

the slow-growing domestic eco-

demand for American goods,

The import bill climbed 2.9 per

cent in May to \$40.52 billion from

\$39.36 billion in April. Exports

also rose in May, though by a

smaller 2.3 per cent to \$32.79 billion from \$32.06 billion.

Commerce Secretary Robert

Mosbacher pointed out in a state-

ment that the cumulative deficit

for the first five months this year

was \$40.7 billion, nearly \$6 bil-

lion less than the total in the

A report from the Federal Re-

serve (Fed), meanwhile, showed

signs of strength in the industrial

sector, though some analysts

cautioned that the improvement

might have been caused by spe-

cial factors such as the bot sum-

Industrial production rose 0.4

per cent in June after a 0.6 per

cent rise in May, the Fed said.

Plants were running at 83.5 per

cent of capacity last month, the

highest use rate this year, the

May's trade gap was up from a revised \$7.31 billion in April,

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comparable 1989 period.

mer weather.

central bank said.

notably in Western Europe.

Tuesday, but analysts called the The bank, which is owned by figure a temporary setback in a roughly 150 countries and is the brightening trade picture.
'Though the May deficit largest lender to the developing world, said its profit totalled \$1.04 billion for the year ended worsened some, basically a slow and steady improvement is in June 30, compared with earnings place, and we're at an \$85 billion of \$1.09 billion in 1989. to \$95 billion figure for the full

The 1990 figures include a \$357 year," said Allen Sinai, chief million provision set aside to coveconomist with Boston Co. in er future loan losses and a \$106 million charge for health and insurance benefits to retired staff. That would be a marked improvement from the 1989 deficit Income was further reduced by of \$109 billion. The improved about \$150 million as a result of

the World Bank's decision to

lower the loan commitment fees nomy - which gradually is curbto borrowers for 2 second coniog imports — and strong foreign secutive year, the bank said. In discussing the profit decline, Ernest Stern, senior vice president for finance, told a news conference, "the World Bank does not seek to maximise in-

> "Lower net income figures... would not reflect a lower incomegenerating capacity, but a discre-

come. Our first priority... is to

begin to reduce costs to our bor-

Bank said Tuesday that efforts to maintain our very strong financial position, particularly at a time when many of our borrowers face serious cash low problems." be

> The baok said it met its target 11 per cent reserves-to-loan ratio during the 1990 fiscal year. The reserves act as a buffer against unforeseeable events, such as volatility in foreign exchange or higher interest rates, which could cause borrowing costs to rise or borrowers to cease making pay-

At the end of the last fiscal year, nine countries — including Panama, Nicaragua and Zambia — were elassified as being on a "non-accroal basis," which means they have either stopped or decreased their loan payments.

The World Bank granted a total of \$20.7 billion of new loans in the year, down from \$21.3 billion the year before.

Of the latest total, \$15.2 billion was lent by its International Bank for Reconstruction and Development. Through its International Development Association, which is funded by more than 30 of the richer member couotries, including the United States, the bank lent \$5.5 billion to the poorest uonary decision not to retain countries.

Subroto points to OPEC for future oil supply

cent of the world's proven oil reserves lying within its members' borders, OPEC will bear the major responsibility for meeting future world demand and must plan for it, Secretary General Subroto

But oil-consuming nations, financial institutions and oil companies must join efforts by OPEC to increase production to avoid future shortages and sharp price which was sharply higher toan the | increases, Subroto said in an \$6.94 billion previously reported. | address to the fourth Venezuelan

While OPEC's share of world production has rebounded slightly in recent years, and stood at 34 per cent in 1988, it is far below the 51.5 per cent share it beld in

Subroto said the challenge of meeting growing demand would also call for a bigh degree of cooperation and trust between OPEC and non-OPEC producers to create a cost-effective system that would allow economie growth in both developed and developing countries and would also be compatible with the en-

World Bank reports Sudan to lay off 50,000 government employees

cies) - About 50,000 government employees will lose their jobs within a month, Sudan's finance minister said Wednesday.

The decision to lay off 10 per cent of the government's work force of about 500,000 will belo save 600 million Sudanese pounds (\$130 million) a year, Finance and Economic Planning Minister Abdul Rahim Hamdi said in a speech.

The move is part of a threevear economic reform programme launched last month to eliminate a chronic budget deficit and adopt a market economy, phasing out the public sector and its subsidised products. The package included increases of up to 50 per cent in the prices of some commodities like gasoline, tea and cigarettes.

Hamdi said that the governmeot's 500,000 employees were drawing salaries totalling six billion pounds (\$1.3 billion) a year. The state budget for the 1990-91 fiscal year introdoced last month included a provision for the 10 per cent manpower cut but it was not made public at the time, be

Addressing a meeting of government economic experts, Hamdi said the employees to be laid off will be drawn from all levels in public sector corporations and government ministries except those handling public health,

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education and security. "The directives of the budget

for fiscal 1990-91 dictate the necessity of dropping 50,000 jobs from the total jobs of 500,000 in the country," be said." ... this should be implemented within a month.

He said the government also was considering plans to encourage early retirement and leaves without pay to help the personnel reduction programme. Sudan's economic woes bave

been compounded by a sevenyear-old civil war in the south that is costing the government an estimated \$1 million daily. The country presently owes about \$13 billion to foreign creditors.

The fnternational Monetary Fundy (IMF) in 1986 declared Sndan ineligible for further loans for its failure to pay \$220 millioo in arrears to the institution.

Efforts have been made since to get Sudan back into the IMF's good graces through belttightening reforms. The threeyear package announced last month was a step in this direc-

Although the programme goes considerable way toward meeting IMF demands, the government repeatedly has insisted that its economic reform policy was not being implemented under international pressure.

Hassan Al Bashir said in remarks earlier that Kbartoum would privatise loss-making state-owned: companies but would guarantee workers' jobs.

He said he was satisfied with his military government's progress in tackling Sudan's cashstrapped economy, crippled by civil war, drought, flood and

famine. Bashir swept to power io a bloodless coup a year ago.
"We bave indeed decided to

get rid of all loss-making public sector companies," he told the London-based Asharq Al Awsat newspaper in an interview.

"But it is not true that we as ... the state will get rid of facilities such as the railway and the port, be said. The country's main port. is Port Sudan on the Red Sea.

The companies would be sold according to a special policy in which the state retains its rights and its workers their rights so that -

they not be fired," be added. Bashir, who seized power in a = coup, said be was satisfied with the progress of a government programme to revive the eco-

"The programme confronts with total courage all the problems and offers solutions according to current conditions without looking for any foreign aid that, might or might not come," he

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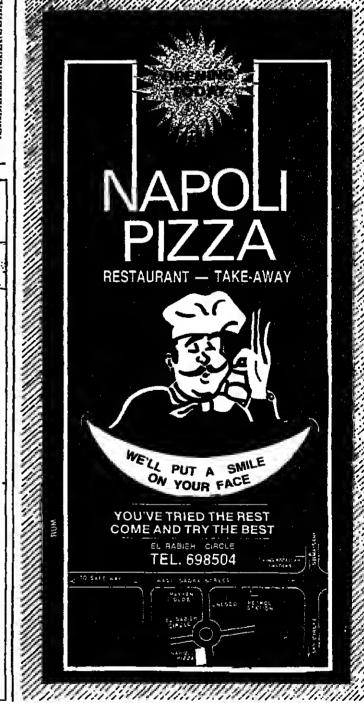
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from 22-24 July 1990 at the Jordan Inter-Continental Hotel, featuring international experts from The World Trade Institute of New York. Special attention will be given to:

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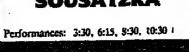
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Philippine quake area

Death toll reaches 311

said 311 people were confirmed

dead and 682 minred in Monday's

quake, which registered 7.7 on

the Richter Scale. The figure

included 82 people reported kil-

But presidential Press Secret-

ary Tomas Gomez said Mrs.

Aguino was told that 142 people

died in Baguio, including two

Americans, one South Korean, a

Taiwanese and a Chinese. He

One Baguio funeral director.

Filemon Relis, said his mortuary

alone received nearly 70 bodies of

quake victims. Bodies covered

with blankets were lying outside

his funeral parlor because there

was no room for them inside.

to strike the Philippines in 14 years, damaged Baguio's airport

and triggered landslides that

blocked the four highways lead-

ing to the resort.
Highway crew used buildozers

and dynamite Wednesday to clear

some of the dozens of landslides

and buge boulders on the four

highways leading to the resort.

An Associated Press reporter

reached Baguio after hiking 14

Hundreds of people were seen

leaving the city on foot, carrying

Thousands in the city of

120,000 remained behind, sleep-

ing in cars or in the city's parks

because frequent aftersbocks

made them afraid to return to

Food was in short supply be-

cause most stores were closed.

Gasoline was rationed, and there

was no drinking water. Residents

Japan sent doctors, nurses and

\$180,000 in relief supplies, and Australia, Canada, Thailand,

Switzerland, the United States

and South Korea also offered

There was widespread damage

between Manila and Baguio, In

parts of Luzon, fissures as long as

kilometre ran along highways.

Thousands of people between

Tarlac province and Baguio were

camping outdoors in cars or in the

drank soft drinks instead.

kilometres.

their belongings.

their homes.

The earthquake, the strongest

led in Bagnio.

BAGUIO, Philippines (AP) —

Strong aftershocks struck Wednesday in earthquake-rav-

aged northern Luzon, where crew

worked to clear a road to this

The official death toll rose to

311 but was expected to rise as

President Corazon Aquino

flew here Wednesday. Landslides

in Monday's quake blocked roads to Baguin, 175 kilometres north

of Manila. The resort was one of

the worst hit cities with scores

killed and four luxury hotels and

23 other buildings severely dam-

Mrs. Aquino ordered officials

to give top priority to clearing the

roads so that medicine, food and

heavy equipment could be

brought in. She also ordered

schools in Bagnio closed for a

Hundreds of people were

feared still trapped in rubble be-

cause of a lack of heavy equip-

ment and emergency training.

At the Hyatt Hotel, which col-

lansed in the earthquake, Clarita

Gozales tearfully called out with

a megaphone for her 5-year-old

daughter trapped in the rubble

"If you are still alive please

tap," Mrs. Gonzales sobbed.

There was no response. Mrs.

Gonzales said her daughter last

called for help several hours ear-

lier before an aftershock rocked

Gonzales said. "We are just

praying that they are still alive.

On Tuesday, Mrs. Aquino de-

clared a state of emergency

thronghont the quake-stricken area north of Manila on the

archipelago nation's main island,

Two aftersbocks early Wednes-

day measured 6.3 and 5.8 on the

Richter Scale, according to the

U.S. Geological Service in Gol-

den, Colorado. Several others

were reported later but precise

No new damage was reported.

The Office of Civil Defence

readings were not immediately

Please pray for them.

"She could still be alive," Mrs.

month.

with ber nanny.

the building.

Luzon.

more bodies were dug out.

mountain resort.

Washington toopen dialogue with Gorbachev Strong aftershocks hit agrees to Vietnamover Khmer Rouge threat talks with

PARIS (AP) — In a major policy shift, the United States Wednesrecognition of the Cambodian rethe Khmer Rouge and open a new dialogue with Vietnam.

Secretary of State James Baker said the withdrawal of Vietnamese forces from Cambodia had made it possible for the administration to take an approach that many members of the U.S. Congress favoured. Vietnam continues to back the Cambodian government it installed in 1978.

Baker said he did not know if all Vietnamese troops have left Cambodia. The resistance coalition claims some troops remain disguised as Cambodian soldiers and militia, and says many more Vietnamese have settled in Cam-

Baker said that Khmer Rouge control of the country in the mid-1970s, when up to 2 million Cambodians were killed or died of starvation during a radical agrarian reform programme, was 'extraordinarily tragic."

The Khmer Rouge are militarily the strongest faction of the

tripartite coalition fighting the to create conditions for elec-Vietnamese-backed government day announced it would withdraw in Cambodia. Under U.S. pressure, the United Nations has sistance coalition dominated by awarded a seat each year in the General Assembly to the coalition and denied formal recognition to the government led by Premier Hun Sen.

Baker did not say the United States would now support Prime Minister Hun Sen in taking over the U.N. seat.

There was no immediate official reaction from Moscow or

Baker's announcement reflected a growing conviction within the administration that the Khmer Rouge forces not only dominate the U.S.-backed coalition with Prince Norodom Sihanouk and former Premier Son Sann, but are on the verge nf taking over Cambodia.

"It is very important to do what we can to prevent a return to power of the Khmer Ronge,' Baker said as he made the announcement on the steps of the ILS embassy.

We want to talk to Vietnam because we think it has influence with the Cambodian government tions," be said.

Baker said the policy change would strengthen the hand of Sihanouk, who had been supported by President George Bush's administration as the legitimate leader of Cambodia.

Baker also said Wednesday that the administration would increase the bumanitarian assistance it provides to the Cambodian people. But Baker was not explicit as to how that aid could be channelled without reaching the Khmer Ronge or going through the government in Phnom Penh.

Meanwhile, Cambodian guerrillas said Wednesday they retained firm hold over a strategic town in the centre of the country, despite a government claim that it had fallen.

The government's radio said a day earlier that its forces seized "total control" of Stoung in an attack Sunday that killed at least 63 guerrillas. It said soldiers "are establishing firm footing over all the boundaries of the district." Guerrillas loval to Prince

Norodom Sihanouk said they had

captured the district in Kompong

Thom province on April 12 and established it as the capital of their "liberated 20ne."

S. Korea

SEOUL (R) - The Soviet Union

has agreed to talks with South Korea on creating full diplomatic

ties, a spokesman for President

Roh Tae-Woo said Wednesday.

bachev accepted Roh's proposal

for the talks in an exchange of

letters, the spokesman told repor-

"The exchange... could be re-

garded as the official start of

specific efforts aimed at normalis-

ing relations between the two

month in San Francisco, the first

encounter between leaders of the

The spokesman said Roh prop-

osed sending a delegation to Mos-

cow early next month to begin

talks on normalising relations.

Gorbachev's letter was delivered

to Rnb Monday through "di-

Moscow and Seoul exchanged

Roh said their San Francisco

consular offices earlier this year.

meeting was an important turning

point in improving bilateral ties and in easing tensions in North

The Soviet Union and South

Korea bave rapidly increased

contacts since Moscow, a long-

time ally of North Korea, sent a

team to the 1988 Seoul Olympics.

tries, which totalled \$599 million

last year, is expected to reach \$2

billion in two to three years,

In a separate development, a

South Korean official Wednesday

accused North Korea committing

a "betrayal" by postponing sche-

duled inter-Korea parliamentary

In a telephone message, South

Korea's chief parliamentary dele-

"Your unilateral action is a

betraval against our consistent

efforts for a successful conclusion

of the talks and cannot escape

censure of the entire Korean peo-

COLOMBO, Sri Lanka (AP) —

Government troops pushed

through rebel defenses in the

ple," Chae's message said.

gate Chae Mun-Shik said:

according to officials bere.

Trade between the two coun-

Roh and Gorbachev met

countries," he said.

two countries.

plomatic channels

Soviet leader Mikhail Gor-

A Sihanouk spokesman in Bangkok, Roland Eng, said he called the commander at Stoung by radio Wednesday morning after hearing of the government

When I told him what Phnom Penh claimed, he laughed," Eng said. "He was sitting right there."

He quoted the commander. Col. Khan Savoeun, as saying government forces fired a multiple rocket launcher Tuesday into an civilian area about 30 kilometres from Stoung, inflicting

some injuries. Eng said it would be very difficult for government forces to retake Stoung because heavy flooding there prevented them from moving in tanks and other

heavy weapons. Stnnng is only abnut 150 kilometres north of the national capital, Phnom Penh. It was the most populated town in guerrilla control, with tens of thousands of residents. An Associated Press correspondent who visited it earlier this month saw bundreds of

Kirghizia ethnic violence claims over

200 lives

MOSCOW (AP) — The death toll in ethnic violence in the Central Asian Republic of Kirghizia has climbed over 200 since fighting between Uzbeks and Kirghiz began in early June, Soviet

news reports said Wednesday. At least 100 people were seriously injured in fighting Tnes-day night in the city of Osh, on the republic's border with Uzbekistan, the newspaper Komsomolskaya Pravda said. "More than 30 people received gun and knife wonnds," it said,

The Soviet News Agency (TASS) said four men died in the ethnic fighting Tuesday, bringing the toll to 204 since the disturbances began June 4.

in the city of Osh, on the republic's border with Uzbekistan, and its suburbs, TASS said. "In Osh itself, transport is at a

news agency said. "Military helicopters are patrolling the city and armoured

vehicles are posted on cros-

policeman was beaten and a submachine gun was grabbed from a soldier during an attempt to break up a fight. The weapon was later returned to the military, the news agency said.

authorities. The replaced officials were not identified.

ethnic Kirghiz and Uzbeks in the densely populated region around Osh, where housing is scarce. Both groups are Sunni Muslims. Material damage from the rampages now totals 40 million rn-

A state of emergency is in

gunships strafed guerrilla posi-tions at Mandur village in the eastern district of Ampara, killing north and east, killing about 150 51 militants, said the officials.

Sri Lankan troops kill 150 rebels

Tamil Tiger militants, military officials said Wednesday. since June 11, when fighting They said at least 98 rebels and 7 Sinhalese soldiers were killed in erupted after a 13-month ceasetwo battles Tuesday at the village fire. A large but unknown numof Manakulam, 40 kilometres ber of civilians also have been

north of Vavuniya. Vavuniya, 215 kilometres killed. latest round of the war between

rebels of the Liberation Tigers of army camp in the region.

moved from the east to the north government forces and separatist after the rebels overran a key

amil Eclam (LTTE). He did not give the number of camp in Manakulam :
Also Tuesday, helicopter troops moved. A Sri Lankan 11, said the officials.

army battalion consists of about 850 soldiers.

- Tamil Tigers captured the Kokkavil army camp July 11 after The latest deaths bring to 2,549 killing 46 of the 60 defending the number of combatants killed soldiers. They also blew up a government-owned television relay station near the camp.

Officials said the reinforce ments started their operation Tuesday, pushing the rebels back Vavnniya. 215 kilometres on Monday, Deputy Defence and recapturing a government morth of Colombo, bas been a major scene of fighting in the several battalions of troops were south of Kokkavil.

The advancing soldiers also rescued about 200 soldiers trapped by a rebel siege at an army camp in Manakulam since June

Canadian troops placed on standby in dispute with Indians

MONTREAL (R) — The Cana- strength of troops held ready and dian army put troops in Montreal standby Tuesday and said it was ready to intervene in an armed confrantation between local police and militant Indians occupying a golf course near

Tamil Eclam (LTTE).

"Support units and administrative personnel have been moved to the Longue Pointe Base (in eastern Montreal) and they could be used if their assistance is re-

quested," armed forces spokesman Alain Lefrancois said. He would not elaborate on the

Last Wednesday, a Quebec police officer was killed in an abortive attempt to dislodge heavily armed Mohawk Indians from a barricade they erected in the sleepy resort town of Oka, 30kilometres west of Montreal, to prevent the extension of a golf, course on land they claim is

declined to comment on reports

that the force included armoured

personnel carriers, communica-

tions trucks and anti-tank

Since then, attempts to solve the dispute by negotiation have failed and Indians across the country have come out in support of the Mohawks, saying their defiance is rooted in decades of government neglect of Canada's underprivileged indigenous

minority.

The federal government so far has refused to be drawn into the golf course conflict. It insists the dispute must be solved by authorities in Quebec, the Frenchspeaking province which has long chafed under federal rule from Ottawa, the Canadian capital.

Cuba: Embassy refugees to stay there forever

at his campaign headquarters earactivist and ambassador to the there forever.

> bean island state has refused to negotiate the departure of groups of embassy refugees, touching off a diplomatic row with Spain and former ally Czechoslovakia. Cuban President Fidel Castro

had offered publicly to send "anti-social elements" to any European country who wanted them, an official statement said. But this would have to be done through normal emigration procedures - not through asylum at

Wednesday that asylum-seekers three refugees, has attacked the Cuban government's refusal to let them leave the country.

> Minister Voitech Wagner arrived in Havana Tuesday in a bad to countries over the episode.

Four more young Cubans sought political asylum Tuesday occupied the house of a Czechoslovak diplomat but had been refused diplomatic protection.

The foreign ministry, rejecting criticism by Spanish Foreign Minister Francisco Fernandez Ordonez, accused him of acting like a "pained colonial administrator" and said he was suffering from "historical amnesia."

Ordonez adds a scandalous lack of knowledge of international law," the ministry said in a statement released early Wednesday. The statement signalled a

"All those who enter or are

tical refugees will become permanent guests in Havana of the governments in question." "If in the name of fundamental

principles of human rights and civilisation, the Spanish government is ready to convert its country into a sewer," the statement said, it should take the necessary steps to receive "lumpen and anti-social elements" from Cuba. Referring to Fernandez

Ordonez's criticism of Cuba in Brussels Tuesday, the Cuban statement said:

"What the troubled Spanish minister cannot do is make political refugees out of de-classed elements and adventurers who are not the target of any kind of persecution or hostility in our country."

Cuba has already apologised to Spain over an incident last Friday when gun-toting Cuban security selves from delinquents into poli-embassy and dragged him out.



Greek police huntbank robbers

ATHENS (AP) — Police laun-

ched a nationwide manhunt for

armed men who scized about 35 million drachmas (\$220,000) in a daring suburban bank robbery. Wednesday. The seven men, posing as customers, wandered into the Peristeri branch of the Ergo-bank at 8:50 a.m. (0550 GMT) and pulled off the raid in less than 10 minutes, a police official said, speaking anonymously in line with practice. "Nobody suspected a thing until one of them pulled a gun. They had their weapons hidden in travel bags," an em-ployee of the bank told police. The robbers, brandishing automatic weapons and pistols, quickly rounded up the bank's 25 employees and 10-15 customers and then emptied out cash drawers and the safe, the police official said. He said the robbers stashed the money in their travel bags and sped off in a waiting car.

Cogis declined to speculate on
who could be responsible for the bank robbery but another branch of the Ergobank nad been robbed last year. Police at that time assumed that an urban terrorist

Bush likes a book at bedtime

group was behind the holdup.

WASHINGTON (R) — President George Bush, after a hard day of heavy official reading; likes to carl up with a good book and says it puts him to sleep like sleeping pills. "Most of my read-ing is formal and heavy going," Bush said in response to a question about his reading habits during a White Hoose session with magazine publishers. He spoke of the ponderous matters he must go over each day, from business and foreign affairs to "the budget stuff" — documents related to the huge U.S. budget deficit. "What I do in term of pleasure is to read, "mostly novels," he said, adding he "wouldn't say they would be particularly weighty."
He mentioned Bonfire of the Vanities, by Tom Wolfe -"which was pretty dam good" and said he was "halfway through" Arthur Hailey's Network News. "I've got about two or three books going right now," Bush said, adding that "it is a relaxed kind of reading. I find I can do that... instead of taking one of these ... Halcion sleeping . tablets — a good novel will help, he said.

Thieves smash truck through ewei store

LONDON (R) — Thieves used a three-toune truck to smash the window of one of London's most exclusive jewellers Monday and escaped with a diamond necklace reported to be worth almost half a million pounds sterling (\$900,000). The thieves struck at Asprey's, a new Bond Street shop. which supplies gems to the royal. family, as the busy West End district was filling with morning shoppers. They reversed the truck towards the shop, smashing. its window with a girder projecting from the back of the vehicle. Police said the thieves sprayed ammonia in the face of a security. guard and escaped with the necklace in a car later found abandoned nearby. At least three men were involved in the robbery. Last month an estimated £1.g million (\$3.2 million) in jewels was stolen from the same shop by a group posing as customers Four members of the well-dressed gang chatted to shop assistants while the fifth stole several. items from a display case. Police, said they did not believe there; was a link between the raids.

Walesa breaks his arm

WARSAW (AP) - A vacation-

ing Lech Walesa has broken his arm, state television reported. The accident occurred during the Solidarity leader's annual summer getaway in the Kaszubian Lakes region in northern Poland, where he has a cabin. There were contradictory versions of how it happened. State television reported Friday that Walesa fell from a ladder, breaking his right. arm. It gave no further details. A source close to Walesa's office in Gdansk said he was told Walesa was injured in a traffic miship while driving his van loaded with humber for cabin repairs. Walesa himself could not be reached for comment. His cabin has no telephone.

Lithuania passes provisional law on local military service

MOSCOW (R) — The rebel Negotiatinns between the two Soviet Republic of Lithuania has passed a new provisional law on local military service, challenging Moscow's right to conscript its

young men. A spokesman for the parliament in Vilnins said on Wednesday the law, which still has to be voted into effect, envered Lithuania's male citizens aged 19

"The law covers the transitional period to independence. It is in place of Soviet law." he said.

The parliament must still pass a resolution putting the law, which set ont a 12-month term of service and created reserve ranks of servicemen and officers, into effect. The spokesman said no date for

such a move has been discussed. Lithuania issued a unilateral declaration of independence from Moscow in March but froze it on June 29, after a crippling economic blockade by the Kremlin.

nants on a spacewalk had to use

an emergency hatch to re-enter

their space station because they

could not seal their normal porth-

ole, Soviet news media reported

The hatch malfunction added

to a series of problems plaguing

the six-month mission of Anatoly

Solovyev and Alexander

Soviet space station that has been

surprise annuncement from

Bnrma's military government,

opposition leader Aung San Sou

Kyi will begin a second year

under house arrest in Rangoon

Friday, a symbol of her country's

frustrated aspirations for demo-

Since the opposition swept to

victory in May 27 National

The cosmonants had left Mir. a

Wednesday.

Cosmonauts fail to close

exit hatch after spacewalk

MOSCOW (AP) - Two cosmo- orbiting for four years, to

Lithuania has pledged not to

sides are expected soon. implement laws supporting the once talks begin.

many republics. several have already passed their own laws aimed at keeping young men in their home republics during their

authorities, led by top army nffic-

ers, oppose the proposals. Lithuanian President Vytautas Landsbergis said Tuesday that talks with Moscow nn the repub-

independence bid for 100 days Service in the Soviet army, where ethnic minorities complain of abuse, is an explosive issue in

Pressure is also mounting for reestablishment of so-called national units, comprised of single ethnic gronps. But the central

lic's independence bid would probably not start before

thermal insulation around the

capsule they must use to return to

Nearly balf the insulation of

the Soyuz TM-9 capsule, which is

During an interview ou Soviet television Landsbergis said it was unlikely the talks would start before the Lithuanian parliament takes a one month break at the end of July.

"I doubt it because very thorough preparation for the negotiations is needed," he said.

Lithuanian officials had originally boped the talks would start soon after the Communist Party's 28th congress, which ended last

"It is not clear when the talks will begin," a Lithuanian parliamentary spokesman said from the capital Vilnius.

Both sides have announced delegations for the negotiations. Lithuania and Baltic neighbours Estonia and Latvia - all forcibly incorporated into the

Soviet Union in 1940 — are coordinating their independence bids.

Most of the violence took place

standstill, and industrial enterprises and shops are closed," the

During the night, TASS said, buildings were set on fire, a

According to TASS, the chairman of the Osh regional Executive Committee and the local police chief were replaced Tuesday at the orders of regional

The violence broke out June 4 over the allocation of land to

bles, Komsomniskaya Pravda

The Miller-Young margin was expected to be closer as the vote effect in the Osh region, and count was slower in the blackreinforcements of police and Inmajority city of Atlanta, where terior Ministry troops have been Young has been mayor for the sent to the region to quell the past eight years. But turnout was "We're going to be in the runoff ... I think we can pull this

Young to face rival in Georgia runoff vote

docked to Mir, has pecled off, news reports have said. ATLANTA, Georgia (R) — Georgia's öberal white lieutenant After repairing the insulation, the cosmonauts had problems governor and Andrew Young, closing the batch on a module the former U.N. envoy seeking to become the southern state's first black governor, led the voting in the first round of a democratic

and Young were headed for a

Young, 28 per cent, and conserva-

tive state Senator Roy Barnes, 21

per cent. State Representative

Lauren "Bubba" McDonald had

seven per cent and former segre-

gationist Governor Lester Mad-

described as only moderate.

group together in three weeks

and win it," Young tald reporters

Young, the former civil-rights.

United Nations under ex-presi-

dent Jimmy Carter, was counting

on solid support from blacks, who

make up 30 per cent of voters in

his historic bid to head the state

government in this one-time bas-

He was winning well in excess of 80 per cent of the black vote.

But analysts noted Young's share

and the turnout apparently fell

short of the outpouring for black

politician Jesse Jackson, who won

Georgia's Democratic presiden-

tial primary with 40 per cent of

Miller campaigned on a pledge

to create a state lottery to raise

money for schools. He ran

strongly in most rural areas and

spent almost \$4 million out of

more than \$14 million raised by

autoria de la grico por la composição de la compansa de expensión de la cual de desenvala de la com-

the total vote in 1988.

all the candidates.

tion of white supremacy.

ly Wednesday.

dox, three per cent.

Burma's opposition leader passes year in isolation Since neither won a majority, the moderately liberal Zell Miller

> charged with inciting unrest. She took ber father's mantel

ment and the army took direct Assembly elections the question control, the 45-year-old Oxford of when the National League for Democracy (NLD) secretary graduate became an outspoken general will be released has been critic of the junta and her courage second only to that of when the military will hand over power. her countrymen. The chief of military intelligence, Major General Khin

Nyunt, last week gave a strong indication that neither was immiher image adorning campaign There has been pressure from foreign countries for an immediate transfer nf power and the

immediate release of Aung San Sou Kyi with threats of economic sanctions but we do not care about such threats," he said. The petite former housewife, the daughter of assassinated inde-

pendence bero General Aung

San, was confined to ber family

BANGKOK (R) — Barring a compound overlooking the capitrunoff election on Aug. 7.
With 68 per cent of the vote counted, Miller had 41 per cent; al's Inva Lake on July 20 last year

> during a popular nprising of August and September, 1988, against an authoritarian government that had led the once posperous country into backwardness and isolation. After troops crushed the move-

and charisma won the hearts of She was barred from taking part in the May 27 elections but even in confinement she was the oppositinn's most potent symbol,

posters throughout the country. Her fate is now unclear as the military stalls on handing over power, as is that of NLD Chairman Tin Oo, who is in jail on

sedition charges. "It's a big issue. There may be some change in her situation. They (the junta) have surprised everyone before," said a Bangkok-based diplomat.

AMMAN BACCALAUREATE

SCHOOL "Old Baccalaureans Reunion"

Graduates of the ABS as well as former students who attended the school for five or more years are kindly requested to contact The Fund Raising and Development Director at the school for information Tel: 847191.

HAVANA (R) - Cuba declared sheltering at European embassies in Havana would have to stay

The Communist-ruled Carib-

foreign embassies where refugees defuse tension lbetween the two would have to remain as "perma-

nent guests." Cuba says the asylum-seekers are adventurers, common criminat the Italian ambassador's resials and vagrants, and calls the dence in Havana while five others embassy influx a planned provocation aimed at creating a false image of insecurity in Cuba.

Spain, whose embassy has

A fresb grnup of Cubans sought political asylum at foreign embassies in Havana Tuesday, hours after a week-long standoff at the Czechoslovak embassy ended with the surrender of 12 other refugees.

The 12 gave np unconditionally and left the embassy after fighting among themselves and holding five Czechoslovak diplomats hostage for more than five hours. Czechoslovak Deputy Foreign

"To his manifest ignorance of the situation in Cuba, Mr.

growing rift with Spain over what it called an "illegal and unjustified" presence at the embassy of three Cuban refugees. Spain has said it will not hand over the

Underlining Cuba's refusal to negotiate their departure, the

ministry statement said: received at European embassies and who try to use diplomatic police followed a would-be asyimmunity to transform them- lum seeker into the Spanish